

Converting Colors

CIELCh(21, 16.953, 101.991)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(21, 16.953, 101.991)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(21, 16.581, 100.737)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	36331A
RGB	54, 51, 26
RGB Percent	21%, 20%, 10%
CMY	0.7876, 0.7994, 0.8975
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.52, 0.79
HSL	54°, 35%, 16%
HSV	54°, 52%, 21%
XYZ	2.9086, 3.2451, 1.4589
YIQ	49.0470, 9.8130, -7.1390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

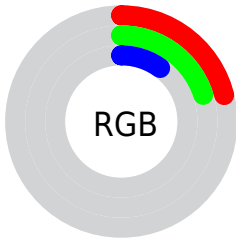
Format	Color
R_{YB}	29, 54, 26
Decimal	3552026
CIE Lab	21.00, -3.09, 16.29
CIE LCh	21, 16.581, 100.737
Yxy	3.2451, 0.3821, 0.4263
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281742106 (0xFF36331A)
YUV	49.0470, -11.3622, 4.3438
Hunter-Lab	18.0142, -2.7039, 7.8084

Details

The CIELCh color **21, 16.581, 100.737** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **12, 18.143, 291.970**, and the grayscale version is **20, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41, 16.378, 99.613**, and **1, 2.954, 144.443** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21, 19.598, 99.833**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 13.453, 101.660**.

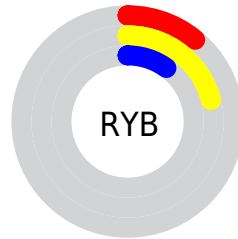
Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (20%)

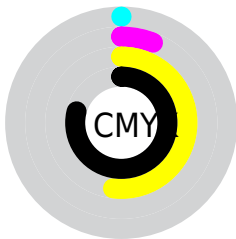
Blue (10%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (10%)

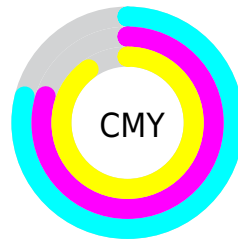


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (52%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 21, 16.581, 100.737 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 21, 16.581, 100.737 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21, 16.581,
100.737

■ 21, 16.581,
100.737

■ 100, 16.581,
100.737

■ 11, 16.581,
100.737

■ 41, 16.581,
100.737

■ 1, 16.581, 100.737

■ 51, 16.581,
100.737

■ 0, 16.581, 100.737

■ 61, 16.581,
100.737

■ 71, 16.581,
100.737

■ 81, 16.581,
100.737

■ 91, 16.581,

100.737

■ 21, 16.581,
100.737

■ 21, 16.581,
100.737

■ 21, 19.598, 99.833

■ 21, 13.453,
101.660

■ 20, 22.422, 98.954

■ 22, 10.260,
102.583

■ 20, 24.670, 98.205

■ 20, 26.583, 97.570

■ 22, 7.034, 103.500

■ 20, 28.167, 97.118

■ 22, 3.794, 104.401

■ 23, 0.555, 105.222

■ 23, 2.677, 286.183

■ 23, 5.895, 287.013

■ 24, 9.096, 287.820

■ 24, 12.277,
288.598

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 16.581, 100.737



12, 18.143, 291.970

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 16.581, 100.737



21, 16.581, 150.737



21, 16.581, 280.737



21, 16.581, 330.737

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 16.581, 100.740



30, 6.528, 103.943



13, 14.840, 15.251



14, 4.319, 103.912



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 16.581, 100.740



28, 24.694, 99.520



21, 19.124, 122.652



10, 1.845, 104.694



35, 42.816, 95.988



79, 80.165, 95.356

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12, 18.143, 291.970



14, 28.029, 294.494



12, 20.761, 307.613



9, 1.871, 286.243



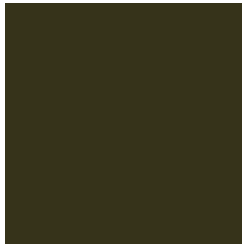
9, 57.376, 303.440



29, 114.028, 305.005

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 21, 16.581, 100.737 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

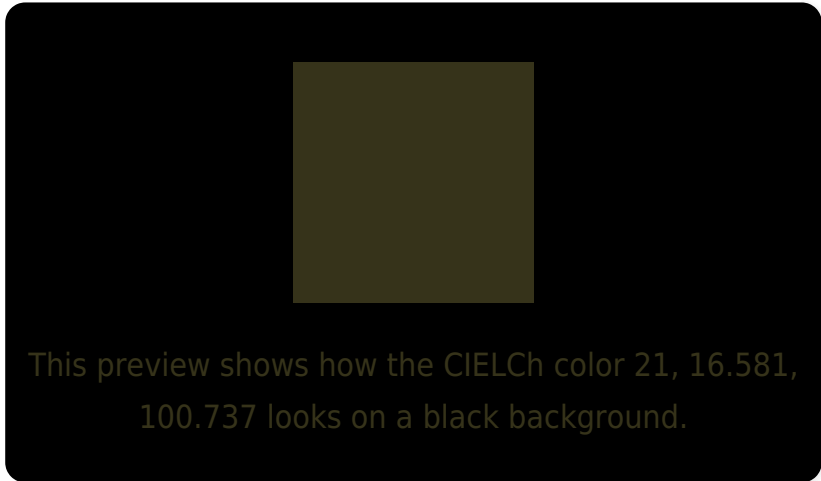
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

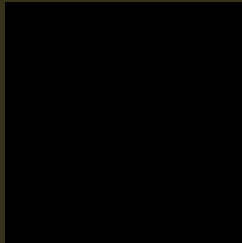
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 21, 16.581, 100.737

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 16.581, 100.737.

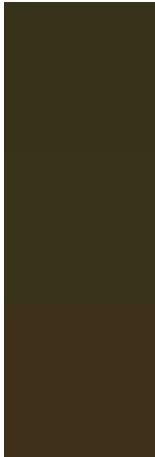


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 16.581, 100.737.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21, 16.581, 100.737

Protanopia

21, 16.732, 97.091

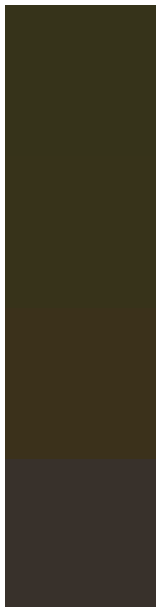
Deuteranopia

21, 16.108, 78.830



Tritanopia
21, 5.014, 347.935

Trichromacy



Original Color
21, 16.581, 100.737

Protanomaly
21, 16.647, 98.908

Deuteranomaly
21, 15.697, 86.657

Tritanomaly
21, 5.336, 68.805

Monochromacy



Original Color
21, 16.581, 100.737

Achromatopsia
20, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
21, 6.079, 104.079

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 21, 16.581, 100.737 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 51, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 51, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 51, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 51, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 21, 16.581, 100.737 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

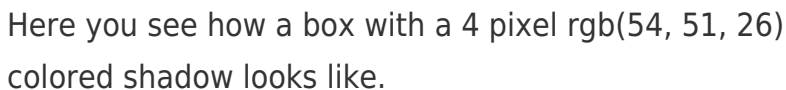
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 51, 26) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 51, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 51, 26)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 51, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 51, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 51, 26)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 21, 16.581, 100.737 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 51, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 51,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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