

Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 31.551, 120.598)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(19, 31.551, 120.598)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(19, 30.756, 120.919)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	223300
RGB	34, 51, 0
RGB Percent	13%, 20%, 0%
CMY	0.8654, 0.7985, 0.9981
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.99, 0.80
HSL	80°, 98%, 10%
HSV	80°, 99%, 20%
XYZ	1.8733, 2.7468, 0.4456
YIQ	40.1030, 6.2390, -19.4650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

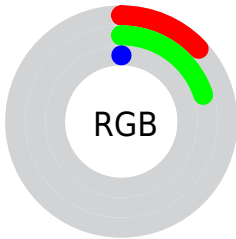
Format	Color
RYB	0, 51, 17
Decimal	2241280
CIELab	19.00, -15.80, 26.39
CIELCh	19, 30.756, 120.919
Yxy	2.7468, 0.3698, 0.5422
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280431360 (0xFF223300)
YUV	40.1030, -19.7708, -5.3523
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, -8.8284, 10.0075

Details

The CIELCh color **19, 30.756, 120.919** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **3, 34.760, 305.557**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 31.125, 121.231**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 30.974, 120.949**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 28.496, 120.597**.

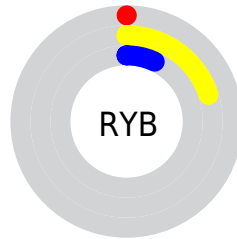
Distribution



Red (13%)

Green (20%)

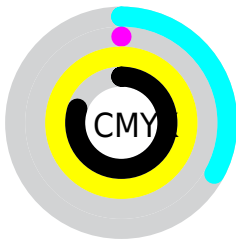
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (7%)

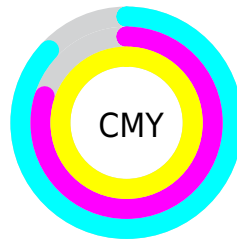


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (87%)


Magenta (80%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 30.756, 120.919 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 30.756, 120.919 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 19, 30.756,
120.919


 19, 30.756,
120.919


 100, 30.756,
120.919


 9, 30.756, 120.919


 39, 30.756,
120.919

 0, 30.756, 120.919

 49, 30.756,
120.919


 59, 30.756,
120.919


 69, 30.756,
120.919


 79, 30.756,
120.919


 89, 30.756,


120.919


 99, 30.756,
120.919


 19, 30.756,
120.919


 19, 30.756,
120.919

 19, 30.974,
120.949

 19, 28.496,
120.597

 19, 26.244,
120.241

 20, 23.617,
120.152

 20, 20.508,
120.463

 20, 17.212,
120.863

■ 20, 13.797,
121.309

■ 21, 10.306,
121.775

■ 21, 6.772, 122.246

■ 21, 3.215, 122.712

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 30.756, 120.919



3, 34.760, 305.557

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 30.756, 120.919



19, 30.756, 170.919



19, 30.756, 300.919



19, 30.756, 350.919

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 30.756, 120.920



27, 13.176, 121.658



10, 21.904, 43.832



12, 8.787, 121.646



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 30.756, 120.920



25, 38.491, 120.050



18, 35.316, 135.908



9, 1.951, 122.766



34, 47.687, 120.429



79, 91.505, 121.687

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3, 34.760, 305.557



5, 46.621, 308.885



7, 37.084, 322.695



8, 1.979, 303.453



9, 59.464, 309.548



30, 114.298, 308.708

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 19, 30.756, 120.919 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

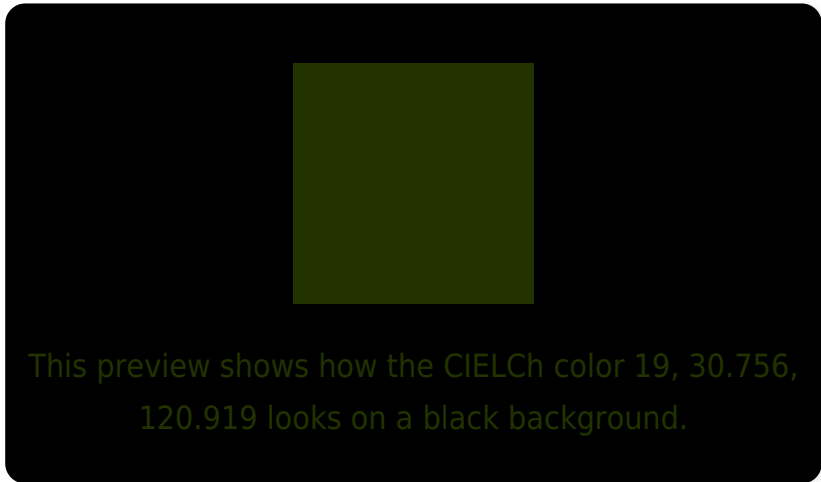
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

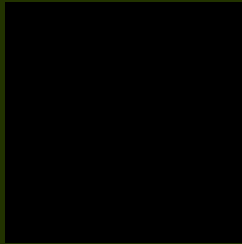
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 19, 30.756, 120.919

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 30.756, 120.919.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 30.756, 120.919.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

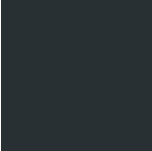
Dichromacy



Original Color
19, 30.756, 120.919

Protanopia
19, 26.875, 96.743

Deuteranopia
19, 23.094, 84.664



Tritanopia
19, 4.384, 237.673

Trichromacy



Original Color
19, 30.756, 120.919

Protanomaly
19, 27.691, 106.278

Deuteranomaly
19, 24.350, 101.739

Tritanomaly
19, 12.150, 134.073

Monochromacy



Original Color
19, 30.756, 120.919

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
17, 12.676, 121.222

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 30.756, 120.919 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 51, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 51, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 51, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 51, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 30.756, 120.919 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 51, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 51, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(34, 51, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 51, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 51, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 51, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 30.756, 120.919 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 51, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 51,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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