

Converting Colors

CIELCh(20, 89.559, 308.546)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(20, 89.559, 308.546)
contains.

CIELCh(20, 89.341, 308.493)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(20, 89.341, 308.493)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2F009B
RGB	47, 0, 155
RGB Percent	18%, 0%, 61%
CMY	0.8146, 0.9991, 0.3914
CMYK	0.70, 1.00, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	258°, 100%, 30%
HSV	258°, 100%, 61%
XYZ	7.1206, 2.9891, 31.2997
YIQ	31.7230, -21.7430, 58.1690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

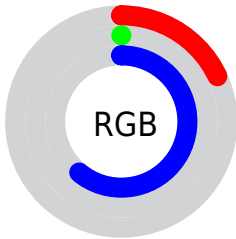
Format	Color
RYB	47, 0, 155
Decimal	3080347
CIELab	20.00, 55.61, -69.93
CIELCh	20, 89.341, 308.493
Yxy	2.9891, 0.1720, 0.0722
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281270427 (0xFF2F009B)
YUV	31.7230, 60.7756, 13.3979
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, 43.2615, -95.2361

Details

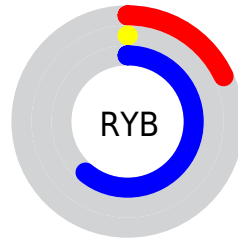
The CIELCh color **20, 89.341, 308.493** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330099**. A complement of this color would be **59, 70.493, 119.851**, and the grayscale version is **12, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 89.450, 308.510**, and **9, 68.283, 306.287** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20, 89.419, 308.498**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22, 84.025, 308.407**.

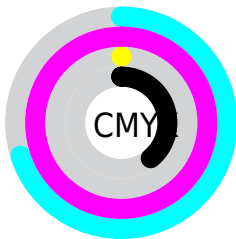
Distribution



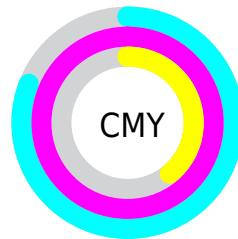
- Red (18%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)





- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 89.341, 308.493 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 89.341, 308.493 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 20, 89.341,
308.493

 20, 89.341,
308.493


 100, 89.341,
308.493


 10, 89.341,
308.493


 40, 89.341,
308.493

 0, 89.341, 308.493

 50, 89.341,
308.493

 60, 89.341,
308.493

 70, 89.341,
308.493

 80, 89.341,
308.493

 90, 89.341,

308.493

■ 20, 89.341,
308.493

■ 20, 89.341,
308.493

■ 20, 89.419,
308.498

■ 22, 84.025,
308.407

■ 26, 76.818,
308.038

■ 30, 67.866,
307.347

■ 34, 58.022,
306.493

■ 39, 47.870,
305.593

■ 44, 37.750,
304.716

■ 49, 27.834,
303.901

■ 54, 18.202,
303.163

■ 59, 8.883, 302.504

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 89.341, 308.493



59, 70.493, 119.851

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 89.341, 308.493



20, 89.341, 358.493



20, 89.341, 128.493



20, 89.341, 178.493

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 89.342, 308.494



62, 34.628, 303.958



43, 33.557, 255.307



30, 23.965, 304.271



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 89.342, 308.494



27, 108.738, 308.321



31, 81.205, 320.803



30, 5.028, 302.465



17, 82.953, 308.580



0, 5.353, 301.746

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 63.706, 344.833



45, 77.025, 345.289



56, 80.980, 134.523



30, 4.801, 335.015



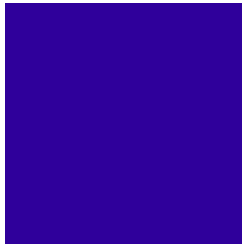
31, 59.275, 344.665



1, 5.108, 334.910

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 20, 89.341, 308.493 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

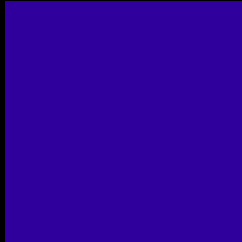
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 20, 89.341, 308.493 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 20, 89.341, 308.493

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 89.341, 308.493.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 89.341, 308.493.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


20, 89.341, 308.493

Protanopia

21, 36.784, 283.299

Deuteranopia

21, 26.059, 268.889



Tritanopia
21, 16.738, 206.011

Trichromacy



Original Color
20, 89.341, 308.493

Protanomaly
18, 60.955, 300.230

Deuteranomaly
18, 53.584, 298.294

Tritanomaly
17, 40.799, 293.824

Monochromacy



Original Color
20, 89.341, 308.493

Achromatopsia
12, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
12, 40.382, 307.512

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 20, 89.341, 308.493 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 0, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 0, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 0, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 0, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 89.341, 308.493 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 0, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 0, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(47, 0, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 0, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 0, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 0, 155)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 89.341, 308.493 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 0, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 0,  
155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor