

Converting Colors

CIELCh(20, 13.411, 106.126)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(20, 13.411, 106.126)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(20, 13.387, 104.676)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	32311D
RGB	50, 49, 29
RGB Percent	20%, 19%, 11%
CMY	0.8030, 0.8070, 0.8854
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.42, 0.80
HSL	57°, 26%, 16%
HSV	57°, 42%, 20%
XYZ	2.6588, 2.9891, 1.6129
YIQ	47.0190, 7.0160, -6.0080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

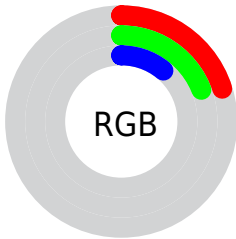
Format	Color
RYB	30, 50, 29
Decimal	3289373
CIELab	20.00, -3.39, 12.95
CIElCh	20, 13.387, 104.676
Yxy	2.9891, 0.3662, 0.4117
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281479453 (0xFF32311D)
YUV	47.0190, -8.8834, 2.6143
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, -2.8050, 6.5709

Details

The CIELCh color **20, 13.387, 104.676** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **12, 14.487, 292.820**, and the grayscale version is **20, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 13.319, 104.198**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20, 16.461, 103.850**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 10.238, 105.524**.

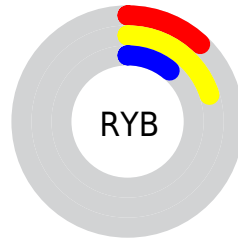
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (19%)

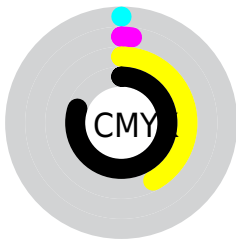
Blue (11%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (11%)

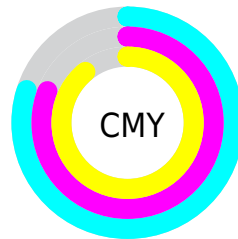


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)


Magenta (81%)


Yellow (89%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 13.387, 104.676 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 13.387, 104.676 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 20, 13.387,
104.676


 20, 13.387,
104.676


 100, 13.387,
104.676


 10, 13.387,
104.676


 40, 13.387,
104.676


 0, 13.387, 104.676

 50, 13.387,
104.676

 60, 13.387,
104.676

 70, 13.387,
104.676

 80, 13.387,
104.676

 90, 13.387,

104.676

■ 20, 13.387,
104.676

■ 20, 13.387,
104.676

■ 20, 16.461,
103.850

■ 20, 10.238,
105.524

■ 20, 19.411,
103.047

■ 20, 7.042, 106.371

■ 20, 22.098,
102.329

■ 21, 3.822, 107.211

■ 21, 0.592, 107.998

■ 19, 24.200,
101.810

■ 21, 2.639, 288.878

■ 19, 26.102,
101.396

■ 21, 5.863, 289.664

■ 22, 9.077, 290.429

■ 19, 27.653,
101.108

■ 22, 12.276,

291.167

■ 22, 15.458,
291.877

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 13.387, 104.676



12, 14.487, 292.820

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 13.387, 104.676



20, 13.387, 154.676



20, 13.387, 284.676



20, 13.387, 334.676

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 13.388, 104.680



28, 5.296, 107.054



14, 11.078, 18.776



13, 3.625, 106.999



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 13.388, 104.680



27, 20.022, 103.772



19, 14.860, 125.618



9, 1.804, 107.517



35, 43.612, 99.968



81, 82.751, 99.706

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12, 14.487, 292.820



15, 22.271, 294.505



13, 15.706, 309.159



8, 1.831, 288.832



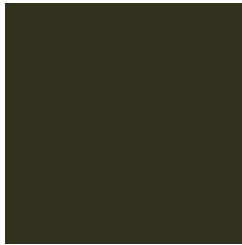
7, 59.257, 304.924



27, 116.358, 305.817

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 20, 13.387, 104.676 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

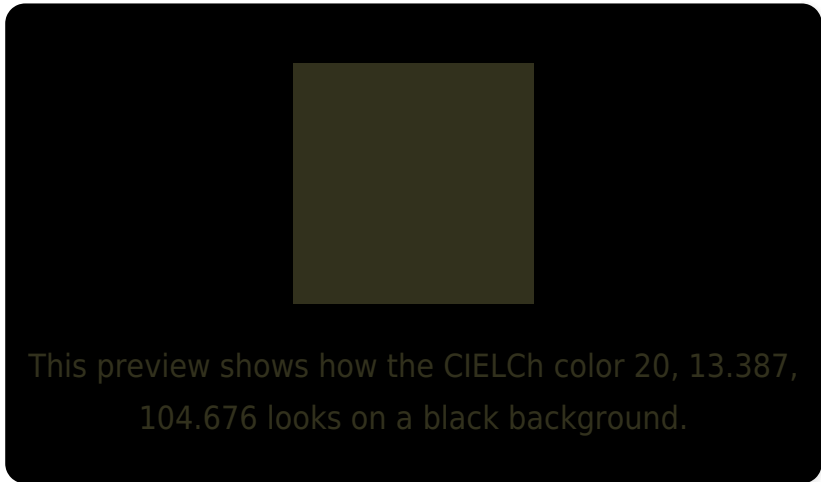
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

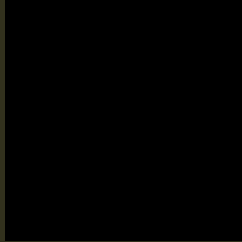
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

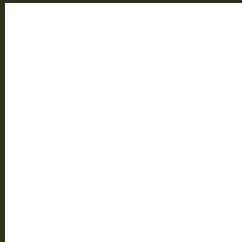
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 20, 13.387, 104.676

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 13.387, 104.676.

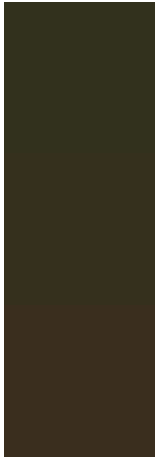


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 13.387, 104.676.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

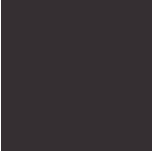
20, 13.387, 104.676

Protanopia

20, 13.047, 95.361

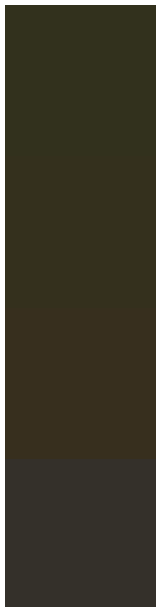
Deuteranopia

20, 12.685, 77.261



Tritanopia
20, 3.488, 344.403

Trichromacy



Original Color
20, 13.387, 104.676

Protanomaly
20, 12.943, 97.660

Deuteranomaly
20, 12.277, 87.176

Tritanomaly
20, 4.517, 83.332

Monochromacy



Original Color
20, 13.387, 104.676

Achromatopsia
19, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
20, 4.749, 109.017

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 20, 13.387, 104.676 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 49, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 49, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 49, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 49, 29) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 13.387, 104.676 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 49, 29) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 49, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 49, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 49, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 49, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 49, 29)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 13.387, 104.676 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 49, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 49,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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