

Converting Colors

CIELCh(20, 5.928, 16.717)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(20, 5.928, 16.717) contains.

CIELCh(20, 6.358, 14.701)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(20, 6.358, 14.701)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3A2D2E
RGB	58, 45, 46
RGB Percent	23%, 18%, 18%
CMY	0.7720, 0.8230, 0.8191
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.21, 0.77
HSL	355°, 13%, 20%
HSV	355°, 22%, 23%
XYZ	3.1924, 2.9891, 3.0073
YIQ	49.0010, 7.4270, 3.0670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

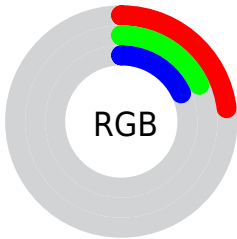
Format	Color
R _Y B	58, 45, 46
Decimal	3812654
CIE Lab	20.00, 6.15, 1.61
CIE LCh	20, 6.358, 14.701
Yxy	2.9891, 0.3474, 0.3253
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282002734 (0xFF3A2D2E)
YUV	49.0010, -1.4795, 7.8921
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, 2.7041, 1.7891

Details

The CIELCh color **20, 6.358, 14.701** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **23, 5.710, 191.688**, and the grayscale version is **20, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 6.050, 14.451**, and **1, 4.364, 19.405** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 9.461, 15.732**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22, 3.414, 13.837**.

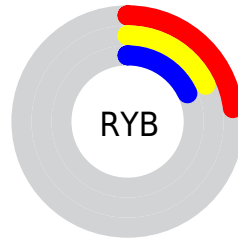
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (18%)

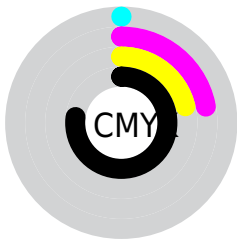
Blue (18%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (18%)

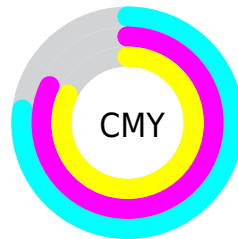


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 6.358, 14.701 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 6.358, 14.701 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20, 6.358, 14.701

■ 20, 6.358, 14.701

■ 100, 6.358, 14.701

■ 10, 6.358, 14.701

■ 40, 6.358, 14.701

■ 0, 6.358, 14.701

■ 50, 6.358, 14.701

■ 60, 6.358, 14.701

■ 70, 6.358, 14.701

■ 80, 6.358, 14.701

■ 90, 6.358, 14.701

■ 20, 6.358, 14.701

■ 20, 6.358, 14.701

■ 18, 9.461, 15.732

■ 22, 3.414, 13.837

16, 12.708, 16.972

24, 0.635, 12.842

14, 16.065, 18.493

26, 1.982, 192.714

13, 19.476, 20.372

28, 4.448, 192.137

11, 22.793, 22.235

30, 6.772, 191.673

10, 25.643, 23.003

32, 8.968, 191.274

9, 28.222, 22.578

34, 11.048,
190.924

8, 30.341, 21.677

36, 13.023,
190.612

38, 14.904,
190.333

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 6.358, 14.701



23, 5.710, 191.688

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 6.358, 14.701



20, 6.358, 64.701



20, 6.358, 194.701



20, 6.358, 244.701

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 6.357, 14.708



31, 2.394, 13.421



20, 10.357, 323.122



14, 1.526, 13.414



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 6.357, 14.708



26, 9.814, 15.295



22, 5.214, 63.831



9, 1.466, 13.500



17, 44.718, 31.372



46, 90.165, 37.394

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 6.357, 14.708



26, 9.814, 15.295



22, 4.826, 248.380



9, 1.466, 13.500



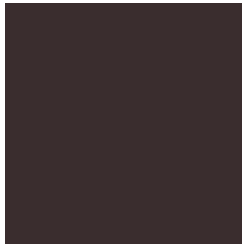
17, 44.718, 31.372



46, 90.165, 37.394

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 20, 6.358, 14.701 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 20, 6.358, 14.701 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

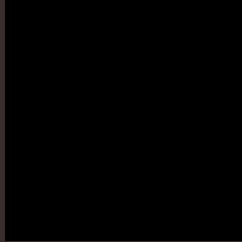
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 20, 6.358, 14.701

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 6.358, 14.701.

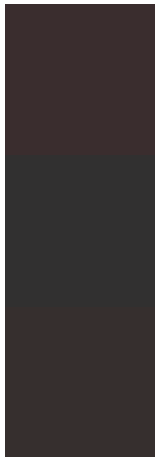


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 6.358, 14.701.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20, 6.358, 14.701

Protanopia

20, 0.470, 19.067

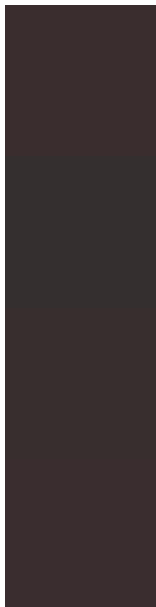
Deuteranopia

20, 3.447, 31.331



Tritanopia
20, 6.558, 2.874

Trichromacy



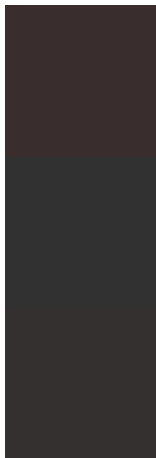
Original Color
20, 6.358, 14.701

Protanomaly
20, 2.385, 19.822

Deuteranomaly
20, 4.850, 20.402

Tritanomaly
20, 6.422, 8.693

Monochromacy



Original Color
20, 6.358, 14.701

Achromatopsia
20, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
20, 1.896, 19.690

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 20, 6.358, 14.701 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 45, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 45, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 45, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 45, 46) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 6.358, 14.701 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 45, 46) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 45, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 45, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 45, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 45, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 45, 46)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 6.358, 14.701 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 45, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 45,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor