

Converting Colors

CIELCh(20, 14.159, 188.955)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(20, 14.159, 188.955)
contains.

CIELCh(20, 14.327, 188.475)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(20, 14.327, 188.475)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	103633
RGB	16, 54, 51
RGB Percent	6%, 21%, 20%
CMY	0.9372, 0.7882, 0.7999
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.06, 0.79
HSL	175°, 54%, 14%
HSV	175°, 70%, 21%
XYZ	2.1316, 2.9891, 3.5981
YIQ	42.2960, -21.6850, -8.9890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

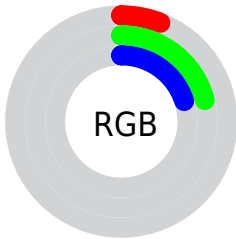
Format	Color
RYB	16, 36, 54
Decimal	1062451
CIELab	20.00, -14.17, -2.11
CIELCh	20, 14.327, 188.475
Yxy	2.9891, 0.2445, 0.3428
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279252531 (0xFF103633)
YUV	42.2960, 4.2911, -23.0616
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, -8.2478, -0.2372

Details

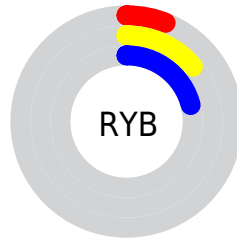
The CIELCh color **20, 14.327, 188.475** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **11, 20.729, 21.123**, and the grayscale version is **17, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 14.310, 187.769**, and **0, 2.016, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20, 15.544, 187.802**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 12.859, 189.123**.

Distribution



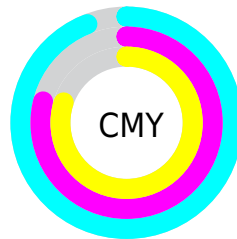
- Red (6%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (79%)





- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 14.327, 188.475 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 14.327, 188.475 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 20, 14.327,
188.475


 20, 14.327,
188.475


 100, 14.327,
188.475


 10, 14.327,
188.475


 40, 14.327,
188.475


 0, 14.327, 188.475

 50, 14.327,
188.475

 60, 14.327,
188.475

 70, 14.327,
188.475

 80, 14.327,
188.475

 90, 14.327,

188.475

■ 20, 14.327,
188.475

■ 20, 14.327,
188.475

■ 20, 15.544,
187.802

■ 20, 12.859,
189.123

■ 20, 16.621,
187.145

■ 21, 11.158,
189.760

■ 20, 17.698,
186.578

■ 21, 9.247, 190.390

■ 21, 7.155, 191.017

■ 22, 4.911, 191.650

■ 22, 2.546, 192.310

■ 23, 0.086, 195.343

■ 23, 2.442, 13.371

■ 24, 5.018, 14.032

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 14.327, 188.475



11, 20.729, 21.123

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 14.327, 188.475



20, 14.327, 238.475



20, 14.327, 8.475



20, 14.327, 58.475

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 14.327, 188.473



29, 6.378, 191.538



19, 29.377, 137.774



13, 4.225, 191.506



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 14.327, 188.473



27, 19.602, 187.238



14, 13.218, 257.610



10, 1.411, 192.450



35, 25.362, 185.728



79, 48.050, 184.902

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11, 20.729, 21.123



13, 31.382, 26.002



15, 17.168, 59.324



9, 1.466, 13.324



17, 44.682, 31.282



46, 90.063, 37.303

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 20, 14.327, 188.475 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 20, 14.327, 188.475 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

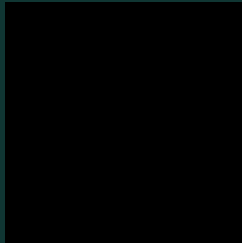
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 20, 14.327, 188.475

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 14.327, 188.475.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 14.327, 188.475.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
20, 14.327, 188.475

Protanopia
20, 0.470, 19.067

Deuteranopia
20, 4.501, 315.050



Tritanopia
20, 12.241, 210.279

Trichromacy



Original Color
20, 14.327, 188.475

Protanomaly
20, 5.808, 191.496

Deuteranomaly
20, 5.346, 213.325

Tritanomaly
20, 12.546, 203.443

Monochromacy



Original Color
20, 14.327, 188.475

Achromatopsia
17, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
18, 5.859, 191.389

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 20, 14.327, 188.475 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(16, 54, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(16, 54, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 54, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(16, 54, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 14.327, 188.475 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(16, 54, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(16, 54, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(16, 54, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(16, 54, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 54, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 54, 51)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 14.327, 188.475 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(16, 54, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(16, 54,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor