

Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 50.139, 35.299)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(19, 50.139, 35.299) contains.

CIELCh(19, 49.861, 35.444)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(19, 49.861, 35.444)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	650001
RGB	101, 0, 1
RGB Percent	40%, 0%, 0%
CMY	0.6049, 1.0000, 0.9973
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.99, 0.60
HSL	360°, 100%, 20%
HSV	360°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	5.3385, 2.7468, 0.2687
YIQ	30.3130, 59.8750, 21.7230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	101, 0, 1
Decimal	6619137
CIE Lab	19.00, 40.62, 28.91
CIE LCh	19, 49.861, 35.444
Yxy	2.7468, 0.6390, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284809217 (0xFF650001)
YUV	30.3130, -14.4513, 61.9925
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, 28.4929, 10.6401

Details

The CIELCh color **19, 49.861, 35.444** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **38, 25.470, 195.393**, and the grayscale version is **11, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 50.113, 35.467**, and **6, 25.161, 19.052** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 49.814, 35.528**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 46.216, 34.238**.

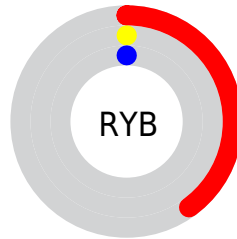
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (0%)

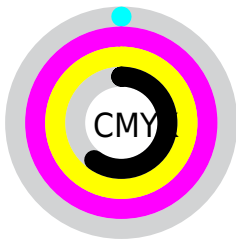
Blue (0%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (0%)

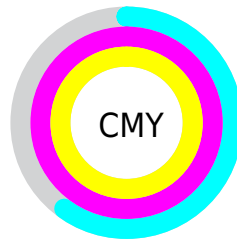


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 49.861, 35.444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 49.861, 35.444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 19, 49.861, 35.444

 19, 49.861, 35.444

 100, 49.861,
35.444

 9, 49.861, 35.444

 39, 49.861, 35.444

 0, 49.861, 35.444

 49, 49.861, 35.444

 59, 49.861, 35.444

 69, 49.861, 35.444

 79, 49.861, 35.444

 89, 49.861, 35.444

 99, 49.861, 35.444

■ 19, 49.861, 35.444

■ 19, 49.861, 35.444

■ 19, 49.814, 35.528

■ 20, 46.216, 34.238

■ 21, 41.647, 31.703

■ 23, 36.126, 28.610

■ 25, 30.429, 26.045

■ 28, 24.745, 24.002

■ 30, 19.216, 22.403

■ 33, 13.939, 21.154

■ 36, 8.969, 20.170

■ 39, 4.324, 19.366

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 49.861, 35.444



38, 25.470, 195.393

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 49.861, 35.444



19, 49.861, 85.444



19, 49.861, 215.444



19, 49.861, 265.444

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 49.814, 35.528



43, 17.245, 21.248



22, 58.498, 327.611



20, 11.980, 21.599



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 49.814, 35.528



26, 61.908, 38.238



27, 42.227, 61.088



19, 2.443, 19.285



22, 55.719, 37.082



51, 100.307, 39.796

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 49.814, 35.528



26, 61.908, 38.238



22, 33.446, 279.453



19, 2.443, 19.285



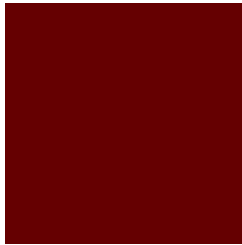
22, 55.719, 37.082



51, 100.307, 39.796

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 19, 49.861, 35.444 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

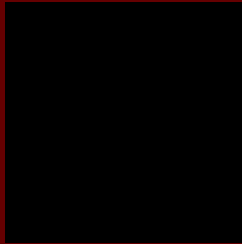
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 19, 49.861, 35.444

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 49.861, 35.444.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 49.861, 35.444.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19, 49.861, 35.444

Protanopia

21, 24.265, 96.653

Deuteranopia

21, 29.560, 85.805



Tritanopia
20, 48.327, 38.235

Trichromacy



Original Color
19, 49.861, 35.444

Protanomaly
18, 28.760, 51.917

Deuteranomaly
18, 33.462, 53.667

Tritanomaly
19, 48.746, 37.393

Monochromacy



Original Color
19, 49.861, 35.444

Achromatopsia
11, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 20.536, 26.059

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 49.861, 35.444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 0, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 0, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 0, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 0, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 49.861, 35.444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 0, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 0, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 0, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 0, 1); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 0, 1); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 0, 1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 49.861, 35.444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 0, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101, 0,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor