

Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 32.180, 337.528)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(19, 32.180, 337.528)
contains.

CIELCh(19, 31.881, 337.721)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(19, 31.881, 337.721)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E1A40
RGB	78, 26, 64
RGB Percent	31%, 10%, 25%
CMY	0.6934, 0.8973, 0.7483
CMYK	0.00, 0.67, 0.18, 0.69
HSL	316°, 50%, 20%
HSV	316°, 67%, 31%
XYZ	4.4614, 2.7468, 5.1719
YIQ	45.8800, 18.7940, 22.8420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

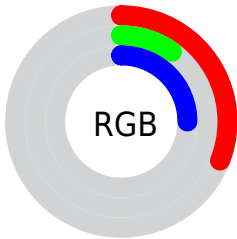
Format	Color
R_{YB}	78, 26, 64
Decimal	5118528
CIE _{Lab}	19.00, 29.50, -12.09
CIE _{LCh}	19, 31.881, 337.721
Yxy	2.7468, 0.3604, 0.2219
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283308608 (0xFF4E1A40)
YUV	45.8800, 8.9332, 28.1692
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, 19.0465, -6.9005

Details

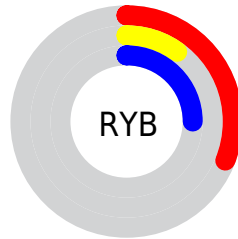
The CIELCh color **19, 31.881, 337.721** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **29, 32.081, 147.021**, and the grayscale version is **19, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 32.079, 337.600**, and **4, 18.203, 343.563** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 35.266, 338.636**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 27.811, 336.891**.

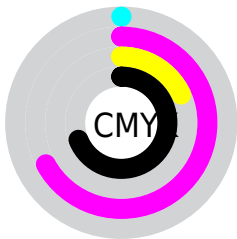
Distribution



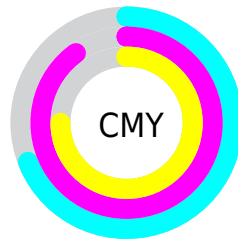
- Red (31%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (69%)





- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (75%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 31.881, 337.721 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 31.881, 337.721 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 19, 31.881,
337.721


 19, 31.881,
337.721


 100, 31.881,
337.721


 9, 31.881, 337.721


 39, 31.881,
337.721

 0, 31.881, 337.721

 49, 31.881,
337.721


 59, 31.881,
337.721


 69, 31.881,
337.721


 79, 31.881,
337.721


 89, 31.881,


337.721


 99, 31.881,
337.721


 19, 31.881,
337.721


 19, 31.881,
337.721


 18, 35.266,
338.636


 21, 27.811,
336.891


 16, 37.786,
339.667

 23, 23.258,
336.122

 15, 39.865,
340.733

 25, 18.399,
335.400

 15, 40.650,
341.080

 27, 13.379,
334.716

 29, 8.305, 334.062

■ 32, 3.255, 333.416

■ 34, 1.721, 152.979

■ 37, 6.591, 152.350

■ 39, 11.339,
151.811

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 31.881, 337.721



29, 32.081, 147.021

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 31.881, 337.721



19, 31.881, 27.721



19, 31.881, 157.721



19, 31.881, 207.721

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 31.880, 337.721



37, 12.557, 334.335



14, 36.726, 305.680



17, 8.463, 334.431



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 31.880, 337.721



23, 44.459, 339.283



18, 26.135, 10.186



14, 2.743, 333.556



21, 48.542, 341.689



51, 86.749, 342.956

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 31.880, 337.721



23, 44.459, 339.283



30, 20.726, 174.228



14, 2.743, 333.556



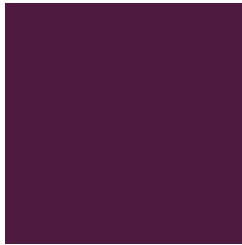
21, 48.542, 341.689



51, 86.749, 342.956

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 19, 31.881, 337.721 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

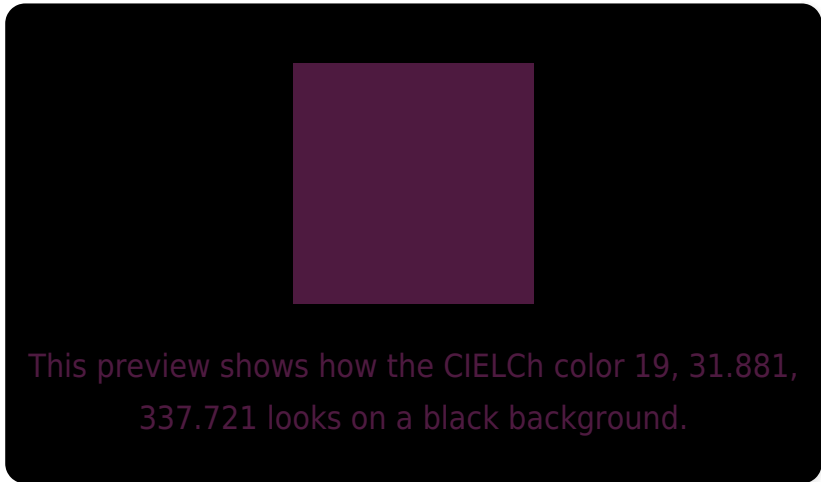
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

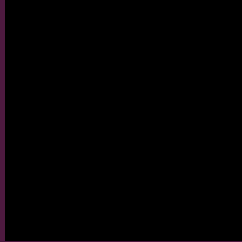
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 19, 31.881, 337.721

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 31.881, 337.721.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 31.881, 337.721.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19, 31.881, 337.721

Protanopia

19, 23.365, 285.086

Deuteranopia

20, 9.571, 287.426



Tritanopia
19, 21.575, 21.643

Trichromacy



Original Color
19, 31.881, 337.721

Protanomaly
18, 24.439, 304.460

Deuteranomaly
19, 17.578, 319.699

Tritanomaly
19, 23.546, 1.591

Monochromacy



Original Color
19, 31.881, 337.721

Achromatopsia
19, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
18, 12.940, 334.770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 31.881, 337.721 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 26, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 26, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 26, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 26, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 31.881, 337.721 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 26, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 26, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 26, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 26, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 26, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 26, 64)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 31.881, 337.721 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 26, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 26,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor