

Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 29.427, 326.188)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(19, 29.427, 326.188)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(19, 29.217, 326.172)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	452046
RGB	69, 32, 70
RGB Percent	27%, 13%, 27%
CMY	0.7292, 0.8743, 0.7252
CMYK	0.01, 0.54, 0.00, 0.73
HSL	298°, 37%, 20%
HSV	298°, 54%, 27%
XYZ	4.0844, 2.7468, 6.1196
YIQ	47.3950, 9.8540, 19.6620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

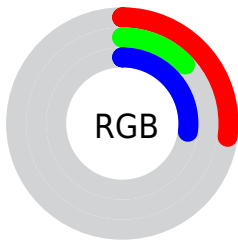
Format	Color
R_{YB}	69, 32, 70
Decimal	4530246
CIE _{Lab}	19.00, 24.27, -16.27
CIE _{LCh}	19, 29.217, 326.172
Yxy	2.7468, 0.3154, 0.2121
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282720326 (0xFF452046)
YUV	47.3950, 11.1443, 18.9476
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, 14.9865, -10.2909

Details

The CIELCh color **19, 29.217, 326.172** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **26, 29.282, 140.023**, and the grayscale version is **20, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 29.323, 325.510**, and **3, 17.432, 323.008** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17, 33.847, 326.525**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 24.155, 325.770**.

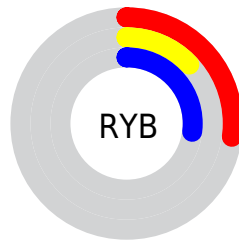
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (13%)

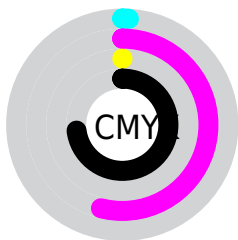
Blue (27%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (27%)

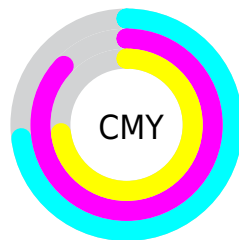


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (73%)


Magenta (87%)


Yellow (73%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 29.217, 326.172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 29.217, 326.172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 19, 29.217,
326.172

 19, 29.217,
326.172


 100, 29.217,
326.172


 9, 29.217, 326.172


 39, 29.217,
326.172

 0, 29.217, 326.172

 49, 29.217,
326.172


 59, 29.217,
326.172


 69, 29.217,
326.172


 79, 29.217,
326.172


 89, 29.217,


326.172


 99, 29.217,
326.172


 19, 29.217,
326.172


 19, 29.217,
326.172


 17, 33.847,
326.525


 21, 24.155,
325.770

 16, 37.876,
326.814


 23, 18.819,
325.333

 15, 41.140,
327.028

 25, 13.339,
324.872

 14, 43.928,
327.197

 27, 7.813, 324.397

 14, 45.629,
327.305

 29, 2.314, 323.890

 31, 3.108, 143.515

■ 33, 8.422, 143.038

■ 36, 13.607,
142.595

■ 38, 18.653,
142.174

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 29.217, 326.172



26, 29.282, 140.023

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 29.217, 326.172



19, 29.217, 16.172



19, 29.217, 146.172



19, 29.217, 196.172

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 29.216, 326.172



35, 10.998, 324.513



15, 25.936, 295.901



16, 7.319, 324.552



71, 0.009, 296.813



19, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 29.216, 326.172



24, 42.437, 326.632



18, 21.696, 346.755



13, 3.097, 324.122



22, 57.997, 327.257



53, 105.951, 327.184

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 19.829, 22.876



22, 30.535, 25.720



27, 20.785, 156.958



13, 1.800, 17.651



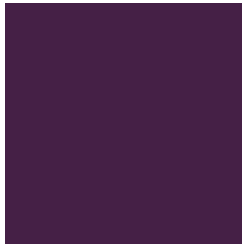
19, 48.862, 34.590



47, 94.678, 39.171

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 19, 29.217, 326.172 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

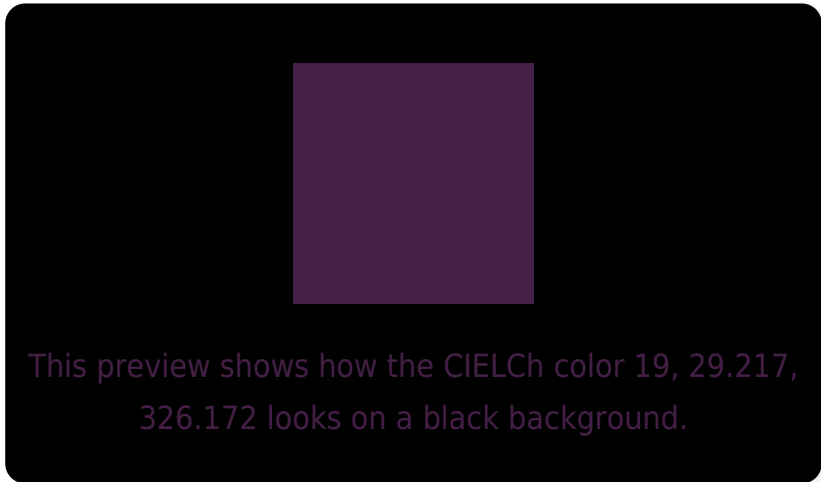
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

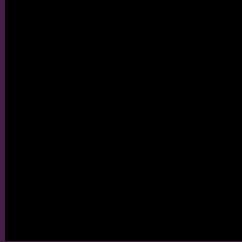
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 19, 29.217, 326.172

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 29.217, 326.172.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 29.217, 326.172.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19, 29.217, 326.172

Protanopia

19, 24.789, 284.243

Deuteranopia

19, 15.186, 283.662



Tritanopia
19, 13.606, 14.284

Trichromacy



Original Color
19, 29.217, 326.172

Protanomaly
19, 25.452, 298.376

Deuteranomaly
19, 19.638, 305.034

Tritanomaly
19, 17.792, 346.790

Monochromacy



Original Color
19, 29.217, 326.172

Achromatopsia
19, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
19, 10.701, 325.530

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 29.217, 326.172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 32, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 32, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 32, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 32, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 29.217, 326.172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 32, 70) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 32, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 32, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 32, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 32, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 32, 70)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 29.217, 326.172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 32, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 32,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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