

Converting Colors

CIELCh(20, 54.837, 327.404)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(20, 54.837, 327.404)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(20, 54.623, 327.409)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A015C
RGB	90, 1, 92
RGB Percent	35%, 0%, 36%
CMY	0.6462, 0.9949, 0.6384
CMYK	0.02, 0.99, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	299°, 97%, 18%
HSV	299°, 99%, 36%
XYZ	6.1926, 2.9891, 10.4233
YIQ	37.9850, 23.8330, 47.1690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

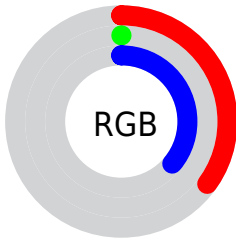
Format	Color
RYB	90, 1, 92
Decimal	5898588
CIELab	20.00, 46.02, -29.42
CIElCh	20, 54.623, 327.409
Yxy	2.9891, 0.3159, 0.1525
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284088668 (0xFF5A015C)
YUV	37.9850, 26.6294, 45.6172
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, 33.6807, -23.6432

Details

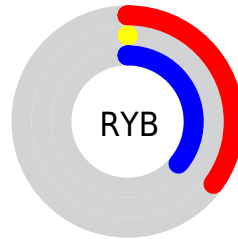
The CIELCh color **20, 54.623, 327.409** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **33, 56.344, 135.940**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 54.868, 327.277**, and **6, 34.377, 325.936** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20, 55.004, 327.427**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 51.997, 327.291**.

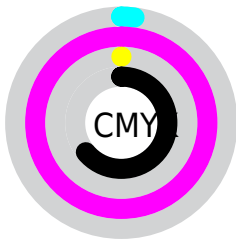
Distribution



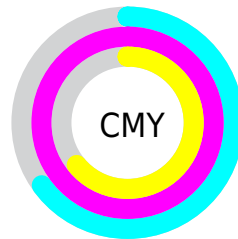
- Red (35%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (64%)





- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (64%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 54.623, 327.409 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 54.623, 327.409 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 20, 54.623,
327.409

 20, 54.623,
327.409


 100, 54.623,
327.409


 10, 54.623,
327.409


 40, 54.623,
327.409

 0, 54.623, 327.409

 50, 54.623,
327.409

 60, 54.623,
327.409

 70, 54.623,
327.409

 80, 54.623,
327.409

 90, 54.623,

327.409

■ 20, 54.623,
327.409

■ 20, 54.623,
327.409

■ 20, 55.004,
327.427

■ 21, 51.997,
327.291

■ 22, 48.773,
327.128

■ 23, 44.419,
326.879

■ 25, 39.116,
326.552

■ 27, 33.095,
326.162

■ 29, 26.584,
325.725

■ 32, 19.785,
325.255

■ 34, 12.855,
324.765

■ 37, 5.914, 324.259

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 54.623, 327.409



33, 56.344, 135.940

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 54.623, 327.409



20, 54.623, 17.409



20, 54.623, 147.409



20, 54.623, 197.409

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 54.622, 327.409



41, 25.748, 325.368



8, 60.738, 305.136



19, 17.687, 325.501



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 54.622, 327.409



27, 66.185, 327.402



18, 40.677, 355.723



17, 3.842, 324.271



25, 62.119, 327.410



55, 109.499, 327.357

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 45.360, 33.560



24, 57.406, 36.931



34, 41.838, 149.465



17, 2.233, 18.052



21, 53.237, 35.992



50, 98.099, 39.343

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 20, 54.623, 327.409 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

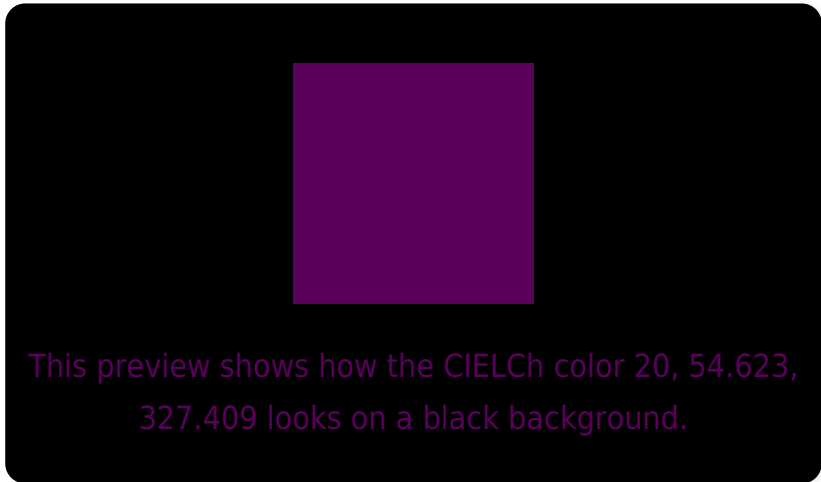
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

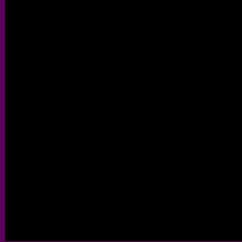
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 20, 54.623, 327.409

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 54.623, 327.409.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 54.623, 327.409.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20, 54.623, 327.409

Protanopia

21, 38.017, 284.265

Deuteranopia

22, 24.120, 278.500



Tritanopia
21, 24.276, 21.103

Trichromacy



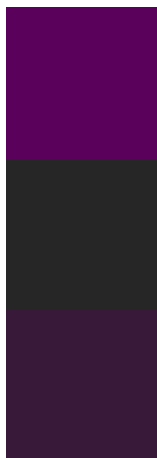
Original Color
20, 54.623, 327.409

Protanomaly
17, 47.175, 300.750

Deuteranomaly
18, 37.892, 306.493

Tritanomaly
20, 33.313, 348.392

Monochromacy



Original Color
20, 54.623, 327.409

Achromatopsia
15, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 26.114, 326.078

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 20, 54.623, 327.409 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 1, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 1, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 1, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 1, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 54.623, 327.409 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 1, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 1, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 1, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 1, 92); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 1, 92); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 1, 92) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 54.623, 327.409 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 1, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 1,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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