

Converting Colors

CIELCh(20, 17.817, 187.994)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(20, 17.817, 187.994)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(20, 17.811, 187.280)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003733
RGB	0, 55, 51
RGB Percent	0%, 22%, 20%
CMY	0.9993, 0.7837, 0.7994
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.07, 0.78
HSL	176°, 99%, 11%
HSV	176°, 100%, 22%
XYZ	1.9769, 2.9891, 3.6227
YIQ	38.0990, -31.4960, -12.9040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

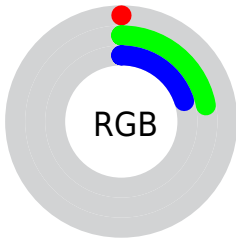
Format	Color
RYB	0, 29, 55
Decimal	14131
CIELab	20.00, -17.67, -2.26
CIELCh	20, 17.811, 187.280
Yxy	2.9891, 0.2302, 0.3480
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278204211 (0xFF003733)
YUV	38.0990, 6.3602, -33.4128
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, -9.8450, -0.3213

Details

The CIELCh color **20, 17.811, 187.280** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **7, 28.947, 20.480**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 17.817, 187.298**, and **0, 2.016, 290.178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20, 17.846, 187.262**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20, 16.714, 187.850**.

Distribution



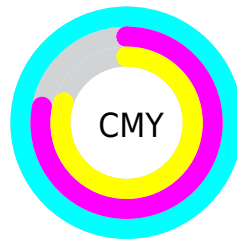
- Red (0%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (78%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 17.811, 187.280 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 17.811, 187.280 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 20, 17.811,
187.280


 20, 17.811,
187.280


 100, 17.811,
187.280


 10, 17.811,
187.280


 40, 17.811,
187.280

 0, 17.811, 187.280

 50, 17.811,
187.280

 60, 17.811,
187.280

 70, 17.811,
187.280

 80, 17.811,
187.280

 90, 17.811,

187.280

■ 20, 17.811,
187.280

■ 20, 17.811,
187.280

■ 20, 17.846,
187.262

■ 20, 16.714,
187.850

■ 20, 15.650,
188.485

■ 21, 14.415,
189.125

■ 21, 12.923,
189.750

■ 21, 11.192,
190.365

■ 21, 9.247, 190.977

■ 22, 7.118, 191.591

■ 22, 4.833, 192.213

■ 23, 2.424, 192.867

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 17.811, 187.280



7, 28.947, 20.480

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 17.811, 187.280



20, 17.811, 237.280



20, 17.811, 7.280



20, 17.811, 57.280

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 17.811, 187.279



29, 8.885, 191.482



19, 38.351, 136.644



13, 5.925, 191.423



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 17.811, 187.279



27, 21.190, 186.846



11, 18.227, 265.965



10, 1.409, 192.962



35, 25.213, 186.506



79, 47.738, 185.735

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7, 28.947, 20.480



12, 36.107, 26.871



12, 23.168, 52.558



9, 1.465, 13.820



17, 44.784, 31.535



46, 90.348, 37.556

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 20, 17.811, 187.280 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

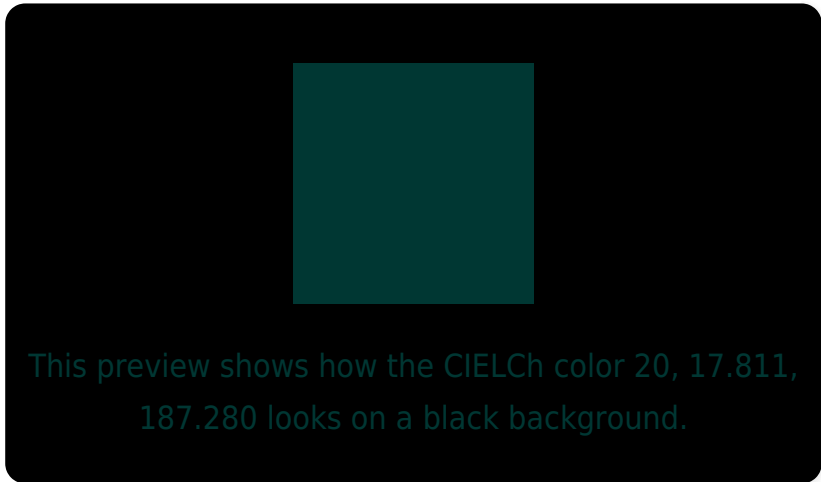
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

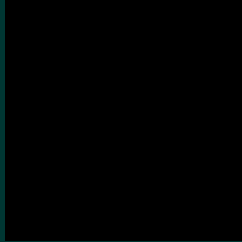
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 20, 17.811, 187.280

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 17.811, 187.280.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 17.811, 187.280.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
20, 17.811, 187.280

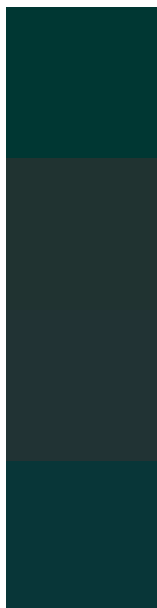
Protanopia
20, 1.428, 90.448

Deuteranopia
20, 3.881, 319.140



Tritanopia
20, 14.002, 208.324

Trichromacy



Original Color
20, 17.811, 187.280

Protanomaly
20, 8.312, 188.281

Deuteranomaly
20, 7.599, 203.171

Tritanomaly
20, 14.994, 202.008

Monochromacy



Original Color
20, 17.811, 187.280

Achromatopsia
15, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 8.575, 192.881

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 20, 17.811, 187.280 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 55, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 55, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 55, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 55, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 17.811, 187.280 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 55, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 55, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 55, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 55, 51); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 55, 51); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 55, 51) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 17.811, 187.280 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 55, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 55,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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