

Converting Colors

CIELCh(20, 15.659, 229.256)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(20, 15.659, 229.256)
contains.

CIELCh(20, 15.543, 229.416)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(20, 15.543, 229.416)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	063541
RGB	6, 53, 65
RGB Percent	2%, 21%, 25%
CMY	0.9753, 0.7914, 0.7443
CMYK	0.90, 0.18, 0.00, 0.74
HSL	192°, 82%, 14%
HSV	192°, 90%, 26%
XYZ	2.3210, 2.9891, 5.4869
YIQ	40.3150, -31.8640, -6.2320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

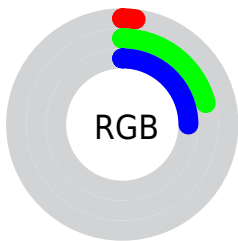
Format	Color
RYB	6, 32, 65
Decimal	406849
CIELab	20.00, -10.11, -11.80
CIELCh	20, 15.543, 229.416
Yxy	2.9891, 0.2150, 0.2768
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278596929 (0xFF063541)
YUV	40.3150, 12.1697, -30.0943
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, -6.2921, -6.7145

Details

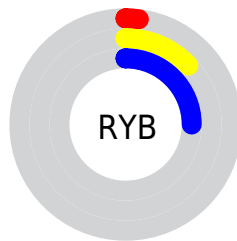
The CIELCh color **20, 15.543, 229.416** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **13, 28.174, 38.541**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 15.585, 228.822**, and **1, 10.980, 288.731** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 16.407, 231.288**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 14.679, 227.250**.

Distribution



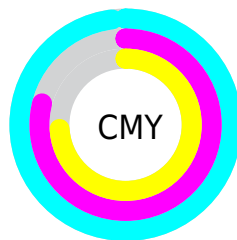
- Red (2%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (74%)





- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (74%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 15.543, 229.416 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 15.543, 229.416 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 20, 15.543,
229.416


 20, 15.543,
229.416


 100, 15.543,
229.416


 10, 15.543,
229.416


 40, 15.543,
229.416

 0, 15.543, 229.416

 50, 15.543,
229.416

 60, 15.543,
229.416

 70, 15.543,
229.416

 80, 15.543,
229.416

 90, 15.543,

229.416

■ 20, 15.543,
229.416

■ 20, 15.543,
229.416

■ 19, 16.407,
231.288

■ 21, 14.679,
227.250

■ 21, 13.611,
225.389

■ 22, 12.285,
223.901

■ 23, 10.716,
222.728

■ 24, 8.925, 221.819

■ 25, 6.938, 221.128

■ 26, 4.785, 220.621

■ 27, 2.493, 220.286

■ 28, 0.088, 222.707

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 15.543, 229.416



13, 28.174, 38.541

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 15.543, 229.416



20, 15.543, 279.416



20, 15.543, 49.416



20, 15.543, 99.416

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 15.543, 229.416



33, 7.682, 221.000



23, 37.287, 141.805



15, 5.202, 221.071



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 15.543, 229.416



26, 19.518, 232.927



10, 30.367, 291.497



12, 1.363, 220.250



30, 21.548, 233.715



68, 40.026, 236.948

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13, 35.347, 336.342



17, 44.581, 337.430



21, 27.255, 82.672



12, 2.543, 331.089



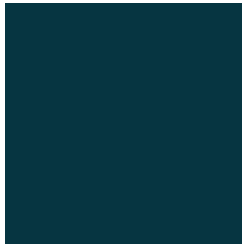
20, 49.023, 337.644



51, 89.428, 338.545

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 20, 15.543, 229.416 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 20, 15.543, 229.416 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

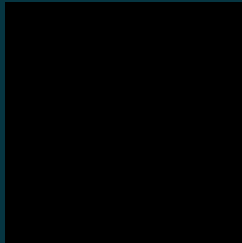
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

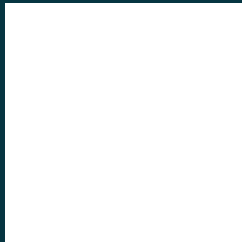
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 20, 15.543, 229.416

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 15.543, 229.416.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 15.543, 229.416.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20, 15.543, 229.416

Protanopia

20, 8.905, 284.146

Deuteranopia

20, 12.342, 283.751



Tritanopia
20, 16.157, 206.447

Trichromacy



Original Color
20, 15.543, 229.416

Protanomaly
20, 11.125, 251.890

Deuteranomaly
20, 12.794, 257.767

Tritanomaly
20, 15.752, 214.676

Monochromacy



Original Color
20, 15.543, 229.416

Achromatopsia
17, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
17, 7.690, 225.198

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 20, 15.543, 229.416 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(6, 53, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(6, 53, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(6, 53, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(6, 53, 65) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 15.543, 229.416 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(6, 53, 65) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(6, 53, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(6, 53, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(6, 53, 65); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 53, 65); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 53, 65) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 15.543, 229.416 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(6, 53, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(6, 53,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor