

Converting Colors

CIELCh(20, 3.896, 10.198)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(20, 3.896, 10.198) contains.

CIELCh(20, 3.896, 10.198)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(20, 3.896, 10.198)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	362E2F
RGB	54, 46, 47
RGB Percent	21%, 18%, 18%
CMY	0.7866, 0.8181, 0.8141
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.13, 0.79
HSL	353°, 8%, 20%
HSV	353°, 15%, 21%
XYZ	3.0569, 2.9891, 3.1473
YIQ	48.5060, 4.4470, 2.0070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

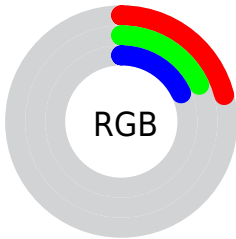
Format	Color
RYB	54, 46, 47
Decimal	3550767
CIELab	20.00, 3.83, 0.69
CIELCh	20, 3.896, 10.198
Yxy	2.9891, 0.3325, 0.3251
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281740847 (0xFF362E2F)
YUV	48.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, 1.3052, 1.3091

Details

The CIELCh color **20, 3.896, 10.198** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **22, 3.666, 188.191**, and the grayscale version is **20, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 3.884, 10.870**, and **0, 2.218, 19.405** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 6.712, 11.148**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22, 1.217, 9.305**.

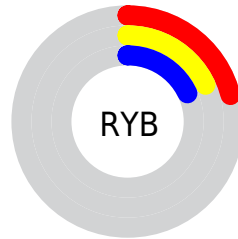
Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (18%)

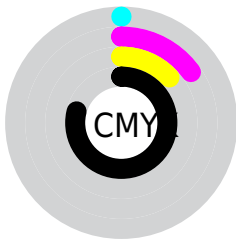
Blue (18%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (18%)

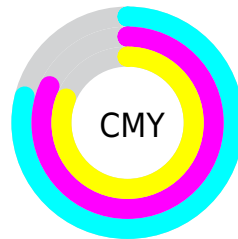


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 3.896, 10.198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 3.896, 10.198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20, 3.896, 10.198 ■ 20, 3.896, 10.198

■ 100, 3.896, 10.198 ■ 10, 3.896, 10.198

■ 40, 3.896, 10.198 ■ 0, 3.896, 10.198

■ 50, 3.896, 10.198

■ 60, 3.896, 10.198

■ 70, 3.896, 10.198

■ 80, 3.896, 10.198

■ 90, 3.896, 10.198

■ 20, 3.896, 10.198 ■ 20, 3.896, 10.198

■ 18, 6.712, 11.148 ■ 22, 1.217, 9.305

16, 9.658, 12.246	24, 1.322, 188.966
15, 12.710, 13.559	26, 3.725, 188.272
13, 15.828, 15.152	28, 6.002, 187.731
11, 18.954, 17.099	30, 8.160, 187.258
10, 21.916, 18.743	32, 10.212, 186.838
9, 24.487, 19.438	34, 12.166, 186.460
8, 27.077, 18.648	36, 14.031, 186.116
7, 28.488, 17.966	37, 15.817, 185.802

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 3.896, 10.198



22, 3.666, 188.191

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 3.896, 10.198



20, 3.896, 60.198



20, 3.896, 190.198



20, 3.896, 240.198

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 3.895, 10.207



29, 1.293, 9.246



20, 6.332, 321.337



13, 0.901, 9.282



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 3.895, 10.207



26, 6.045, 10.587



21, 3.145, 58.635



9, 1.479, 9.655



17, 43.938, 29.323



46, 87.685, 35.047

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 3.895, 10.207



26, 6.045, 10.587



21, 2.969, 241.187



9, 1.479, 9.655



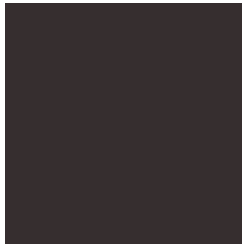
17, 43.938, 29.323



46, 87.685, 35.047

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 20, 3.896, 10.198 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

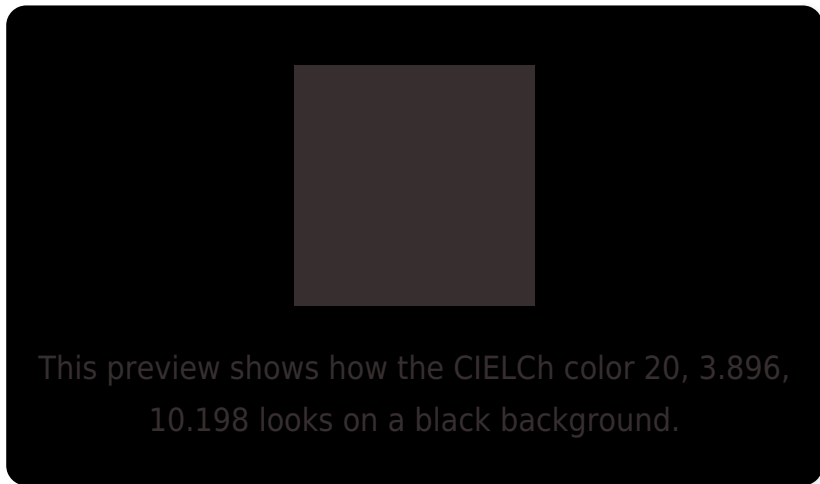
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

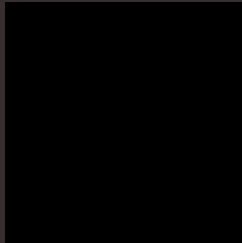
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 20, 3.896, 10.198

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 3.896, 10.198.

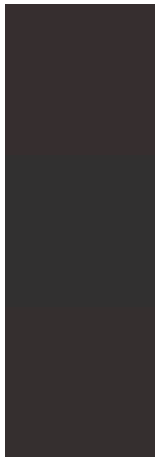


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 3.896, 10.198.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20, 3.896, 10.198

Protanopia

20, 0.470, 19.067

Deuteranopia

20, 2.870, 19.938



Tritanopia
20, 5.045, 347.974

Trichromacy



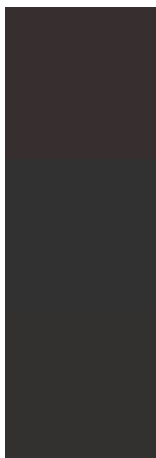
Original Color
20, 3.896, 10.198

Protanomaly
20, 2.015, 0.036

Deuteranomaly
20, 3.358, 20.052

Tritanomaly
20, 4.735, 355.000

Monochromacy



Original Color
20, 3.896, 10.198

Achromatopsia
20, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
20, 1.418, 19.554

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 20, 3.896, 10.198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 46, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 46, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 46, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 46, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 3.896, 10.198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 46, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 46, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 46, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 46, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 46, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 46, 47)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 3.896, 10.198 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 46, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 46,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor