

Converting Colors

CIELCh(20, 10.497, 167.150)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(20, 10.497, 167.150)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(20, 10.147, 169.367)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	20342D
RGB	32, 52, 45
RGB Percent	13%, 20%, 18%
CMY	0.8733, 0.7948, 0.8223
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.13, 0.79
HSL	159°, 24%, 17%
HSV	159°, 38%, 21%
XYZ	2.3277, 2.9891, 2.9688
YIQ	45.2220, -9.6730, -6.4170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

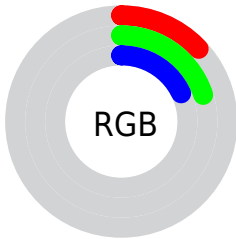
Format	Color
R _Y B	32, 44, 52
Decimal	2110509
CIE Lab	20.00, -9.97, 1.87
CIE LCh	20, 10.147, 169.367
Yxy	2.9891, 0.2809, 0.3608
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280300589 (0xFF20342D)
YUV	45.2220, -0.1094, -11.5957
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, -6.2232, 1.9209

Details

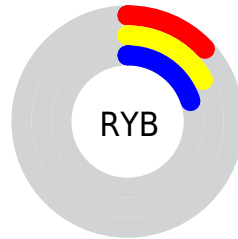
The CIELCh color **20, 10.147, 169.367** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **15, 10.976, 356.092**, and the grayscale version is **19, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 10.272, 169.758**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20, 12.603, 168.352**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 7.581, 170.302**.

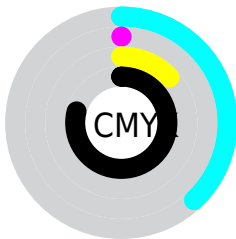
Distribution



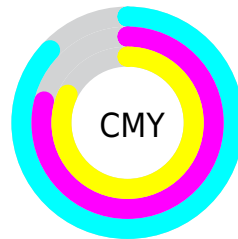
- Red (13%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (79%)





- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (82%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 10.147, 169.367 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 10.147, 169.367 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 20, 10.147,
169.367


 20, 10.147,
169.367


 100, 10.147,
169.367


 10, 10.147,
169.367


 40, 10.147,
169.367

 0, 10.147, 169.367

 50, 10.147,
169.367

 60, 10.147,
169.367

 70, 10.147,
169.367

 80, 10.147,
169.367

 90, 10.147,

169.367

■ 20, 10.147,
169.367

■ 20, 10.147,
169.367

■ 20, 12.603,
168.352

■ 20, 7.581, 170.302

■ 19, 14.916,
167.246

■ 21, 4.936, 171.177

■ 21, 2.241, 172.025

■ 19, 17.054,
166.034

■ 22, 0.480, 352.324

■ 19, 18.992,
164.700

■ 23, 3.205, 353.356

■ 23, 5.917, 354.057

■ 19, 20.788,
163.348

■ 24, 8.601, 354.709

■ 18, 22.638,
162.248

■ 25, 11.249,
355.328

■ 18, 22.969,
162.079

■ 25, 13.853,
355.919

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 10.147, 169.367



15, 10.976, 356.092

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 10.147, 169.367



20, 10.147, 219.367



20, 10.147, 349.367



20, 10.147, 39.367

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 10.147, 169.365



28, 3.758, 171.739



20, 14.786, 132.096



14, 2.550, 171.718



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 10.147, 169.365



27, 15.118, 168.329



19, 7.417, 212.435



9, 1.469, 172.031



33, 33.911, 159.876



77, 66.800, 157.831

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15, 10.976, 356.092



19, 16.701, 357.383



16, 9.344, 32.935



8, 1.494, 353.126



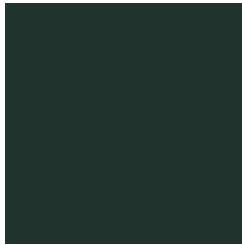
17, 39.458, 12.069



46, 76.162, 17.095

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 20, 10.147, 169.367 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

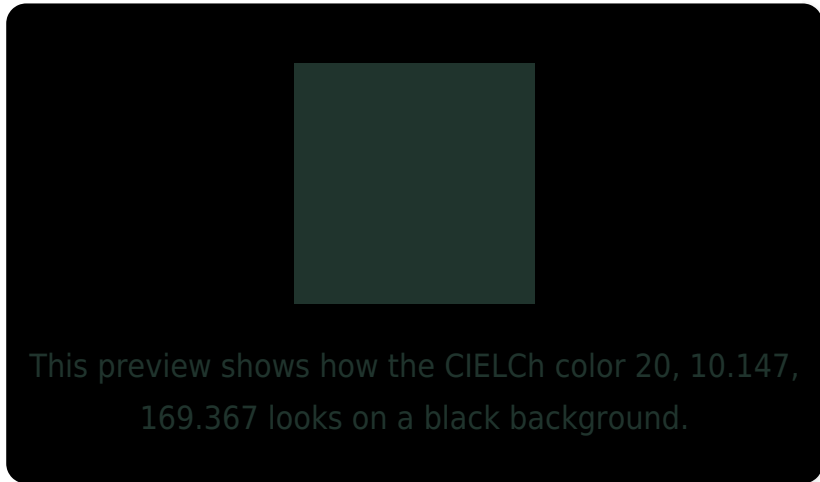
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

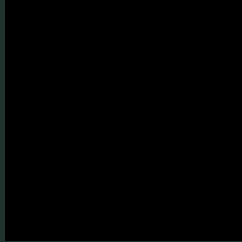
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 20, 10.147, 169.367

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 10.147, 169.367.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 10.147, 169.367.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

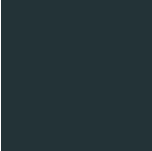
Dichromacy



Original Color
20, 10.147, 169.367

Protanopia
20, 3.524, 93.313

Deuteranopia
20, 2.870, 19.938



Tritanopia
20, 7.109, 220.935

Trichromacy



Original Color
20, 10.147, 169.367

Protanomaly
20, 4.989, 143.871

Deuteranomaly
20, 2.789, 151.935

Tritanomaly
20, 7.274, 198.021

Monochromacy



Original Color
20, 10.147, 169.367

Achromatopsia
19, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
19, 3.532, 175.891

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 20, 10.147, 169.367 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 52, 45)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 52, 45)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 52, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 52, 45) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 10.147, 169.367 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 52, 45) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 52, 45) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(32, 52, 45)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 52, 45); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 52, 45);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 52, 45)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 10.147, 169.367 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 52, 45) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 52,  
45) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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