

Converting Colors

CIELCh(21, 22.406, 167.896)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(21, 22.406, 167.896)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(21, 22.167, 168.284)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	013A2B
RGB	1, 58, 43
RGB Percent	0%, 23%, 17%
CMY	0.9946, 0.7712, 0.8302
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 0.26, 0.77
HSL	164°, 95%, 12%
HSV	164°, 98%, 23%
XYZ	1.9887, 3.2451, 2.8370
YIQ	39.2470, -29.1570, -16.7490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

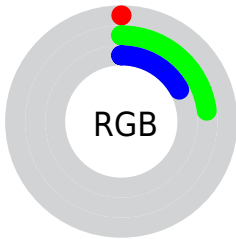
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 34, 58
Decimal	80427
CIE _{Lab}	21.00, -21.71, 4.50
CIE _{LCh}	21, 22.167, 168.284
Yxy	3.2451, 0.2464, 0.4021
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278270507 (0xFF013A2B)
YUV	39.2470, 1.8502, -33.5426
Hunter-Lab	18.0142, -11.8194, 3.2727

Details

The CIELCh color **21, 22.167, 168.284** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **9, 28.972, 13.296**, and the grayscale version is **16, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41, 22.424, 167.566**, and **1, 2.954, 144.443** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21, 22.559, 168.035**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 20.538, 169.465**.

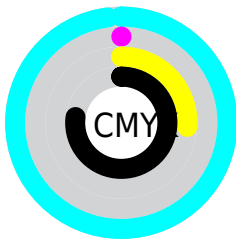
Distribution



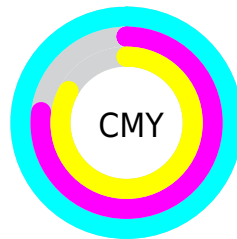
- Red (0%)
- Green (23%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (77%)




- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 21, 22.167, 168.284 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 21, 22.167, 168.284 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 21, 22.167,
168.284


 21, 22.167,
168.284

 100, 22.167,
168.284

 11, 22.167,
168.284


 41, 22.167,
168.284


 1, 22.167, 168.284

 51, 22.167,
168.284

 0, 22.167, 168.284

 61, 22.167,
168.284

 71, 22.167,
168.284

 81, 22.167,
168.284

 91, 22.167,

168.284

■ 21, 22.167,
168.284

■ 21, 22.167,
168.284

■ 21, 22.559,
168.035

■ 21, 20.538,
169.465

■ 21, 18.925,
170.826

■ 22, 17.093,
172.104

■ 22, 15.021,
173.272

■ 22, 12.738,
174.345

■ 23, 10.276,
175.339

■ 23, 7.671, 176.269

■ 24, 4.957, 177.149

■ 24, 2.166, 178.020

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 22.167, 168.284



9, 28.972, 13.296

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 22.167, 168.284



21, 22.167, 218.284



21, 22.167, 348.284



21, 22.167, 38.284

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 22.167, 168.283



31, 10.048, 176.019



21, 38.081, 133.213



14, 6.753, 175.893



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 22.167, 168.283



28, 27.371, 167.007



16, 15.150, 235.665



10, 1.517, 177.963



34, 31.267, 166.427



78, 60.423, 164.613

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9, 28.972, 13.296



13, 36.162, 18.121



11, 26.317, 38.065



9, 1.553, 359.106



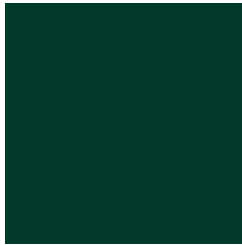
17, 41.324, 19.945



46, 80.121, 25.014

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 21, 22.167, 168.284 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 21, 22.167, 168.284

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 22.167, 168.284.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 22.167, 168.284.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21, 22.167, 168.284

Protanopia

21, 7.526, 96.961

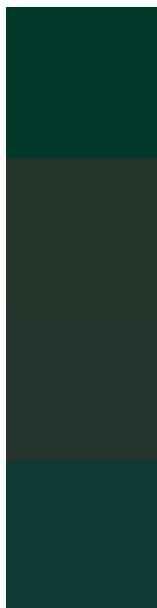
Deuteranopia

21, 5.187, 51.206



Tritanopia
21, 13.276, 212.118

Trichromacy



Original Color
21, 22.167, 168.284

Protanomaly
21, 12.471, 152.499

Deuteranomaly
20, 8.831, 159.778

Tritanomaly
21, 15.480, 191.592

Monochromacy



Original Color
21, 22.167, 168.284

Achromatopsia
16, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
18, 10.229, 173.246

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 21, 22.167, 168.284 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 58, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 58, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 58, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 58, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 21, 22.167, 168.284 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 58, 43) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 58, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 58, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 58, 43); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 58, 43); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 58, 43) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 21, 22.167, 168.284 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 58, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 58,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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