

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 5.400, 49.295)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(19, 5.400, 49.295) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(19, 5.738, 48.552)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	362C28
RGB	54, 44, 40
RGB Percent	21%, 17%, 16%
CMY	0.7879, 0.8272, 0.8429
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.26, 0.79
HSL	17°, 15%, 18%
HSV	17°, 26%, 21%
XYZ	2.8130, 2.7468, 2.3958
YIQ	46.5340, 7.2440, 0.8760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

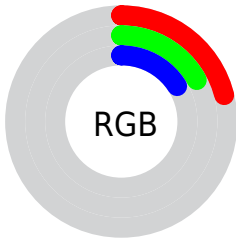
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	54, 46, 40
Decimal	3550248
CIE Lab	19.00, 3.80, 4.30
CIE LCh	19, 5.738, 48.552
Yxy	2.7468, 0.3536, 0.3453
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281740328 (0xFF362C28)
YUV	46.5340, -3.2213, 6.5477
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, 1.2925, 3.0307

# Details

The CIELCh color **19, 5.738, 48.552** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **20, 5.034, 231.629**, and the grayscale version is **19, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 5.809, 44.762**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 8.224, 48.208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 3.408, 48.966**.

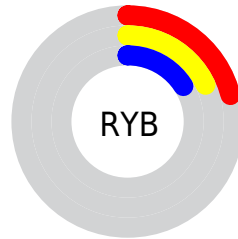
# Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (17%)

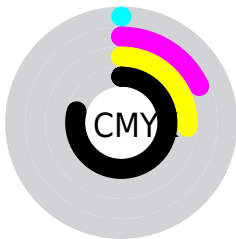
Blue (16%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (16%)

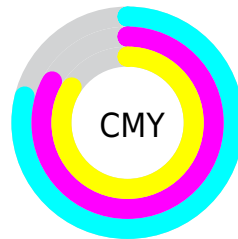


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (83%)


Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 5.738, 48.552 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 5.738, 48.552 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 19, 5.738, 48.552       19, 5.738, 48.552

 100, 5.738, 48.552       9, 5.738, 48.552

 39, 5.738, 48.552       0, 5.738, 48.552

 49, 5.738, 48.552

 59, 5.738, 48.552

 69, 5.738, 48.552

 79, 5.738, 48.552

 89, 5.738, 48.552

 99, 5.738, 48.552

 19, 5.738, 48.552       19, 5.738, 48.552

18, 8.224, 48.208	20, 3.408, 48.966
16, 10.875, 47.926	22, 1.223, 49.336
15, 13.693, 47.733	23, 0.828, 230.266
14, 16.575, 47.332	25, 2.759, 230.632
13, 19.048, 45.572	26, 4.581, 231.159
12, 21.148, 43.025	28, 6.306, 231.713
11, 23.180, 41.047	29, 7.945, 232.275
10, 24.002, 40.451	31, 9.505, 232.839
	32, 10.997, 233.398

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 5.738, 48.552



20, 5.034, 231.629

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 5.738, 48.552



19, 5.738, 98.552



19, 5.738, 228.552



19, 5.738, 278.552

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 5.738, 48.562



29, 2.112, 49.263



18, 9.506, 335.130



13, 1.474, 49.241



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 5.738, 48.562



25, 8.865, 48.316



21, 7.508, 96.811



9, 1.195, 49.264



20, 41.535, 46.103



50, 85.362, 46.404





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 5.034, 231.629



26, 7.483, 232.272



18, 7.670, 282.323



10, 1.150, 230.394



26, 22.129, 249.663

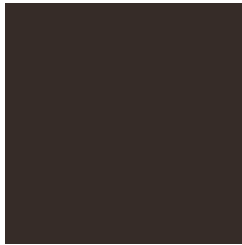


61, 42.965, 254.037



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 19, 5.738, 48.552 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 19, 5.738, 48.552 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

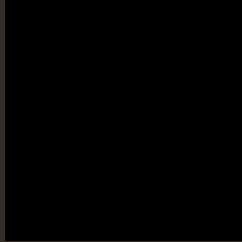
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 19, 5.738, 48.552**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 5.738, 48.552.

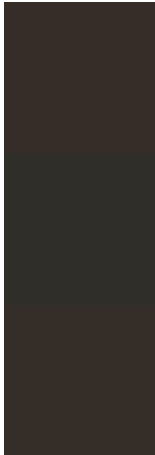


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 5.738, 48.552.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19, 5.738, 48.552

### Protanopia

19, 3.547, 93.268

### Deuteranopia

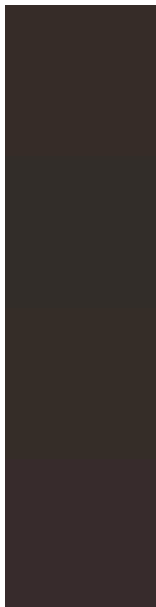
19, 5.280, 60.010



**Tritanopia**  
19, 6.137, 1.378



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19, 5.738, 48.552

## Protanomaly

19, 3.685, 67.441

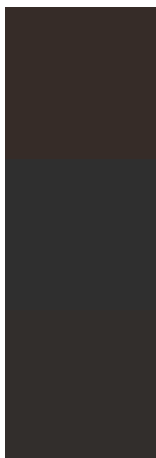
## Deuteranomaly

19, 5.280, 60.010

## Tritanomaly

19, 5.908, 14.119

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19, 5.738, 48.552

## Achromatopsia

19, 0.004, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

19, 2.363, 54.835

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 5.738, 48.552 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 44, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 44, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 44, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 44, 40) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 5.738, 48.552 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 44, 40) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 44, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 44, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 44, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 44, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 44, 40)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 5.738, 48.552 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 44, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 44,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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