

Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 46.512, 38.895)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(19, 46.512, 38.895) contains.

CIELCh(19, 46.230, 38.545)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(19, 46.230, 38.545)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	600B00
RGB	96, 11, 0
RGB Percent	38%, 4%, 0%
CMY	0.6226, 0.9556, 0.9989
CMYK	0.00, 0.88, 1.00, 0.62
HSL	7°, 99%, 19%
HSV	7°, 100%, 38%
XYZ	4.9738, 2.7468, 0.2763
YIQ	35.1610, 54.1910, 14.5990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

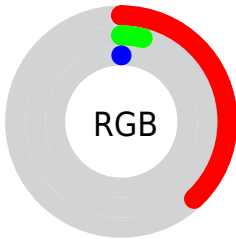
Format	Color
RYB	96, 12, 0
Decimal	6294272
CIELab	19.00, 36.16, 28.81
CIELCh	19, 46.230, 38.545
Yxy	2.7468, 0.6220, 0.3435
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284484352 (0xFF600B00)
YUV	35.1610, -17.3344, 53.3558
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, 24.5651, 10.6132

Details

The CIELCh color **19, 46.230, 38.545** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **33, 21.723, 215.758**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 46.128, 38.476**, and **5, 22.460, 18.874** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 46.330, 38.581**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 42.558, 37.919**.

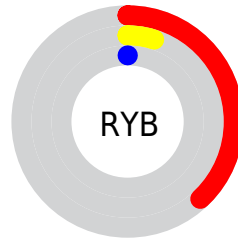
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (4%)

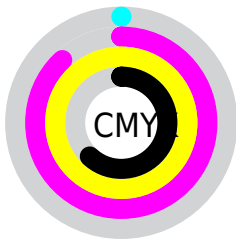
Blue (0%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (5%)

Blue (0%)

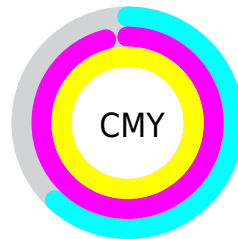


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (96%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 46.230, 38.545 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 46.230, 38.545 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 19, 46.230, 38.545

 19, 46.230, 38.545

 100, 46.230,
38.545

 9, 46.230, 38.545

 39, 46.230, 38.545

 0, 46.230, 38.545

 49, 46.230, 38.545

 59, 46.230, 38.545

 69, 46.230, 38.545

 79, 46.230, 38.545

 89, 46.230, 38.545

 99, 46.230, 38.545

■ 19, 46.230, 38.545

■ 19, 46.230, 38.545

■ 19, 46.330, 38.581

■ 20, 42.558, 37.919

■ 22, 37.825, 36.923

■ 23, 32.332, 35.152

■ 25, 26.890, 33.679

■ 28, 21.643, 32.524

■ 30, 16.668, 31.653

■ 33, 12.004, 31.015

■ 35, 7.660, 30.558

■ 38, 3.629, 30.218

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 46.230, 38.545



33, 21.723, 215.758

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 46.230, 38.545



19, 46.230, 88.545



19, 46.230, 218.545



19, 46.230, 268.545

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 46.229, 38.548



42, 15.099, 31.081



21, 52.527, 332.350



20, 10.498, 31.252



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 46.229, 38.548



26, 58.471, 40.611



28, 40.041, 71.560



19, 2.103, 30.190



23, 53.220, 39.911



51, 97.927, 41.185

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 21.723, 215.758



42, 26.109, 216.464



17, 39.902, 289.596



19, 1.994, 210.137



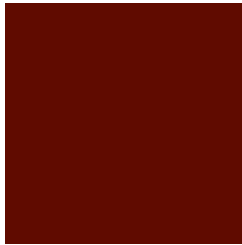
38, 24.194, 216.206



78, 42.116, 217.628

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 19, 46.230, 38.545 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

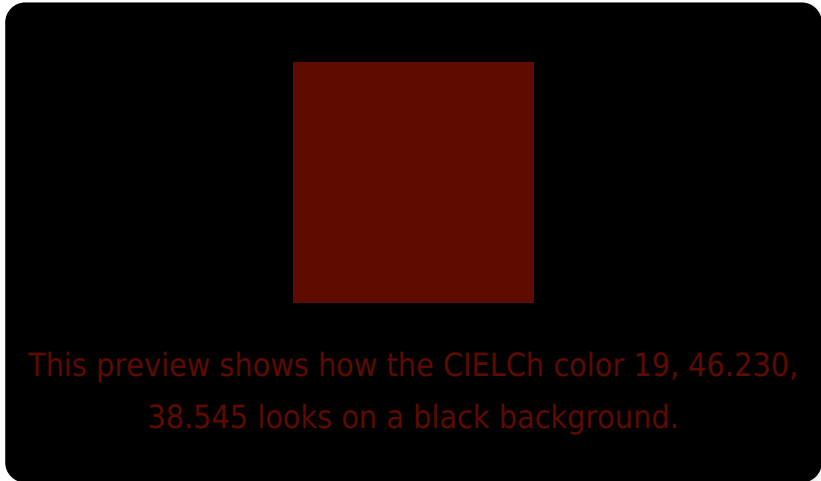
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

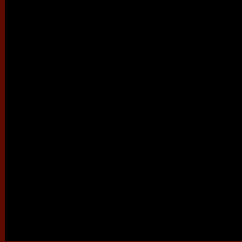
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 19, 46.230, 38.545

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 46.230, 38.545.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 46.230, 38.545.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19, 46.230, 38.545

Protanopia

20, 23.662, 96.442

Deuteranopia

20, 28.826, 86.565



Tritanopia
19, 44.508, 35.166

Trichromacy



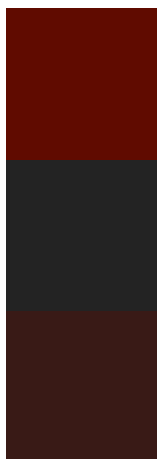
Original Color
19, 46.230, 38.545

Protanomaly
18, 27.275, 58.297

Deuteranomaly
18, 31.713, 58.520

Tritanomaly
19, 45.135, 36.463

Monochromacy



Original Color
19, 46.230, 38.545

Achromatopsia
14, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
14, 17.707, 33.223

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 46.230, 38.545 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 11, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 11, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 11, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 11, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 46.230, 38.545 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 11, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 11, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 11, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 11, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 11, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 11, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 46.230, 38.545 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 11, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 11,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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