

Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 39.097, 186.731)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(19, 39.097, 186.731)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(21, 18.962, 183.613)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003A34
RGB	0, 58, 52
RGB Percent	0%, 23%, 20%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7735, 0.7970
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.10, 0.77
HSL	174°, 100%, 11%
HSV	174°, 100%, 23%
XYZ	2.1115, 3.2451, 3.7357
YIQ	39.9740, -32.6420, -14.1620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

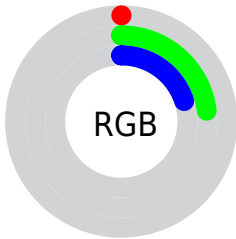
Format	Color
RYB	0, 31, 58
Decimal	14900
CIELab	21.00, -18.92, -1.19
CIELCh	21, 18.962, 183.613
Yxy	3.2451, 0.2322, 0.3569
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278204980 (0xFF003A34)
YUV	39.9740, 5.9288, -35.0572
Hunter-Lab	18.0142, -10.6020, 0.3147

Details

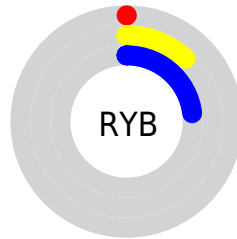
The CIELCh color **21, 18.962, 183.613** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **8, 30.040, 20.389**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41, 19.314, 182.464**, and **2, 2.260, 189.142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21, 18.914, 183.589**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 17.746, 184.315**.

Distribution



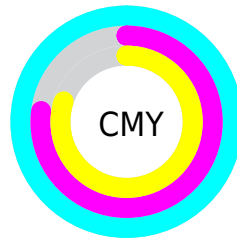
- Red (0%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (77%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 21, 18.962, 183.613 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 21, 18.962, 183.613 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 21, 18.962,
183.613


 21, 18.962,
183.613

 100, 18.962,
183.613


 11, 18.962,
183.613


 41, 18.962,
183.613


 1, 18.962, 183.613


 51, 18.962,
183.613

 0, 18.962, 183.613

 61, 18.962,
183.613

 71, 18.962,
183.613

 81, 18.962,
183.613

 91, 18.962,

183.613

■ 21, 18.962,
183.613

■ 21, 18.962,
183.613

■ 21, 18.914,
183.589

■ 21, 17.746,
184.315

■ 21, 16.611,
185.130

■ 22, 15.285,
185.937

■ 22, 13.694,
186.703

■ 22, 11.856,
187.439

■ 22, 9.798, 188.154

■ 23, 7.551, 188.855

■ 23, 5.147, 189.550

■ 24, 2.620, 190.264

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 18.962, 183.613



8, 30.040, 20.389

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 18.962, 183.613



21, 18.962, 233.613



21, 18.962, 3.613



21, 18.962, 53.613

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 18.914, 183.589



30, 9.252, 188.761



20, 39.632, 135.751



14, 6.350, 188.664



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 18.914, 183.589



28, 22.356, 183.066



13, 17.957, 261.817



10, 1.420, 190.396



34, 26.003, 182.679



79, 49.394, 181.647

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8, 30.040, 20.389



12, 36.883, 26.333



12, 24.738, 49.755



9, 1.472, 11.333



17, 44.279, 30.245



46, 88.824, 36.162

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 21, 18.962, 183.613 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

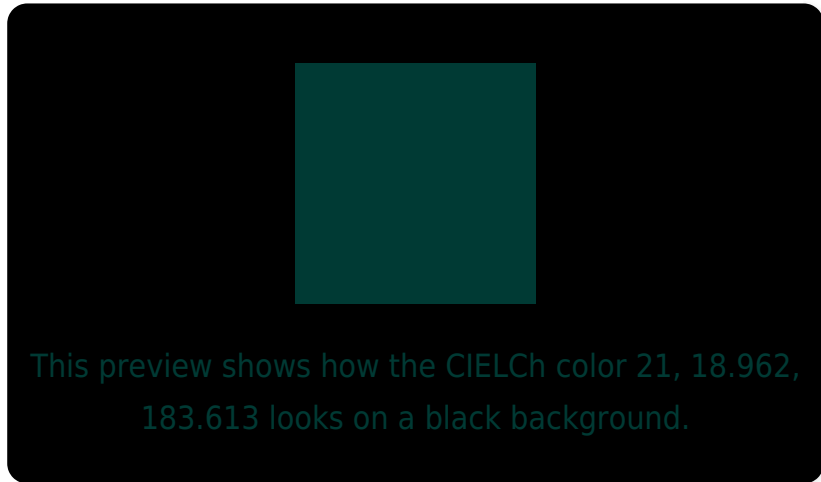
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

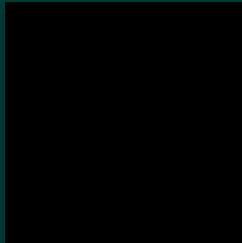
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 21, 18.962, 183.613

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 18.962, 183.613.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 18.962, 183.613.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21, 18.962, 183.613

Protanopia

21, 2.222, 84.366

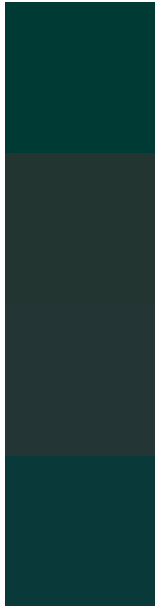
Deuteranopia

21, 3.564, 330.971



Tritanopia
21, 14.095, 211.108

Trichromacy



Original Color
21, 18.962, 183.613

Protanomaly
20, 8.762, 179.612

Deuteranomaly
21, 7.634, 197.987

Tritanomaly
21, 15.477, 199.239

Monochromacy



Original Color
21, 18.962, 183.613

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
17, 9.095, 188.674

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 21, 18.962, 183.613 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 58, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 58, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 58, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 58, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 21, 18.962, 183.613 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 58, 52) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 58, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 58, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 58, 52); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 58, 52); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 58, 52) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 21, 18.962, 183.613 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 58, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 58,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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