

Converting Colors

CIELCh(20, 62.094, 321.404)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(20, 62.094, 321.404)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(20, 61.566, 321.438)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	56006A
RGB	86, 0, 106
RGB Percent	34%, 0%, 42%
CMY	0.6640, 1.0000, 0.5855
CMYK	0.19, 1.00, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	289°, 100%, 21%
HSV	289°, 100%, 41%
XYZ	6.3903, 2.9891, 13.7936
YIQ	37.7980, 17.2300, 51.1980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

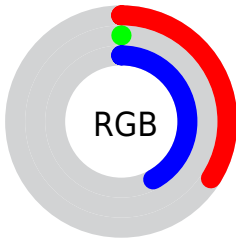
Format	Color
RYB	86, 0, 106
Decimal	5636202
CIELab	20.00, 48.14, -38.38
CIELCh	20, 61.566, 321.438
Yxy	2.9891, 0.2758, 0.1290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283826282 (0xFF56006A)
YUV	37.7980, 33.6236, 42.2732
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, 35.7218, -35.2013

Details

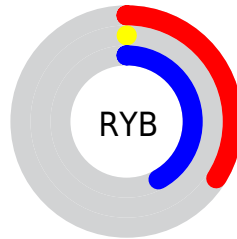
The CIELCh color **20, 61.566, 321.438** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **39, 61.229, 134.270**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 61.484, 321.336**, and **7, 41.242, 317.694** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20, 61.447, 321.419**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 58.374, 321.596**.

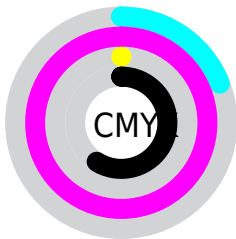
Distribution



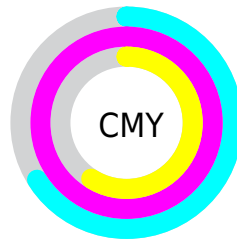
- Red (34%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 61.566, 321.438 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 61.566, 321.438 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20, 61.566,
321.438

■ 20, 61.566,
321.438

■ 100, 61.566,
321.438

■ 10, 61.566,
321.438

■ 40, 61.566,
321.438

■ 0, 61.566, 321.438

■ 50, 61.566,
321.438

■ 60, 61.566,
321.438

■ 70, 61.566,
321.438

■ 80, 61.566,
321.438

■ 90, 61.566,

321.438

■ 20, 61.566,
321.438

■ 20, 61.566,
321.438

■ 20, 61.447,
321.419

■ 21, 58.374,
321.596

■ 23, 54.649,
321.708

■ 25, 49.631,
321.647

■ 27, 43.599,
321.451

■ 30, 36.855,
321.155

■ 32, 29.669,
320.791

■ 35, 22.257,
320.388

■ 38, 14.777,
319.964

■ 41, 7.336, 319.530

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 61.566, 321.438



39, 61.229, 134.270

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 61.566, 321.438



20, 61.566, 11.438



20, 61.566, 141.438



20, 61.566, 191.438

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 61.447, 321.419



46, 27.659, 320.423



13, 58.443, 301.001



21, 18.735, 320.548



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 61.447, 321.419



27, 74.320, 321.239



22, 48.773, 343.790



21, 4.164, 319.485



23, 66.185, 321.343



50, 114.062, 320.963

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 47.704, 27.117



28, 58.452, 28.814



38, 54.079, 142.270



21, 2.626, 4.771



23, 51.660, 27.839



51, 91.600, 31.264

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 20, 61.566, 321.438 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

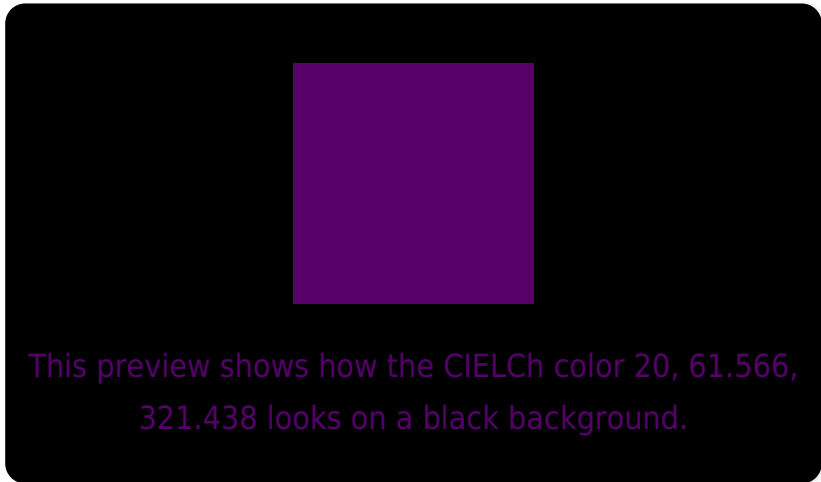
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

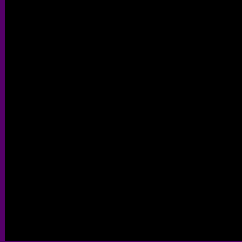
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 20, 61.566, 321.438

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 61.566, 321.438.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 61.566, 321.438.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20, 61.566, 321.438

Protanopia

21, 38.017, 284.265

Deuteranopia

21, 28.306, 272.638



Tritanopia
21, 17.992, 17.466

Trichromacy



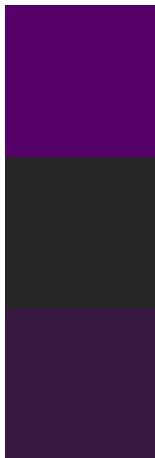
Original Color
20, 61.566, 321.438

Protanomaly
17, 50.335, 300.675

Deuteranomaly
17, 43.894, 298.959

Tritanomaly
19, 33.058, 337.346

Monochromacy



Original Color
20, 61.566, 321.438

Achromatopsia
15, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
15, 29.365, 320.890

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 20, 61.566, 321.438 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 0, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 0, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 0, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 0, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 61.566, 321.438 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 0, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 0, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 0, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 0, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 0, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 0, 106)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 61.566, 321.438 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 0, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 0,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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