

Converting Colors

CIELCh(21, 2.715, 18.140)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(21, 2.715, 18.140) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(21, 2.850, 19.917)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	373131
RGB	55, 49, 49
RGB Percent	22%, 19%, 19%
CMY	0.7838, 0.8074, 0.8074
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.11, 0.78
HSL	0°, 6%, 20%
HSV	0°, 11%, 22%
XYZ	3.2425, 3.2451, 3.3745
YIQ	50.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	55, 49, 49
Decimal	3617073
CIELab	21.00, 2.68, 0.97
CIELCh	21, 2.850, 19.917
Yxy	3.2451, 0.3288, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281807153 (0xFF373131)
YUV	50.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887
Hunter-Lab	18.0142, 0.6044, 1.5035

Details

The CIELCh color $[21, 2.850, 19.917]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $[23, 2.688, 199.002]$, and the grayscale version is $[21, 0.004, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[41, 2.964, 19.688]$, and $[1, 2.780, 19.403]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[19, 5.653, 20.640]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[23, 0.225, 18.479]$.

Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (19%)

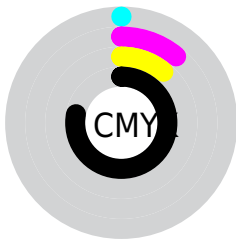
Blue (19%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (19%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 21, 2.850, 19.917 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 21, 2.850, 19.917 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21, 2.850, 19.917 ■ 21, 2.850, 19.917

■ 100, 2.850, 19.917 ■ 11, 2.850, 19.917

■ 41, 2.850, 19.917 ■ 1, 2.850, 19.917

■ 51, 2.850, 19.917 ■ 0, 2.850, 19.917

■ 61, 2.850, 19.917

■ 71, 2.850, 19.917

■ 81, 2.850, 19.917

■ 91, 2.850, 19.917

■ 21, 2.850, 19.917 ■ 21, 2.850, 19.917

■ 19, 5.653, 20.640 ■ 23, 0.225, 18.479

17, 8.638, 21.488	25, 2.230, 199.133
15, 11.799, 22.543	27, 4.528, 198.724
14, 15.113, 23.865	29, 6.683, 198.411
12, 18.534, 25.476	31, 8.710, 198.157
11, 21.710, 25.968	33, 10.621, 197.946
10, 24.413, 25.475	35, 12.431, 197.769
8, 26.898, 24.536	37, 14.149, 197.619
7, 29.348, 23.383	39, 15.785, 197.491

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 2.850, 19.917



23, 2.688, 199.002

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 2.850, 19.917



21, 2.850, 69.917



21, 2.850, 199.917



21, 2.850, 249.917

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 2.849, 19.932



30, 0.950, 19.305



21, 4.919, 324.927



14, 0.707, 19.364



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 2.849, 19.932



27, 4.263, 20.118



22, 2.456, 74.235



9, 1.458, 19.761



17, 46.055, 34.465



46, 93.315, 40.002

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 2.688, 199.002



30, 3.961, 198.864



22, 2.404, 256.681



10, 1.395, 199.141



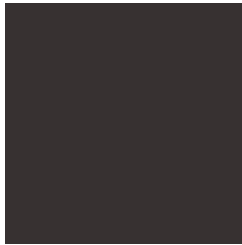
35, 23.751, 196.416



80, 44.707, 196.419

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 21, 2.850, 19.917 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

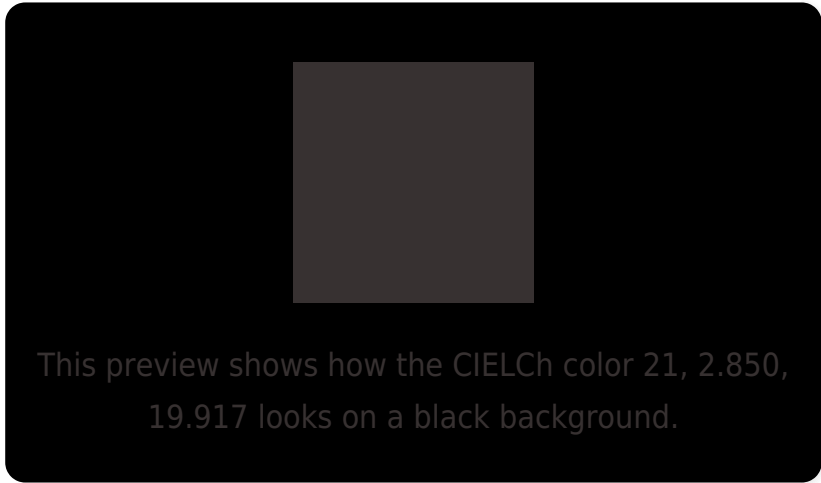
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

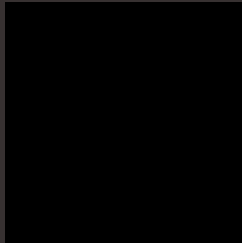
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 21, 2.850, 19.917

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 2.850, 19.917.

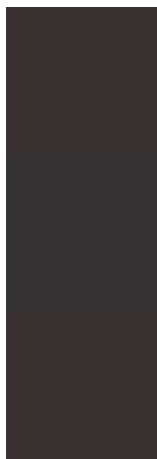


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 2.850, 19.917.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


21, 2.850, 19.917

Protanopia

21, 0.936, 19.370

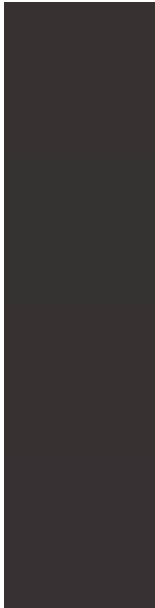
Deuteranopia

21, 3.334, 20.027



Tritanopia
21, 3.857, 348.597

Trichromacy



Original Color

21, 2.850, 19.917

Protanomaly

21, 1.409, 19.540

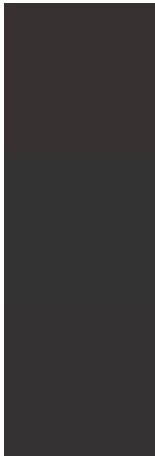
Deuteranomaly

21, 3.334, 20.027

Tritanomaly

21, 3.564, 357.927

Monochromacy



Original Color

21, 2.850, 19.917

Achromatopsia

21, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

21, 0.936, 19.370

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 21, 2.850, 19.917 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 49, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 49, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 49, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 49, 49) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 21, 2.850, 19.917 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 49, 49) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 49, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 49, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 49, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 49, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 49, 49)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 21, 2.850, 19.917 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 49, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 49,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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