

Converting Colors

CIELCh(20, 94.550, 307.142)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(20, 94.550, 307.142)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(20, 94.492, 307.149)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F01A4
RGB	31, 1, 164
RGB Percent	12%, 0%, 64%
CMY	0.8788, 0.9963, 0.3570
CMYK	0.81, 0.99, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	251°, 99%, 32%
HSV	251°, 99%, 64%
XYZ	7.2691, 2.9891, 35.2933
YIQ	28.5520, -34.4430, 57.0530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

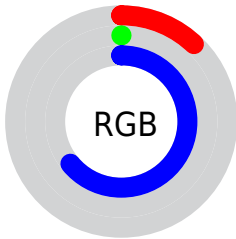
Format	Color
RYB	31, 1, 164
Decimal	2032036
CIELab	20.00, 57.06, -75.32
CIELCh	20, 94.492, 307.149
Yxy	2.9891, 0.1596, 0.0656
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280222116 (0xFF1F01A4)
YUV	28.5520, 66.7759, 2.1469
Hunter-Lab	17.2889, 44.7947, -108.9318

Details

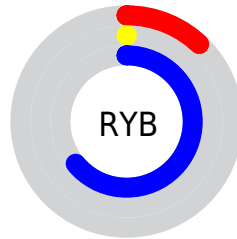
The CIELCh color **20, 94.492, 307.149** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000099**. A complement of this color would be **63, 71.033, 113.695**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40, 94.328, 307.216**, and **10, 72.489, 306.287** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20, 94.810, 307.185**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22, 88.882, 306.697**.

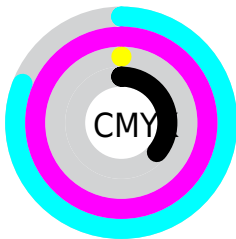
Distribution



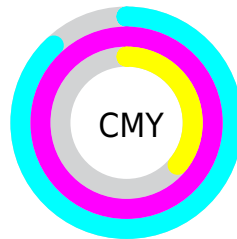
- Red (12%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)





- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (36%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 20, 94.492, 307.149 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 20, 94.492, 307.149 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 20, 94.492,
307.149


 20, 94.492,
307.149


 100, 94.492,
307.149


 10, 94.492,
307.149


 40, 94.492,
307.149

 0, 94.492, 307.149

 50, 94.492,
307.149

 60, 94.492,
307.149

 70, 94.492,
307.149

 80, 94.492,
307.149

 90, 94.492,

307.149

■ 20, 94.492,
307.149

■ 20, 94.492,
307.149

■ 20, 94.810,
307.185

■ 22, 88.882,
306.697

■ 26, 80.868,
305.868

■ 30, 70.991,
304.700

■ 35, 60.300,
303.400

■ 40, 49.447,
302.112

■ 46, 38.765,
300.911

■ 51, 28.397,
299.832

■ 57, 18.394,
298.880

■ 62, 8.761, 298.051

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20, 94.492, 307.149



63, 71.033, 113.695

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20, 94.492, 307.149



20, 94.492, 357.149



20, 94.492, 127.149



20, 94.492, 177.149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20, 94.494, 307.150



65, 36.065, 299.948



52, 31.315, 231.383



31, 24.747, 300.369



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20, 94.494, 307.150



28, 115.883, 307.067



30, 86.072, 316.957



32, 5.236, 298.038



17, 86.710, 307.252



1, 8.011, 296.701

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 71.991, 337.043



49, 87.693, 337.298



59, 82.280, 132.691



32, 5.517, 330.500



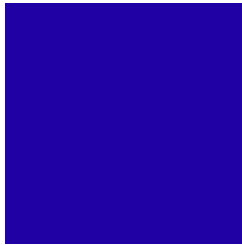
33, 66.058, 336.989



1, 8.260, 331.582

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 20, 94.492, 307.149 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

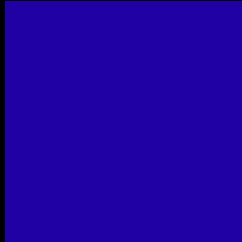
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 20, 94.492, 307.149 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

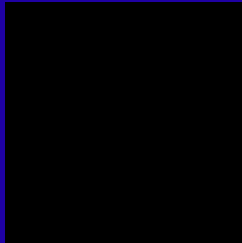
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 20, 94.492, 307.149

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 94.492, 307.149.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 20, 94.492, 307.149.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20, 94.492, 307.149

Protanopia

21, 36.784, 283.299

Deuteranopia

21, 25.512, 267.852



Tritanopia
21, 16.831, 203.552

Trichromacy



Original Color
20, 94.492, 307.149

Protanomaly
18, 62.835, 300.071

Deuteranomaly
18, 55.523, 298.116

Tritanomaly
17, 42.093, 292.914

Monochromacy



Original Color
20, 94.492, 307.149

Achromatopsia
10, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
11, 42.080, 304.868

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 20, 94.492, 307.149 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 1, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 1, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 1, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 1, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 20, 94.492, 307.149 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 1, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 1, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 1, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 1, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 1, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 1, 164)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 20, 94.492, 307.149 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 1, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 1,  
164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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