

Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 19.175, 59.113)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(19, 19.175, 59.113) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(19, 19.008, 57.960)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	422817
RGB	66, 40, 23
RGB Percent	26%, 16%, 9%
CMY	0.7408, 0.8428, 0.9095
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.65, 0.74
HSL	24°, 48%, 17%
HSV	24°, 65%, 26%
XYZ	3.1701, 2.7468, 1.1778
YIQ	45.8360, 20.9530, 0.2250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

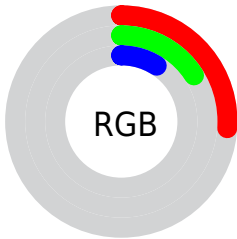
Format	Color
R_{YB}	66, 51, 23
Decimal	4335639
CIE _{Lab}	19.00, 10.08, 16.11
CIE _{LCh}	19, 19.008, 57.960
Yxy	2.7468, 0.4468, 0.3872
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282525719 (0xFF422817)
YUV	45.8360, -11.2581, 17.6838
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, 5.1386, 7.3879

Details

The CIELCh color **19, 19.008, 57.960** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **19, 14.230, 253.967**, and the grayscale version is **19, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 19.048, 57.724**, and **1, 4.012, 19.405** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 22.391, 57.093**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 15.652, 58.705**.

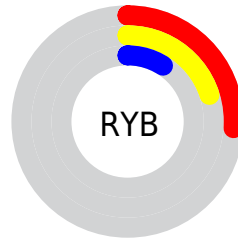
Distribution



 Red (26%)

 Green (16%)

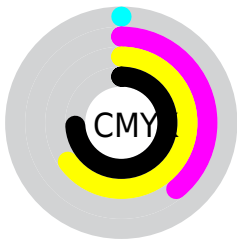
 Blue (9%)



 Red (26%)

 Yellow (20%)

 Blue (9%)

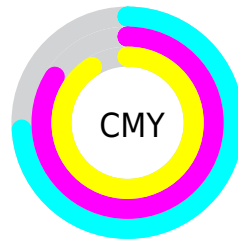


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (39%)

 Yellow (65%)

 Black (74%)



 Cyan (74%)

 Magenta (84%)

 Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 19.008, 57.960 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 19.008, 57.960 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 19, 19.008, 57.960  19, 19.008, 57.960

 100, 19.008,
57.960  9, 19.008, 57.960

 39, 19.008, 57.960  0, 19.008, 57.960

 49, 19.008, 57.960

 59, 19.008, 57.960

 69, 19.008, 57.960

 79, 19.008, 57.960

 89, 19.008, 57.960

 99, 19.008, 57.960

■ 19, 19.008, 57.960

■ 19, 19.008, 57.960

■ 18, 22.391, 57.093

■ 20, 15.652, 58.705

■ 17, 25.091, 55.111

■ 22, 12.448, 59.476

■ 16, 27.439, 52.934

■ 23, 9.410, 60.280

■ 15, 28.597, 52.066

■ 24, 6.536, 61.112

■ 26, 3.821, 61.955

■ 27, 1.251, 62.723

■ 29, 1.185, 243.941

■ 30, 3.501, 244.708

■ 32, 5.709, 245.557

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 19.008, 57.960



19, 14.230, 253.967

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 19.008, 57.960



19, 19.008, 107.960



19, 19.008, 237.960



19, 19.008, 287.960

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 19.008, 57.964



33, 6.453, 61.468



16, 25.502, 343.223



15, 4.347, 61.374



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 19.008, 57.964



24, 29.641, 56.748



25, 24.034, 98.769



12, 1.387, 62.487



23, 41.862, 53.927



55, 81.806, 52.339

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 14.230, 253.967



24, 20.539, 258.996



12, 27.378, 294.566



12, 1.347, 244.237



23, 27.410, 268.230



55, 53.532, 272.394

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 19, 19.008, 57.960 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 19, 19.008, 57.960 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

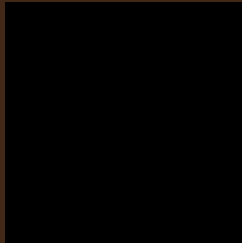
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 19, 19.008, 57.960

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 19.008, 57.960.

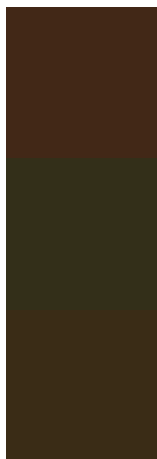


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 19.008, 57.960.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19, 19.008, 57.960

Protanopia

19, 14.913, 98.222

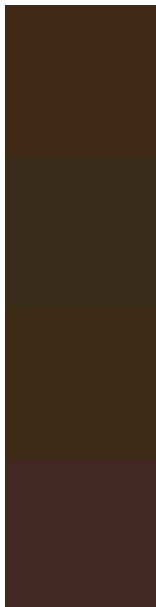
Deuteranopia

19, 16.920, 79.222



Tritanopia
19, 14.662, 15.231

Trichromacy



Original Color
19, 19.008, 57.960

Protanomaly
19, 15.188, 81.117

Deuteranomaly
19, 17.657, 72.173

Tritanomaly
19, 15.300, 35.265

Monochromacy



Original Color
19, 19.008, 57.960

Achromatopsia
19, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
19, 6.170, 61.468

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 19.008, 57.960 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 40, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 40, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 40, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 40, 23) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 19.008, 57.960 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 40, 23) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 40, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 40, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 40, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 40, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 40, 23)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 19.008, 57.960 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 40, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 40,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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