

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(21, 2.012, 297.050)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(21, 2.012, 297.050) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(21, 2.089, 303.296)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	333235
RGB	51, 50, 53
RGB Percent	20%, 20%, 21%
CMY	0.7999, 0.8038, 0.7921
CMYK	0.04, 0.06, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	260°, 3%, 20%
HSV	260°, 6%, 21%
XYZ	3.1514, 3.2451, 3.8315
YIQ	50.6410, -0.3670, 1.1450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	51, 50, 53
Decimal	3355189
CIE Lab	21.00, 1.15, -1.75
CIE LCh	21, 2.089, 303.296
Yxy	3.2451, 0.3081, 0.3173
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281545269 (0xFF333235)
YUV	50.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148
Hunter-Lab	18.0142, -0.2981, -0.0007




Details

The CIELCh color **21, 2.089, 303.296** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **22, 2.064, 122.797**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.


A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41, 1.878, 303.181**, and **1, 2.099, 305.498** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 5.859, 303.795**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23, 1.573, 122.867**.

Distribution







-  Red (20%)
-  Green (20%)
-  Blue (21%)






-  Red (20%)
-  Yellow (20%)
-  Blue (21%)



-  Cyan (4%)
-  Magenta (6%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (79%)



-  Cyan (80%)
-  Magenta (80%)
-  Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 21, 2.089, 303.296 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 21, 2.089, 303.296 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21, 2.089, 303.296

■ 21, 2.089, 303.296

100, 2.089,
303.296

■ 11, 2.089, 303.296

■ 41, 2.089, 303.296

■ 1, 2.089, 303.296

■ 51, 2.089, 303.296

■ 0, 2.089, 303.296

■ 61, 2.089, 303.296

■ 71, 2.089, 303.296

■ 81, 2.089, 303.296

■ 91, 2.089, 303.296

■ 21, 2.089, 303.296

■ 21, 2.089, 303.296

19, 5.859, 303.795

23, 1.573, 122.867

17, 9.740, 304.351

25, 5.128, 122.458

15, 13.727,
304.960

27, 8.580, 122.102

13, 17.807,
305.617

29, 11.933,
121.789

11, 21.953,
306.312

31, 15.194,
121.512

9, 26.114, 307.023

33, 18.365,
121.269

7, 29.990, 307.473

35, 21.453,
121.056

5, 32.845, 307.041

37, 24.461,
120.870

4, 35.349, 306.350

39, 27.394,
120.707

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 2.089, 303.296



22, 2.064, 122.797

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 2.089, 303.296



21, 2.089, 353.296



21, 2.089, 123.296



21, 2.089, 173.296

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 2.088, 303.288



29, 0.917, 303.104



22, 1.124, 234.169



14, 0.527, 303.086



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 2.088, 303.288



27, 3.223, 303.372



21, 2.333, 319.484



8, 1.580, 303.331



9, 59.485, 309.518



30, 114.338, 308.681

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 1.950, 335.917



28, 3.007, 336.035



22, 2.321, 139.127



8, 1.475, 335.979



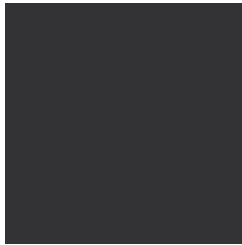
18, 42.653, 345.608



48, 79.855, 347.673

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 21, 2.089, 303.296 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

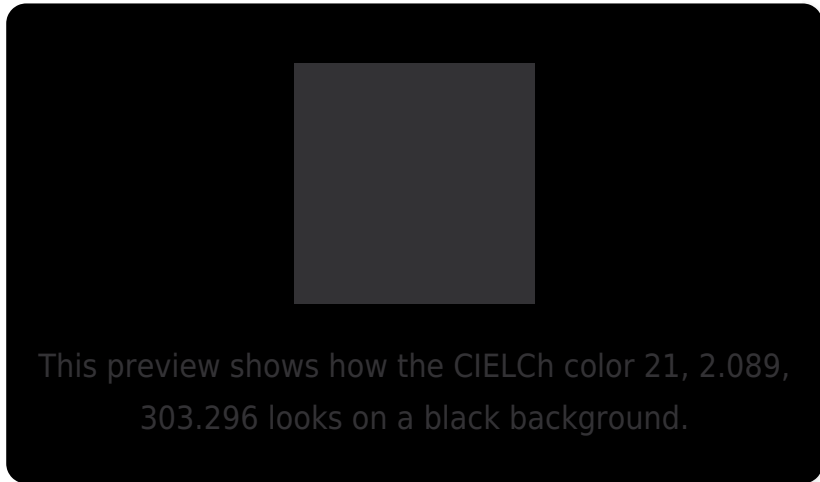
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

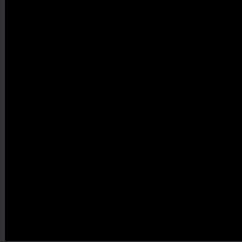
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

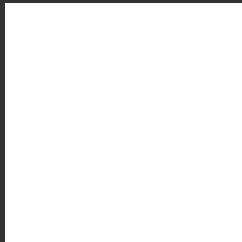
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 21, 2.089, 303.296

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 2.089, 303.296.

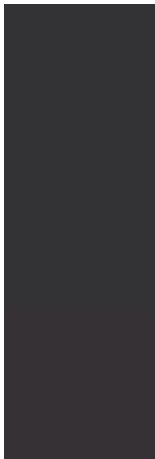


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 2.089, 303.296.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


21, 2.089, 303.296

Protanopia

21, 2.089, 303.296

Deuteranopia

21, 3.575, 330.979



Tritanopia
21, 2.752, 300.303

Trichromacy



Original Color

21, 2.089, 303.296

Protanomaly

21, 2.089, 303.296

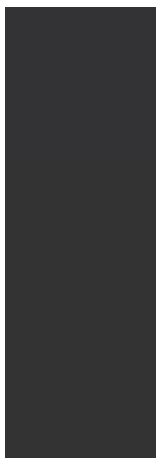
Deuteranomaly

21, 3.293, 324.759

Tritanomaly

21, 2.752, 300.303

Monochromacy



Original Color

21, 2.089, 303.296

Achromatopsia

21, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

21, 0.678, 290.370

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 21, 2.089, 303.296 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 50, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 50, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 50, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 50, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 21, 2.089, 303.296 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 50, 53) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 50, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 50, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 50, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 50, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 50, 53)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 21, 2.089, 303.296 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 50, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 50,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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