

Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 50.277, 35.551)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(19, 50.277, 35.551) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(19, 50.072, 35.830)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	650000
RGB	101, 0, 0
RGB Percent	40%, 0%, 0%
CMY	0.6048, 1.0000, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 1.00, 0.60
HSL	0°, 100%, 20%
HSV	0°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	5.3364, 2.7468, 0.2410
YIQ	30.1990, 60.1960, 21.4120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

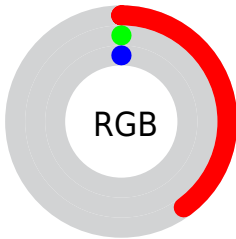
Format	Color
RYB	101, 0, 0
Decimal	6619136
CIELab	19.00, 40.60, 29.31
CIElCh	19, 50.072, 35.830
Yxy	2.7468, 0.6411, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284809216 (0xFF650000)
YUV	30.1990, -14.8881, 62.0925
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, 28.4707, 10.7393

Details

The CIELCh color **19, 50.072, 35.830** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **38, 25.355, 196.386**, and the grayscale version is **11, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 50.113, 35.467**, and **6, 25.161, 19.052** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 49.972, 35.800**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 46.356, 34.511**.

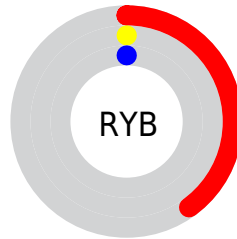
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (0%)

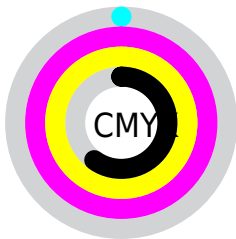
Blue (0%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (0%)

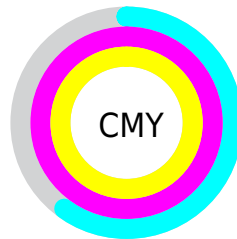


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 50.072, 35.830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 50.072, 35.830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

19, 50.072, 35.830

19, 50.072, 35.830

100, 50.072,
35.830

9, 50.072, 35.830

39, 50.072, 35.830

0, 50.072, 35.830

49, 50.072, 35.830

59, 50.072, 35.830

69, 50.072, 35.830

79, 50.072, 35.830

89, 50.072, 35.830

99, 50.072, 35.830

■ 19, 50.072, 35.830

■ 19, 50.072, 35.830

■ 19, 49.972, 35.800

■ 20, 46.356, 34.511

■ 21, 41.821, 32.133

■ 23, 36.257, 29.070

■ 25, 30.521, 26.525

■ 28, 24.804, 24.498

■ 30, 19.251, 22.914

■ 33, 13.957, 21.680

■ 36, 8.976, 20.712

■ 39, 4.326, 19.924

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 50.072, 35.830



38, 25.355, 196.386

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 50.072, 35.830



19, 50.072, 85.830



19, 50.072, 215.830



19, 50.072, 265.830

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 49.972, 35.800



43, 17.264, 21.773



23, 58.470, 328.233



20, 11.995, 22.119



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 49.972, 35.800



26, 62.119, 38.508



27, 42.082, 62.515



19, 2.443, 19.845



22, 55.896, 37.351



51, 100.591, 40.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 25.355, 196.386



49, 30.409, 196.386



21, 34.545, 281.204



21, 2.318, 199.040



43, 27.797, 196.386



87, 48.206, 196.386

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 19, 50.072, 35.830 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

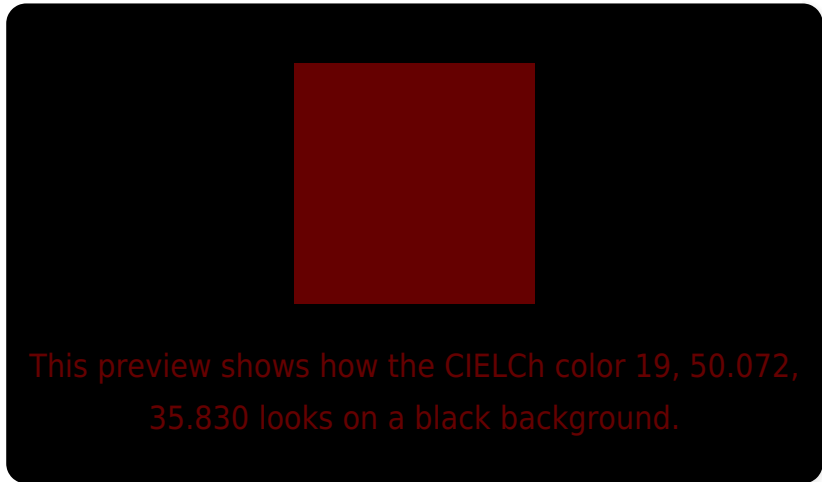
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 19, 50.072, 35.830

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 50.072, 35.830.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 50.072, 35.830.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19, 50.072, 35.830

Protanopia

21, 24.265, 96.653

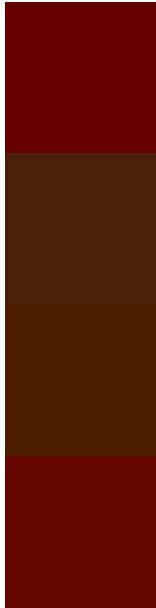
Deuteranopia

21, 29.560, 85.805



Tritanopia
20, 48.327, 38.235

Trichromacy



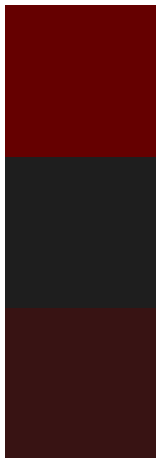
Original Color
19, 50.072, 35.830

Protanomaly
18, 29.043, 52.471

Deuteranomaly
18, 33.462, 53.667

Tritanomaly
19, 48.746, 37.393

Monochromacy



Original Color
19, 50.072, 35.830

Achromatopsia
11, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 20.536, 26.059

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 19, 50.072, 35.830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 0, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 0, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 0, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 0, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 50.072, 35.830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 0, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 0, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 0, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 0, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 0, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 0, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 50.072, 35.830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 0, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101, 0,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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