

Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 3.753, 227.806)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(19, 3.753, 227.806) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(19, 3.688, 232.981)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	282F32
RGB	40, 47, 50
RGB Percent	16%, 18%, 20%
CMY	0.8420, 0.8145, 0.8027
CMYK	0.20, 0.06, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	198°, 11%, 18%
HSV	198°, 20%, 20%
XYZ	2.4972, 2.7468, 3.4504
YIQ	45.2490, -5.1350, -0.5510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

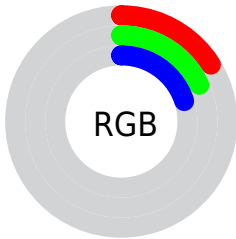
Format	Color
R_YB	40, 44, 50
Decimal	2633522
CIE _{Lab}	19.00, -2.22, -2.94
CIE _{LCh}	19, 3.688, 232.981
Yxy	2.7468, 0.2872, 0.3159
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280823602 (0xFF282F32)
YUV	45.2490, 2.3422, -4.6034
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, -2.1086, -0.7418

Details

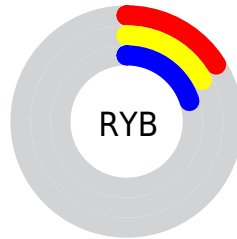
The CIELCh color **19, 3.688, 232.981** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18, 4.050, 50.461**, and the grayscale version is **19, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 3.701, 228.954**, and **0, 0.807, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 5.425, 233.878**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 1.869, 232.266**.

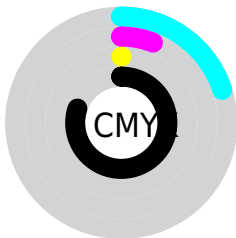
Distribution



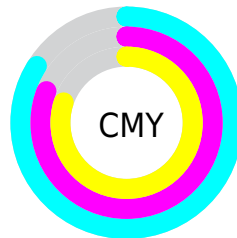
- Red (16%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 3.688, 232.981 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 3.688, 232.981 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19, 3.688, 232.981

■ 19, 3.688, 232.981

■ 100, 3.688,
232.981

■ 9, 3.688, 232.981

■ 39, 3.688, 232.981

■ 0, 3.688, 232.981

■ 49, 3.688, 232.981

■ 59, 3.688, 232.981

■ 69, 3.688, 232.981

■ 79, 3.688, 232.981

■ 89, 3.688, 232.981

■ 99, 3.688, 232.981

■ 19, 3.688, 232.981

■ 19, 3.688, 232.981

■ 18, 5.425, 233.878

■ 20, 1.869, 232.266

■ 17, 7.065, 234.997

■ 21, 0.018, 40.964

■ 16, 8.592, 236.367

■ 22, 1.959, 50.941

■ 15, 9.991, 238.032

■ 23, 3.942, 50.578

■ 15, 11.251,
240.047

■ 24, 5.957, 50.257

■ 25, 7.997, 49.990

■ 14, 12.366,
242.465

■ 26, 10.053, 49.769

■ 13, 13.442,
244.843

■ 27, 12.120, 49.588

■ 12, 14.591,
246.720

■ 28, 14.193, 49.440

■ 12, 14.603,
246.737

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 3.688, 232.981



18, 4.050, 50.461

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 3.688, 232.981



19, 3.688, 282.981



19, 3.688, 52.981



19, 3.688, 102.981

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 3.688, 232.971



27, 1.437, 232.089



20, 6.814, 152.431



12, 0.932, 232.087



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 3.688, 232.971



25, 5.546, 233.439



17, 5.504, 281.519



8, 1.058, 232.176



24, 22.059, 252.080



59, 43.530, 256.698

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 6.778, 335.421



23, 10.328, 335.761



20, 5.417, 97.448



8, 1.891, 334.705



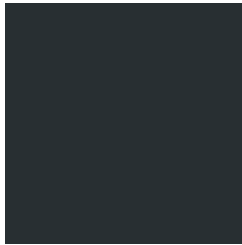
18, 43.508, 343.358



48, 81.489, 345.116

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 19, 3.688, 232.981 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

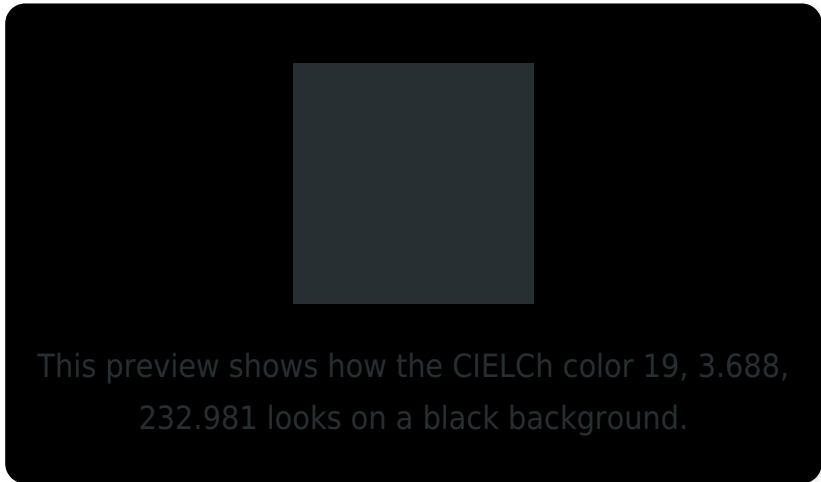
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

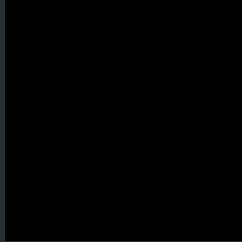
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

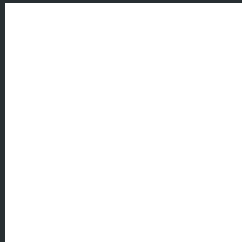
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 19, 3.688, 232.981

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 3.688, 232.981.

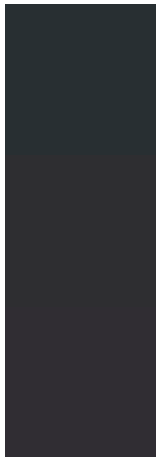


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 3.688, 232.981.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19, 3.688, 232.981

Protanopia

19, 2.059, 290.693

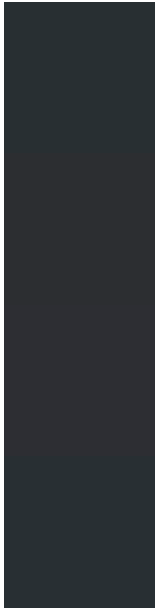
Deuteranopia

19, 4.362, 309.499



Tritanopia
19, 4.075, 241.472

Trichromacy



Original Color

19, 3.688, 232.981

Protanomaly

19, 2.237, 266.587

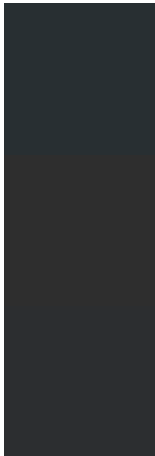
Deuteranomaly

19, 3.451, 283.498

Tritanomaly

19, 4.075, 241.472

Monochromacy



Original Color

19, 3.688, 232.981

Achromatopsia

19, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

19, 1.640, 256.375

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 3.688, 232.981 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 47, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 47, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 47, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 47, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 3.688, 232.981 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 47, 50) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 47, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 47, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 47, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 47, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 47, 50)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 3.688, 232.981 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 47, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 47,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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