

Converting Colors

CIELCh(20, 56.333, 325.535)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(20, 56.333, 325.535)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(20, 56.450, 325.527)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	590160
RGB	89, 1, 96
RGB Percent	35%, 0%, 38%
CMY	0.6510, 0.9961, 0.6236
CMYK	0.07, 0.99, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	296°, 98%, 19%
HSV	296°, 99%, 38%
XYZ	6.2403, 2.9891, 11.3120
YIQ	38.1420, 21.9530, 48.2010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

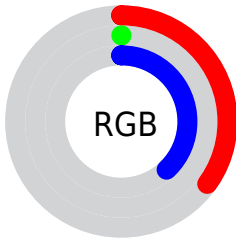
Format	Color
RYB	89, 1, 96
Decimal	5833056
CIELab	20.00, 46.54, -31.95
CIELCh	20, 56.450, 325.527
Yxy	2.9891, 0.3038, 0.1455
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284023136 (0xFF590160)
YUV	38.1420, 28.5240, 44.6025
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, 34.1730, -26.6909

Details

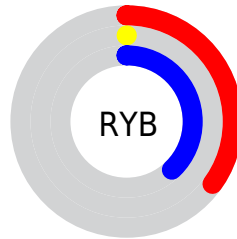
The CIELCh color **20, 56.450, 325.527** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **35, 57.728, 135.454**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 56.563, 325.536**, and **7, 36.061, 324.113** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20, 56.743, 325.531**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 53.711, 325.511**.

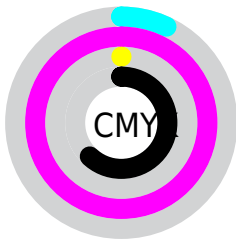
Distribution



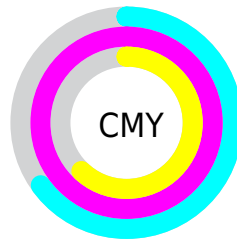
- Red (35%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)





- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 56.450, 325.527 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 56.450, 325.527 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 20, 56.450,
325.527


 20, 56.450,
325.527


 100, 56.450,
325.527


 10, 56.450,
325.527


 40, 56.450,
325.527

 0, 56.450, 325.527

 50, 56.450,
325.527

 60, 56.450,
325.527

 70, 56.450,
325.527

 80, 56.450,
325.527

 90, 56.450,

325.527

■ 20, 56.450,
325.527

■ 20, 56.450,
325.527

■ 20, 56.743,
325.531

■ 21, 53.711,
325.511

■ 22, 50.350,
325.443

■ 24, 45.814,
325.262

■ 26, 40.312,
324.985

■ 28, 34.093,
324.633

■ 30, 27.399,
324.227

■ 33, 20.433,
323.785

■ 35, 13.356,
323.321

■ 38, 6.281, 322.842

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 56.450, 325.527



35, 57.728, 135.454

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 56.450, 325.527



20, 56.450, 15.527



20, 56.450, 145.527



20, 56.450, 195.527

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 56.449, 325.527



42, 26.283, 323.873



9, 60.142, 304.012



20, 18.061, 324.003



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 56.449, 325.527



27, 68.418, 325.450



19, 42.708, 351.925



18, 3.959, 322.839



24, 63.344, 325.481



54, 110.774, 325.311

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 46.158, 32.078



25, 58.007, 35.201



35, 45.332, 147.039



18, 2.347, 13.862



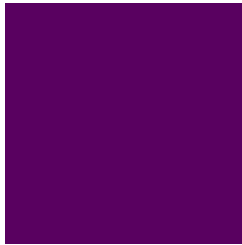
22, 53.057, 34.149



50, 96.802, 37.710

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 20, 56.450, 325.527 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 20, 56.450, 325.527 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

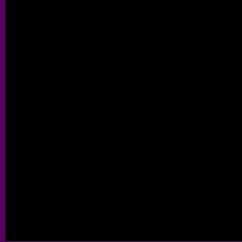
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 20, 56.450, 325.527

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 56.450, 325.527.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 56.450, 325.527.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20, 56.450, 325.527

Protanopia

21, 38.017, 284.265

Deuteranopia

22, 25.710, 276.012



Tritanopia
21, 22.279, 21.612

Trichromacy



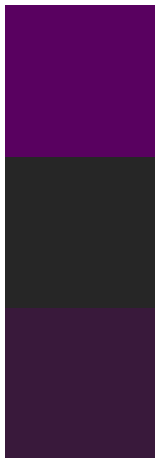
Original Color
20, 56.450, 325.527

Protanomaly
17, 47.828, 300.578

Deuteranomaly
18, 39.798, 303.965

Tritanomaly
20, 32.607, 346.215

Monochromacy



Original Color
20, 56.450, 325.527

Achromatopsia
15, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 26.652, 325.248

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 20, 56.450, 325.527 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 1, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 1, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 1, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 1, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 56.450, 325.527 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 1, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 1, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 1, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 1, 96); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 1, 96); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 1, 96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 56.450, 325.527 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 1, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 1,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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