

Converting Colors

CIELCh(19, 7.433, 120.965)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(19, 7.433, 120.965) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(19, 7.733, 123.182)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2C3025
RGB	44, 48, 37
RGB Percent	17%, 19%, 15%
CMY	0.8287, 0.8131, 0.8561
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.23, 0.81
HSL	82°, 13%, 17%
HSV	82°, 23%, 19%
XYZ	2.3971, 2.7468, 2.1280
YIQ	45.5500, 1.1470, -4.2690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

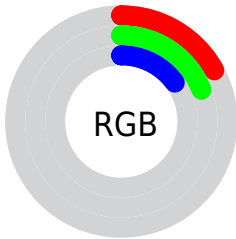
Format	Color
RYB	37, 48, 41
Decimal	2895909
CIELab	19.00, -4.23, 6.47
CIELCh	19, 7.733, 123.182
Yxy	2.7468, 0.3296, 0.3777
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281085989 (0xFF2C3025)
YUV	45.5500, -4.2151, -1.3593
Hunter-Lab	16.5735, -3.1859, 3.9887

Details

The CIELCh color **19, 7.733, 123.182** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **15, 7.997, 305.250**, and the grayscale version is **19, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39, 7.514, 122.412**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 11.061, 122.738**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 4.381, 123.628**.

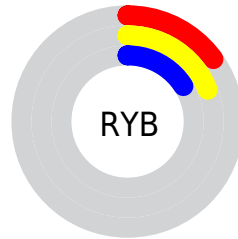
Distribution



Red (17%)

Green (19%)

Blue (15%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (16%)

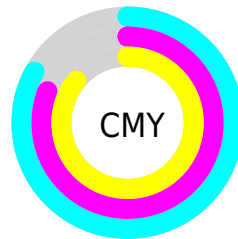


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (81%)



Cyan (83%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 19, 7.733, 123.182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 19, 7.733, 123.182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19, 7.733, 123.182

■ 19, 7.733, 123.182

■ 100, 7.733,
123.182

■ 9, 7.733, 123.182

■ 39, 7.733, 123.182

■ 0, 7.733, 123.182

■ 49, 7.733, 123.182

■ 59, 7.733, 123.182

■ 69, 7.733, 123.182

■ 79, 7.733, 123.182

■ 89, 7.733, 123.182

■ 99, 7.733, 123.182

■ 19, 7.733, 123.182

■ 19, 7.733, 123.182

■ 19, 11.061,
122.738

■ 19, 4.381, 123.628

■ 18, 14.340,
122.300

■ 20, 1.021, 124.076

■ 18, 17.538,
121.888

■ 20, 2.334, 304.449

■ 18, 20.609,
121.532

■ 21, 8.993, 305.211

■ 18, 23.293,
121.566

■ 21, 12.284,
305.554

■ 18, 25.502,
121.996

■ 21, 15.542,
305.873

■ 17, 27.637,
122.440

■ 22, 18.766,
306.170

■ 17, 29.128,
122.720

■ 22, 21.952,
306.444

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19, 7.733, 123.182



15, 7.997, 305.250

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19, 7.733, 123.182



19, 7.733, 173.182



19, 7.733, 303.182



19, 7.733, 353.182

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19, 7.734, 123.185



26, 2.898, 123.878



17, 4.501, 56.141



11, 1.838, 123.890



65, 0.008, 296.813



12, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19, 7.734, 123.185



25, 11.575, 122.898



19, 8.805, 139.302



8, 1.673, 124.568



33, 47.118, 121.616



78, 91.547, 122.972

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15, 7.997, 305.250



19, 12.089, 305.594



16, 8.864, 321.154



7, 1.672, 303.784



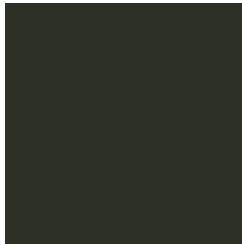
9, 57.945, 310.063



31, 112.663, 309.154

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 19, 7.733, 123.182 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

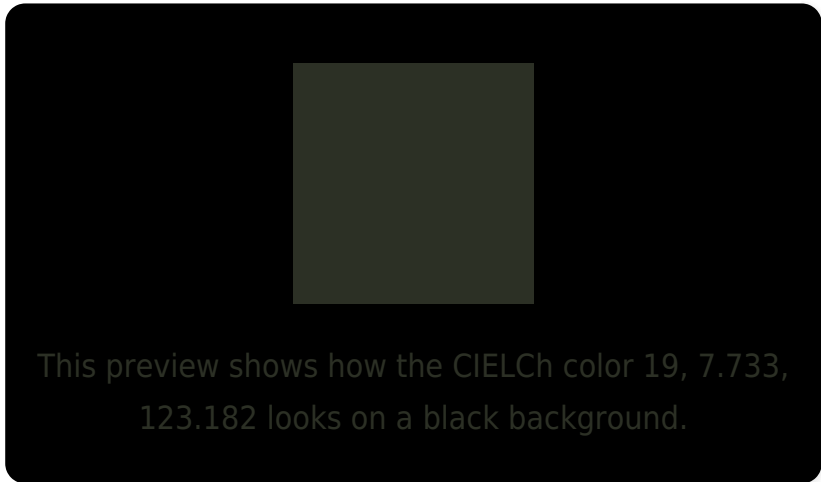
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

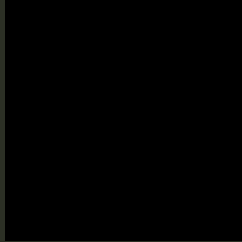
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

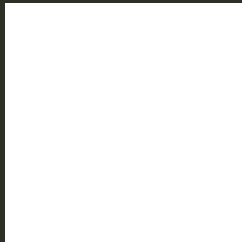
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 19, 7.733, 123.182

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 7.733, 123.182.

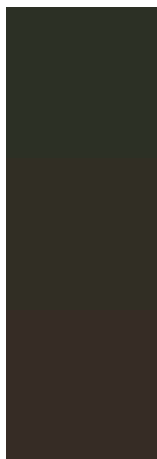


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 19, 7.733, 123.182.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19, 7.733, 123.182

Protanopia

19, 6.982, 95.880

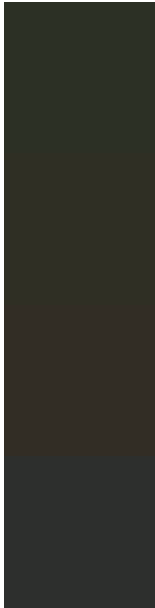
Deuteranopia

19, 7.049, 62.517



Tritanopia
19, 2.744, 290.856

Trichromacy



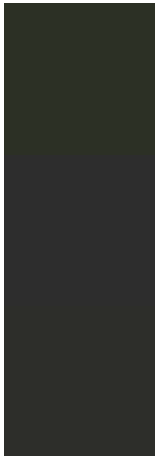
Original Color
19, 7.733, 123.182

Protanomaly
19, 7.471, 108.321

Deuteranomaly
19, 6.034, 84.001

Tritanomaly
19, 1.669, 144.303

Monochromacy



Original Color
19, 7.733, 123.182

Achromatopsia
18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
19, 2.782, 119.476

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 19, 7.733, 123.182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 48, 37)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 48, 37)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 48, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 48, 37) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 19, 7.733, 123.182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 48, 37) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 48, 37) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 48, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 48, 37); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 48, 37);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 48, 37)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 19, 7.733, 123.182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 48, 37) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 48,  
37) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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