

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 33.108, 15.009)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(19, 33.108, 15.009) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(19, 33.135, 15.595)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	591523
RGB	89, 21, 35
RGB Percent	35%, 8%, 14%
CMY	0.6525, 0.9191, 0.8639
CMYK	0.00, 0.77, 0.61, 0.65
HSL	348°, 62%, 21%
HSV	348°, 77%, 35%
XYZ	4.6430, 2.7468, 1.8522
YIQ	42.9280, 36.0340, 18.7700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

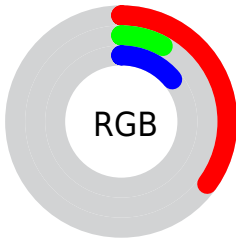
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	89, 21, 35
Decimal	5838115
CIELab	19.00, 31.92, 8.91
CIELCh	19, 33.135, 15.595
Yxy	2.7468, 0.5024, 0.2972
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284028195 (0xFF591523)
YUV	42.9280, -3.9085, 40.4051
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, 21.0018, 4.9753

# Details

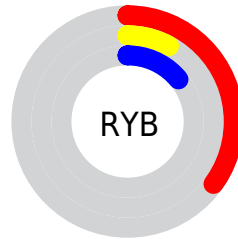
The CIELCh color **19, 33.135, 15.595** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **33, 24.619, 174.956**, and the grayscale version is **17, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 33.052, 15.951**, and **4, 20.176, 18.348** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 36.719, 19.292**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 29.098, 12.596**.

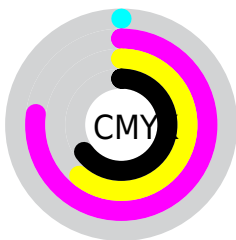
# Distribution



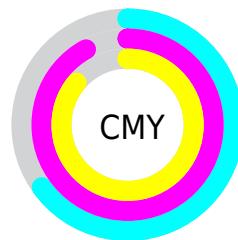
- Red (35%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (86%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 33.135, 15.595 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 33.135, 15.595 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 19, 33.135, 15.595

 19, 33.135, 15.595

 100, 33.135,  
15.595

 9, 33.135, 15.595

 39, 33.135, 15.595

 0, 33.135, 15.595

 49, 33.135, 15.595

 59, 33.135, 15.595

 69, 33.135, 15.595

 79, 33.135, 15.595

 89, 33.135, 15.595

 99, 33.135, 15.595

19, 33.135, 15.595

19, 33.135, 15.595

18, 36.719, 19.292

21, 29.098, 12.596

17, 40.120, 23.187

23, 24.741, 10.183

16, 41.271, 24.101

25, 20.216, 8.234

28, 15.663, 6.642

30, 11.184, 5.319

33, 6.847, 4.194

36, 2.689, 3.182

39, 1.274, 182.685

41, 5.040, 181.795

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 33.135, 15.595



33, 24.619, 174.956

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 33.135, 15.595



19, 33.135, 65.595



19, 33.135, 195.595



19, 33.135, 245.595

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 33.133, 15.597



40, 11.836, 4.965



19, 46.218, 320.835



19, 8.300, 5.252



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 33.133, 15.597



23, 47.118, 22.870



23, 30.841, 47.476



16, 2.208, 3.388



21, 47.695, 25.839



49, 87.540, 29.830





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 33.133, 15.597



23, 47.118, 22.870



27, 18.471, 240.984



16, 2.208, 3.388



21, 47.695, 25.839

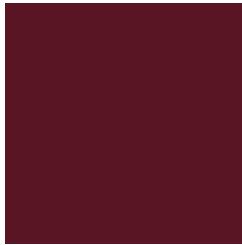


49, 87.540, 29.830



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 19, 33.135, 15.595 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

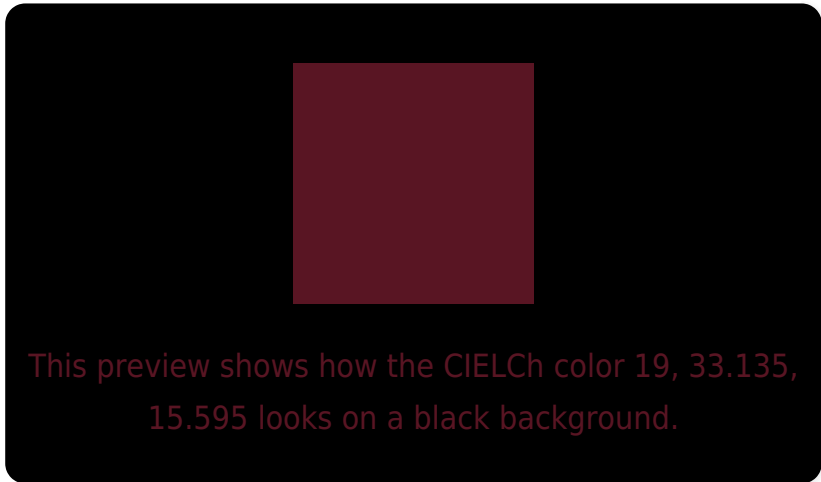
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 19, 33.135, 15.595

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 33.135, 15.595.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 33.135, 15.595.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19, 33.135, 15.595

### Protanopia

20, 0.821, 74.844

### Deuteranopia

20, 12.094, 75.949



**Tritanopia**  
19, 34.052, 28.795



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
19, 33.135, 15.595

**Protanomaly**  
18, 12.747, 7.296

**Deuteranomaly**  
19, 17.547, 34.256

**Tritanomaly**  
19, 33.423, 23.863

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
19, 33.135, 15.595

**Achromatopsia**  
18, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
17, 12.881, 7.523

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 33.135, 15.595 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 21, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 21, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 21, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 21, 35) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 33.135, 15.595 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 21, 35) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 21, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 21, 35)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 21, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 21, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 21, 35)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 33.135, 15.595 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 21, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 21,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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