

Converting Colors

CIELCh(20, 10.242, 350.008)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(20, 10.242, 350.008)
contains.

CIELCh(20, 10.450, 350.770)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(20, 10.450, 350.770)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3E2B33
RGB	62, 43, 51
RGB Percent	24%, 17%, 20%
CMY	0.7569, 0.8314, 0.8001
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.18, 0.76
HSL	335°, 18%, 21%
HSV	335°, 31%, 24%
XYZ	3.4460, 2.9891, 3.5254
YIQ	49.5930, 8.7560, 6.5160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

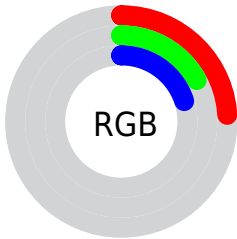
Format	Color
RYB	62, 43, 51
Decimal	4074291
CIELab	20.00, 10.31, -1.68
CIElCh	20, 10.450, 350.770
Yxy	2.9891, 0.3460, 0.3001
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282264371 (0xFF3E2B33)
YUV	49.5930, 0.6937, 10.8809
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, 5.3234, 0.0122

Details

The CIELCh color **20, 10.450, 350.770** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **24, 9.960, 165.608**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 10.145, 352.324**, and **2, 7.167, 3.066** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 13.929, 351.870**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22, 6.975, 349.800**.

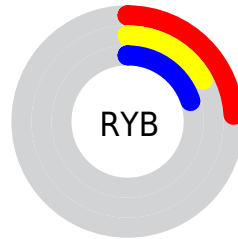
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (17%)

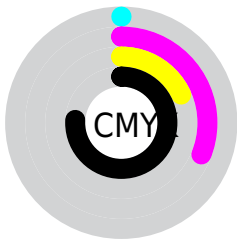
Blue (20%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (17%)

Blue (20%)

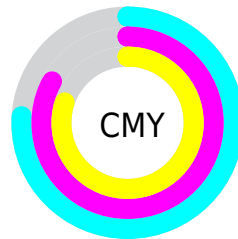


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 10.450, 350.770 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 10.450, 350.770 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20, 10.450,
350.770

■ 20, 10.450,
350.770

■ 100, 10.450,
350.770

■ 10, 10.450,
350.770

■ 40, 10.450,
350.770

■ 0, 10.450, 350.770

■ 50, 10.450,
350.770

■ 60, 10.450,
350.770

■ 70, 10.450,
350.770

■ 80, 10.450,
350.770

■ 90, 10.450,

350.770

■ 20, 10.450,
350.770

■ 20, 10.450,
350.770

■ 18, 13.929,
351.870

■ 22, 6.975, 349.800

■ 16, 17.344,
353.132

■ 24, 3.554, 348.913

■ 15, 20.599,
354.610

■ 26, 0.216, 347.312

■ 13, 23.572,
356.376

■ 28, 3.023, 167.543

■ 12, 26.130,
358.520

■ 30, 6.156, 166.861

■ 11, 28.377, 0.913

■ 32, 9.182, 166.251

■ 35, 12.103,
165.690

■ 37, 14.925,

■ 10, 30.795, 2.760

165.169

■ 39, 17.653,
164.684

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 10.450, 350.770



24, 9.960, 165.608

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 10.450, 350.770



20, 10.450, 40.770



20, 10.450, 170.770



20, 10.450, 220.770

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 10.449, 350.772



32, 3.771, 348.806



19, 13.852, 312.559



15, 2.578, 348.860



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 10.449, 350.772



25, 15.932, 351.646



20, 8.913, 26.754



10, 1.827, 348.718



18, 40.794, 6.064



47, 76.177, 10.299

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 10.449, 350.772



25, 15.932, 351.646



24, 7.404, 204.727



10, 1.827, 348.718



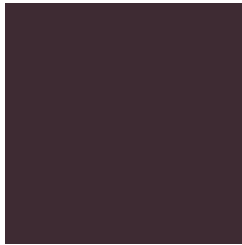
18, 40.794, 6.064



47, 76.177, 10.299

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 20, 10.450, 350.770 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

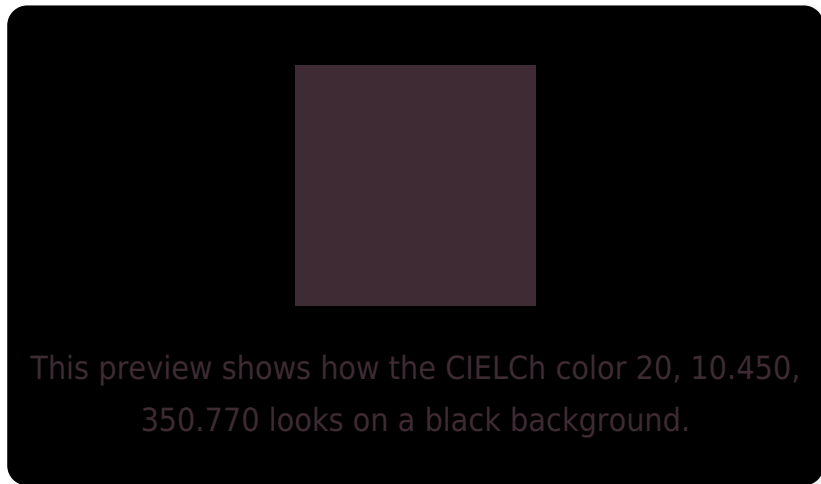
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

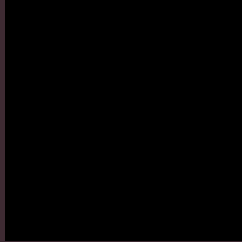
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 20, 10.450, 350.770

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 10.450, 350.770.

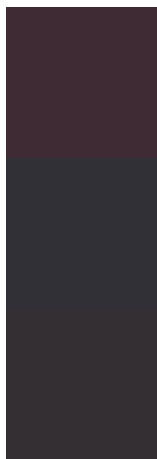


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 10.450, 350.770.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20, 10.450, 350.770

Protanopia

20, 4.087, 291.151

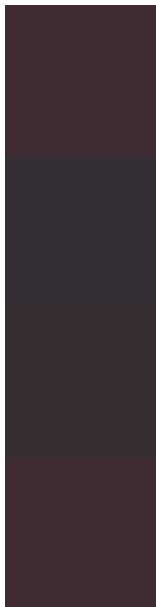
Deuteranopia

20, 3.118, 339.193



Tritanopia
20, 8.960, 8.459

Trichromacy



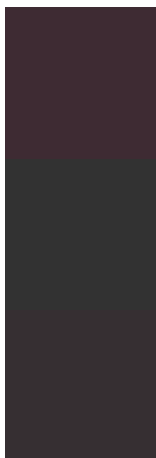
Original Color
20, 10.450, 350.770

Protanomaly
20, 5.779, 325.034

Deuteranomaly
20, 5.452, 350.813

Tritanomaly
20, 9.077, 4.267

Monochromacy



Original Color
20, 10.450, 350.770

Achromatopsia
21, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
20, 3.881, 348.628

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 20, 10.450, 350.770 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(62, 43, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(62, 43, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 43, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(62, 43, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 10.450, 350.770 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(62, 43, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(62, 43, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(62, 43, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(62, 43, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 43, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 43, 51)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 10.450, 350.770 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(62, 43, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(62, 43,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor