

Converting Colors

CIELCh(21, 17.365, 72.372)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(21, 17.365, 72.372) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(21, 17.396, 72.564)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	412F1A
RGB	65, 47, 26
RGB Percent	25%, 18%, 10%
CMY	0.7446, 0.8152, 0.8976
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.60, 0.74
HSL	32°, 43%, 18%
HSV	32°, 60%, 26%
XYZ	3.3968, 3.2451, 1.4309
YIQ	49.9880, 17.4690, -2.7150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

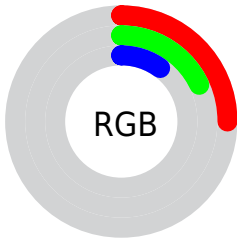
Format	Color
R_{YB}	59, 65, 26
Decimal	4271898
CIE _{Lab}	21.00, 5.21, 16.60
CIE _{LCh}	21, 17.396, 72.564
Yxy	3.2451, 0.4208, 0.4020
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282461978 (0xFF412F1A)
YUV	49.9880, -11.8261, 13.1655
Hunter-Lab	18.0142, 2.1336, 7.9006

Details

The CIELCh color **21, 17.396, 72.564** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **18, 15.519, 269.760**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41, 17.162, 73.162**, and **1, 5.120, 19.405** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20, 20.563, 71.329**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22, 14.266, 73.768**.

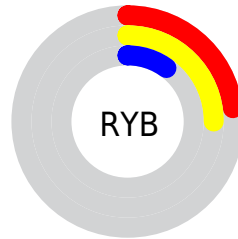
Distribution



 Red (25%)

 Green (18%)

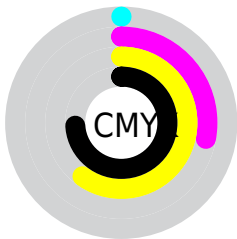
 Blue (10%)



 Red (23%)

 Yellow (25%)

 Blue (10%)

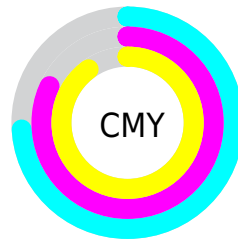


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (28%)

 Yellow (60%)

 Black (74%)



 Cyan (74%)

 Magenta (82%)

 Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 21, 17.396, 72.564 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 21, 17.396, 72.564 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21, 17.396, 72.564

■ 21, 17.396, 72.564

■ 100, 17.396,
72.564

■ 11, 17.396, 72.564

■ 41, 17.396, 72.564

■ 1, 17.396, 72.564

■ 51, 17.396, 72.564

■ 0, 17.396, 72.564

■ 61, 17.396, 72.564

■ 71, 17.396, 72.564

■ 81, 17.396, 72.564

■ 91, 17.396, 72.564

■ 21, 17.396, 72.564

■ 21, 17.396, 72.564

■ 20, 20.563, 71.329

■ 22, 14.266, 73.768

■ 19, 23.452, 69.800

■ 23, 11.213, 74.943

■ 18, 25.590, 67.660

■ 24, 8.256, 76.098

■ 17, 27.655, 65.756

■ 25, 5.398, 77.230

■ 17, 27.673, 65.741

■ 26, 2.639, 78.321

■ 28, 0.027, 265.170

■ 29, 2.606, 260.598

■ 30, 5.106, 261.603

■ 31, 7.534, 262.591

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 17.396, 72.564



18, 15.519, 269.760

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 17.396, 72.564



21, 17.396, 122.564



21, 17.396, 252.564



21, 17.396, 302.564

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 17.396, 72.568



33, 6.027, 77.360



16, 21.638, 351.541



16, 4.236, 77.198



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 17.396, 72.568



26, 26.337, 70.671



27, 24.320, 106.813



12, 1.499, 78.463



27, 40.460, 65.945



61, 76.453, 63.344

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 15.519, 269.760



21, 22.986, 274.039



12, 28.198, 298.800



12, 1.482, 260.509



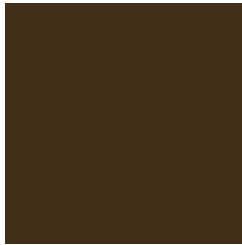
19, 35.984, 284.660



46, 71.666, 288.195

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 21, 17.396, 72.564 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 21, 17.396, 72.564 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

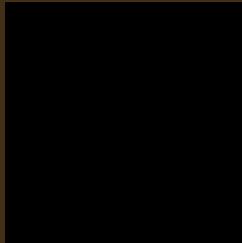
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

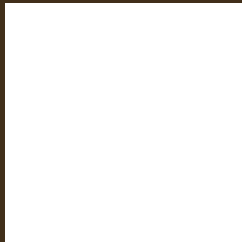
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 21, 17.396, 72.564

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 17.396, 72.564.

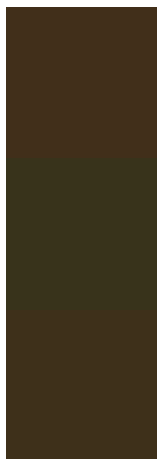


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 17.396, 72.564.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21, 17.396, 72.564

Protanopia

21, 16.108, 96.917

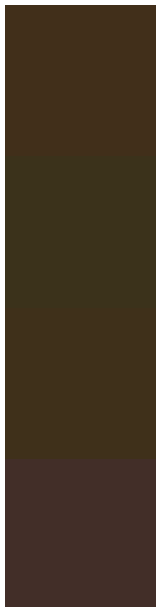
Deuteranopia

21, 16.697, 79.630



Tritanopia
21, 10.870, 11.288

Trichromacy



Original Color
21, 17.396, 72.564

Protanomaly
21, 16.076, 89.096

Deuteranomaly
21, 16.975, 78.031

Tritanomaly
21, 11.104, 42.353

Monochromacy



Original Color
21, 17.396, 72.564

Achromatopsia
21, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
21, 6.183, 79.938

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 21, 17.396, 72.564 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 47, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 47, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 47, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 47, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 21, 17.396, 72.564 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 47, 26) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 47, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 47, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 47, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 47, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 47, 26)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 21, 17.396, 72.564 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 47, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 47,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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