

Converting Colors

CIELCh(21, 10.715, 275.469)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(21, 10.715, 275.469)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(21, 10.514, 274.746)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B3342
RGB	43, 51, 66
RGB Percent	17%, 20%, 26%
CMY	0.8323, 0.8009, 0.7422
CMYK	0.35, 0.23, 0.00, 0.74
HSL	219°, 21%, 21%
HSV	219°, 35%, 26%
XYZ	3.1351, 3.2451, 5.5761
YIQ	50.3180, -9.5830, 2.9690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

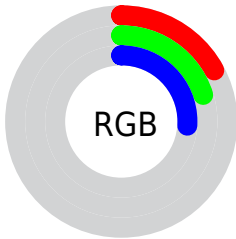
Format	Color
R_{YB}	43, 49, 66
Decimal	2831170
CIE Lab	21.00, 0.87, -10.48
CIE LCh	21, 10.514, 274.746
Yxy	3.2451, 0.2622, 0.2714
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281021250 (0xFF2B3342)
YUV	50.3180, 7.7312, -6.4179
Hunter-Lab	18.0142, -0.4593, -5.7425

Details

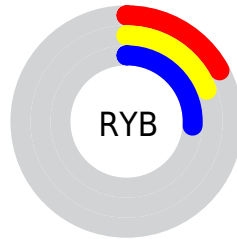
The CIELCh color **21, 10.514, 274.746** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **25, 10.646, 85.947**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41, 10.673, 275.144**, and **1, 10.566, 284.153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 13.605, 276.599**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23, 7.462, 273.133**.

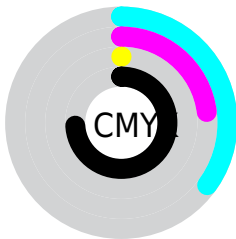
Distribution



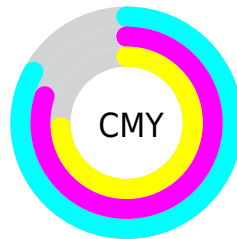
- Red (17%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (74%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 21, 10.514, 274.746 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 21, 10.514, 274.746 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21, 10.514,
274.746

■ 21, 10.514,
274.746

■ 100, 10.514,
274.746

■ 11, 10.514,
274.746

■ 41, 10.514,
274.746

■ 1, 10.514, 274.746

■ 51, 10.514,
274.746

■ 0, 10.514, 274.746

■ 61, 10.514,
274.746

■ 71, 10.514,
274.746

■ 81, 10.514,
274.746

■ 91, 10.514,

274.746

■ 21, 10.514,
274.746

■ 21, 10.514,
274.746

■ 19, 13.605,
276.599

■ 23, 7.462, 273.133

■ 25, 4.447, 271.735

■ 17, 16.743,
278.725

■ 27, 1.469, 270.559

■ 15, 19.934,
281.143

■ 29, 1.472, 89.327

■ 31, 4.375, 88.431

■ 13, 23.191,
283.860

■ 33, 7.238, 87.603

■ 12, 26.525,
286.850

■ 35, 10.063, 86.862

■ 10, 29.972,
289.628

■ 37, 12.846, 86.199

■ 9, 31.756, 290.823

■ 39, 15.589, 85.602

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 10.514, 274.746



25, 10.646, 85.947

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 10.514, 274.746



21, 10.514, 324.746



21, 10.514, 94.746



21, 10.514, 144.746

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 10.513, 274.745



34, 3.731, 271.170



26, 11.258, 169.547



16, 2.506, 271.238



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 10.513, 274.745



27, 15.983, 276.382



19, 15.914, 298.896



12, 1.659, 270.945



15, 44.001, 293.293



39, 87.894, 296.235

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 12.124, 356.046



26, 18.437, 357.187



27, 14.814, 113.763



12, 1.875, 353.338



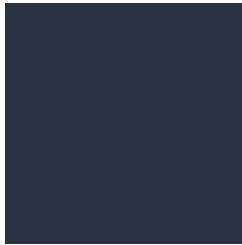
19, 41.852, 12.905



48, 78.278, 17.436

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 21, 10.514, 274.746 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 21, 10.514, 274.746 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

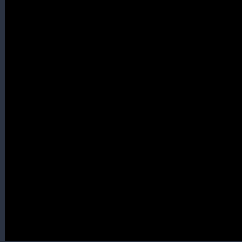
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

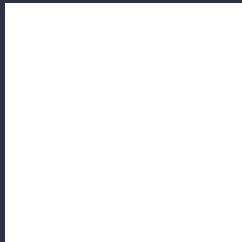
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 21, 10.514, 274.746

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 10.514, 274.746.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 10.514, 274.746.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


21, 10.514, 274.746

Protanopia

21, 10.230, 283.288

Deuteranopia

21, 10.852, 286.158



Tritanopia
21, 5.679, 235.461

Trichromacy



Original Color
21, 10.514, 274.746

Protanomaly
21, 10.290, 281.091

Deuteranomaly
21, 10.948, 282.019

Tritanomaly
21, 6.713, 252.893

Monochromacy



Original Color
21, 10.514, 274.746

Achromatopsia
21, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
21, 4.245, 272.997

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 21, 10.514, 274.746 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 51, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 51, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 51, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 51, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 21, 10.514, 274.746 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 51, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 51, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 51, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 51, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 51, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 51, 66)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 21, 10.514, 274.746 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 51, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 51,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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