

Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 27.756, 100.346)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(19, 27.756, 100.346)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(19, 27.217, 100.412)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	322F00
RGB	50, 47, 0
RGB Percent	20%, 18%, 0%
CMY	0.8027, 0.8144, 0.9982
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.99, 0.80
HSL	56°, 98%, 10%
HSV	56°, 99%, 20%
XYZ	2.3636, 2.7468, 0.4188
YIQ	42.5390, 16.8750, -13.9810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

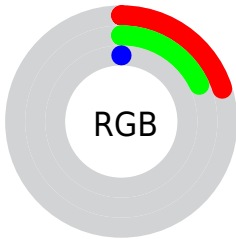
Format	Color
R_YB	3, 50, 0
Decimal	3288832
CIE Lab	19.00, -4.92, 26.77
CIE LCh	19, 27.217, 100.412
Yxy	2.7468, 0.4275, 0.4968
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281478912 (0xFF322F00)
YUV	42.5390, -20.9717, 6.5433
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, -3.5469, 10.1034

Details

The CIELCh color **19, 27.217, 100.412** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **3, 31.566, 295.386**, and the grayscale version is **18, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 27.421, 100.735**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 27.389, 100.382**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 25.342, 100.807**.

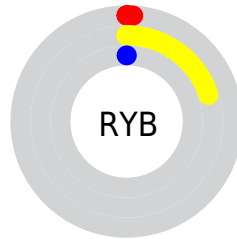
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (18%)

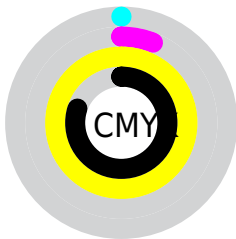
Blue (0%)



Red (1%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (0%)

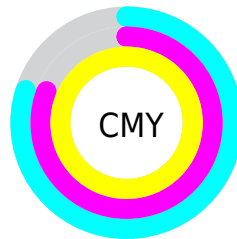


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)


Magenta (81%)

Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 27.217, 100.412 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 27.217, 100.412 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 19, 27.217,
100.412

 19, 27.217,
100.412

 100, 27.217,
100.412


 9, 27.217, 100.412


 39, 27.217,
100.412

 0, 27.217, 100.412

 49, 27.217,
100.412

 59, 27.217,
100.412


 69, 27.217,
100.412

 79, 27.217,
100.412


 89, 27.217,


100.412


 99, 27.217,
100.412


 19, 27.217,
100.412


 19, 27.217,
100.412


 19, 27.389,
100.382

 19, 25.342,
100.807

 19, 23.466,
101.276

 19, 21.226,
101.870

 20, 18.445,
102.651

 20, 15.476,
103.481

■ 20, 12.402,
104.331

■ 20, 9.265, 105.189

■ 20, 6.092, 106.046

■ 21, 2.901, 106.891

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 27.217, 100.412



3, 31.566, 295.386

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 27.217, 100.412



19, 27.217, 150.412



19, 27.217, 280.412



19, 27.217, 330.412

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 27.217, 100.414



27, 12.033, 104.968



6, 26.310, 18.843



12, 8.023, 104.920



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 27.217, 100.414



26, 34.992, 99.482



18, 31.051, 125.164



9, 1.782, 106.970



35, 43.262, 99.186



81, 82.033, 98.849

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3, 31.566, 295.386



4, 44.135, 301.497



4, 34.441, 308.544



8, 1.808, 288.313



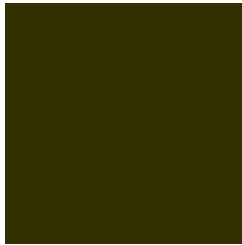
8, 58.599, 304.612



28, 115.806, 305.685

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 19, 27.217, 100.412 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

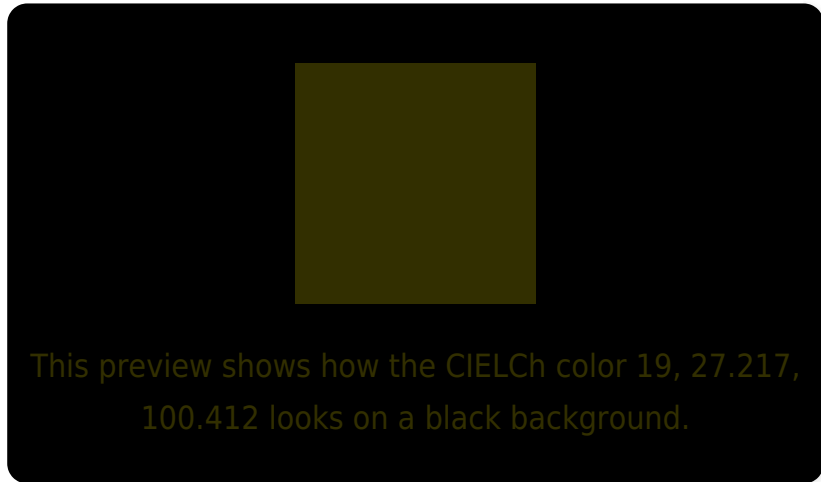
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

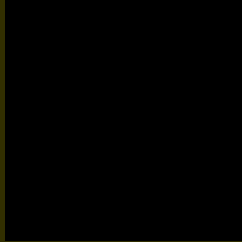
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

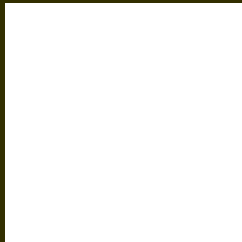
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 19, 27.217, 100.412

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 27.217, 100.412.

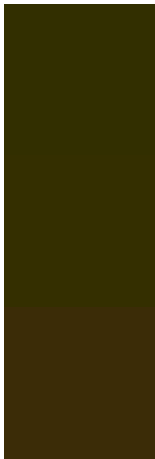


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 27.217, 100.412.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

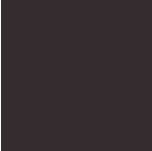
19, 27.217, 100.412

Protanopia

19, 27.350, 98.005

Deuteranopia

19, 24.495, 84.131



Tritanopia
19, 4.766, 355.045

Trichromacy



Original Color
19, 27.217, 100.412

Protanomaly
19, 27.276, 99.206

Deuteranomaly
19, 24.995, 89.853

Tritanomaly
19, 10.892, 87.742

Monochromacy



Original Color
19, 27.217, 100.412

Achromatopsia
18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
18, 11.560, 104.606

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 27.217, 100.412 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 47, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 47, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 47, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 47, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 27.217, 100.412 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 47, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 47, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 47, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 47, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 47, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 47, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 27.217, 100.412 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 47, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 47,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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