

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(20, 8.511, 347.198)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(20, 8.511, 347.198) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(20, 8.503, 347.488)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B2C33
RGB	59, 44, 51
RGB Percent	23%, 17%, 20%
CMY	0.7680, 0.8268, 0.7993
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.14, 0.77
HSL	332°, 15%, 20%
HSV	332°, 25%, 23%
XYZ	3.3218, 2.9891, 3.5530
YIQ	49.2830, 6.6930, 5.3570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

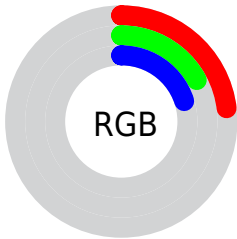
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	59, 44, 51
Decimal	3877939
CIE Lab	20.00, 8.30, -1.84
CIE LCh	20, 8.503, 347.488
Yxy	2.9891, 0.3368, 0.3030
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282068019 (0xFF3B2C33)
YUV	49.2830, 0.8465, 8.5218
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, 4.0403, -0.0824

# Details

The CIELCh color **20, 8.503, 347.488** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **23, 8.234, 163.523**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 7.998, 348.418**, and **1, 5.528, 358.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 11.923, 348.449**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22, 5.102, 346.622**.

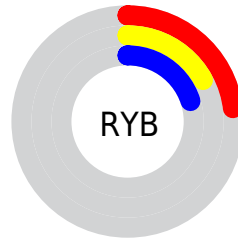
# Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (17%)

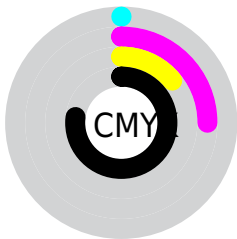
Blue (20%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (17%)

Blue (20%)

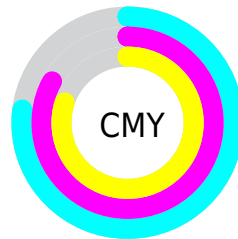


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (80%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 8.503, 347.488 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 8.503, 347.488 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20, 8.503, 347.488

■ 20, 8.503, 347.488

■ 100, 8.503,  
347.488

■ 10, 8.503, 347.488

■ 0, 8.503, 347.488

■ 40, 8.503, 347.488

■ 50, 8.503, 347.488

■ 60, 8.503, 347.488

■ 70, 8.503, 347.488

■ 80, 8.503, 347.488

■ 90, 8.503, 347.488

■ 20, 8.503, 347.488

■ 20, 8.503, 347.488

18, 11.923,  
348.449

16, 15.309,  
349.528

15, 18.578,  
350.766

13, 21.625,  
352.213

12, 24.325,  
353.936

11, 26.570,  
356.002

10, 28.919,  
357.889

9, 30.148, 358.620

22, 5.102, 346.622

24, 1.761, 345.782

26, 1.497, 165.292

28, 4.662, 164.559

30, 7.728, 163.940

32, 10.695,  
163.372

34, 13.565,  
162.845

36, 16.344,  
162.352

38, 19.036,  
161.891

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 8.503, 347.488



23, 8.234, 163.523

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 8.503, 347.488



20, 8.503, 37.488



20, 8.503, 167.488



20, 8.503, 217.488

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 8.502, 347.490



31, 3.267, 346.043



19, 10.898, 311.218



14, 2.280, 346.101



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 8.502, 347.490



25, 12.511, 348.052



20, 7.172, 23.617



10, 1.882, 346.053



18, 40.951, 1.968



48, 76.001, 5.822





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 8.502, 347.490



25, 12.511, 348.052



24, 6.191, 201.446



10, 1.882, 346.053



18, 40.951, 1.968

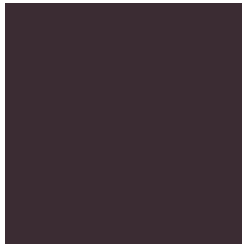


48, 76.001, 5.822



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 20, 8.503, 347.488 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

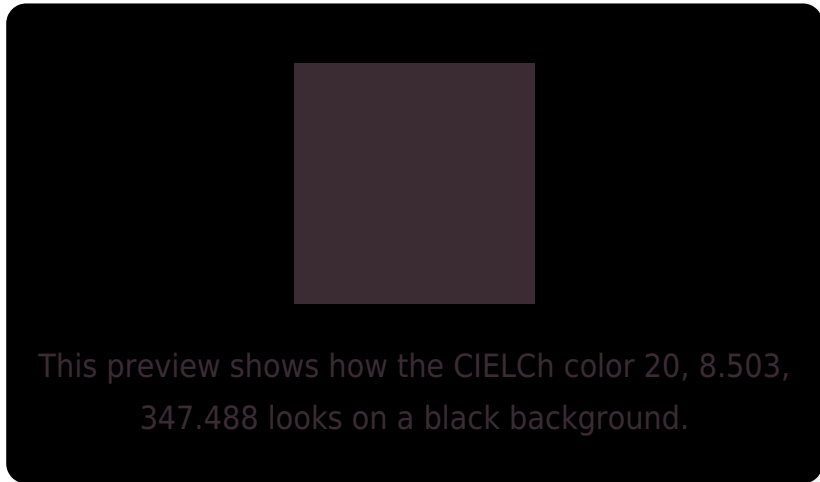
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

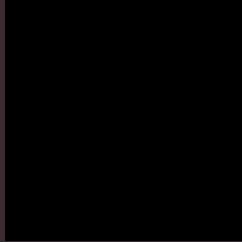
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 20, 8.503, 347.488

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 8.503, 347.488.

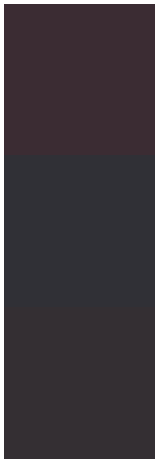


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 8.503, 347.488.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20, 8.503, 347.488

### Protanopia

20, 4.087, 291.151

### Deuteranopia

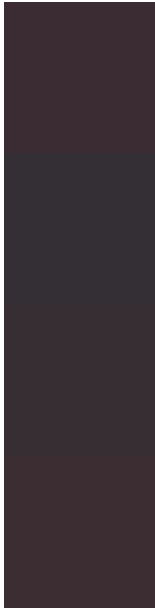
20, 3.597, 330.995



**Tritanopia**  
20, 7.025, 4.245



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20, 8.503, 347.488

## Protanomaly

20, 4.707, 320.213

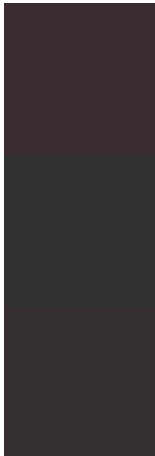
## Deuteranomaly

20, 5.425, 341.867

## Tritanomaly

20, 7.208, 359.041

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20, 8.503, 347.488

## Achromatopsia

20, 0.004, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

20, 3.488, 344.403

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 20, 8.503, 347.488 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 44, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 44, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 44, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 44, 51) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 8.503, 347.488 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 44, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 44, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 44, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 44, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 44, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 44, 51)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 8.503, 347.488 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 44, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 44,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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