

Converting Colors

CIELCh(20, 16.252, 220.218)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(20, 16.252, 220.218)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(20, 16.152, 219.484)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	00363F
RGB	0, 54, 63
RGB Percent	0%, 21%, 25%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7885, 0.7532
CMYK	1.00, 0.14, 0.00, 0.75
HSL	189°, 100%, 12%
HSV	189°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.2098, 2.9891, 5.1522
YIQ	38.8800, -35.0730, -8.6490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

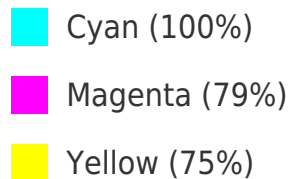
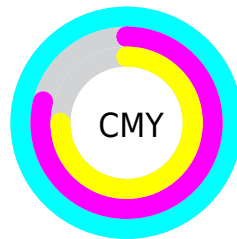
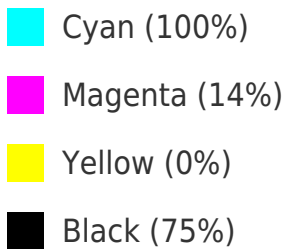
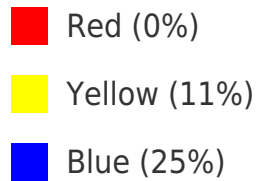
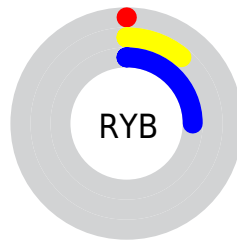
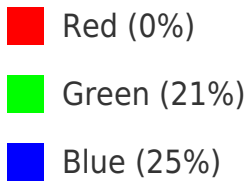
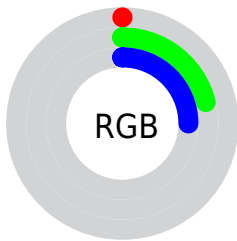
Format	Color
RYB	0, 29, 63
Decimal	13887
CIELab	20.00, -12.47, -10.27
CIELCh	20, 16.152, 219.484
Yxy	2.9891, 0.2135, 0.2888
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278203967 (0xFF00363F)
YUV	38.8800, 11.8912, -34.0978
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, -7.4401, -5.5667

Details

The CIELCh color **20, 16.152, 219.484** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **11, 30.410, 33.968**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 16.306, 219.884**, and **1, 9.561, 288.516** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20, 16.139, 219.504**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 15.326, 218.288**.


Distribution




Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 16.152, 219.484 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 16.152, 219.484 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 20, 16.152,
219.484


 20, 16.152,
219.484


 100, 16.152,
219.484


 10, 16.152,
219.484


 40, 16.152,
219.484

 0, 16.152, 219.484

 50, 16.152,
219.484

 60, 16.152,
219.484

 70, 16.152,
219.484

 80, 16.152,
219.484

 90, 16.152,

219.484

■ 20, 16.152,
219.484

■ 20, 16.152,
219.484

■ 20, 16.139,
219.504

■ 20, 15.326,
218.288

■ 21, 14.534,
216.925

■ 22, 13.518,
215.776

■ 22, 12.227,
214.889

■ 23, 10.677,
214.225

■ 23, 8.893, 213.749

■ 24, 6.904, 213.431

■ 25, 4.739, 213.248

■ 26, 2.429, 213.201

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 16.152, 219.484



11, 30.410, 33.968

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 16.152, 219.484



20, 16.152, 269.484



20, 16.152, 39.484



20, 16.152, 89.484

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 16.139, 219.504



32, 8.536, 213.464



22, 40.524, 139.494



14, 5.697, 213.505



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 16.139, 219.504



27, 19.157, 220.658



9, 29.672, 289.187



11, 1.322, 213.212



31, 21.153, 221.221



71, 39.277, 223.519

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11, 38.474, 333.969



17, 45.583, 334.257



18, 27.324, 75.147



10, 2.477, 329.015



20, 50.280, 334.397



51, 92.894, 334.974

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 20, 16.152, 219.484 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 20, 16.152, 219.484 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

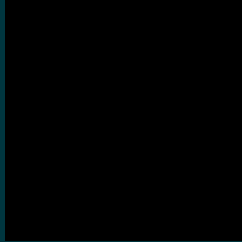
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

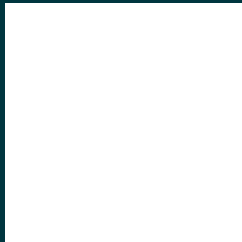
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 20, 16.152, 219.484

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 16.152, 219.484.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 16.152, 219.484.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20, 16.152, 219.484

Protanopia

20, 7.490, 288.649

Deuteranopia

20, 10.918, 286.262



Tritanopia
20, 16.096, 209.042

Trichromacy

	Original Color 20, 16.152, 219.484
	Protanomaly 20, 10.046, 241.511
	Deuteranomaly 20, 11.974, 251.939
	Tritanomaly 20, 16.065, 211.653

Monochromacy

	Original Color 20, 16.152, 219.484
	Achromatopsia 16, 0.003, 296.813
	Achromatomaly 17, 8.158, 218.098

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 20, 16.152, 219.484 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 54, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 54, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 54, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 54, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 16.152, 219.484 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 54, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 54, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 54, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 54, 63); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 54, 63); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 54, 63) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 16.152, 219.484 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 54, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 54,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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