

Converting Colors

CIELCh(21, 3.974, 123.760)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(21, 3.974, 123.760) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(21, 3.507, 125.110)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	31332E
RGB	49, 51, 46
RGB Percent	19%, 20%, 18%
CMY	0.8070, 0.7991, 0.8187
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.10, 0.80
HSL	84°, 5%, 19%
HSV	84°, 10%, 20%
XYZ	2.9688, 3.2451, 3.0778
YIQ	49.8320, 0.4130, -1.9790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

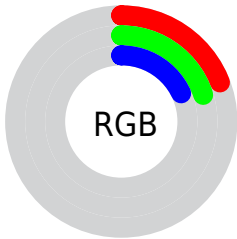
Format	Color
R_{YB}	46, 51, 48
Decimal	3224366
CIE Lab	21.00, -2.02, 2.87
CIE LCh	21, 3.507, 125.110
Yxy	3.2451, 0.3195, 0.3492
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281414446 (0xFF31332E)
YUV	49.8320, -1.8892, -0.7297
Hunter-Lab	18.0142, -2.1072, 2.4800

Details

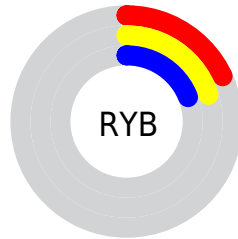
The CIELCh color **21, 3.507, 125.110** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19, 3.559, 305.906**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41, 3.148, 125.285**, and **1, 2.462, 144.443** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21, 7.101, 124.686**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 0.087, 305.139**.

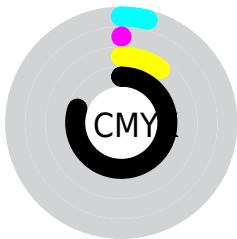
Distribution



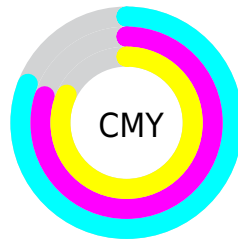
- Red (19%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 21, 3.507, 125.110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 21, 3.507, 125.110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21, 3.507, 125.110

■ 21, 3.507, 125.110

■ 100, 3.507,
125.110

■ 11, 3.507, 125.110

■ 41, 3.507, 125.110

■ 1, 3.507, 125.110

■ 51, 3.507, 125.110

■ 0, 3.507, 125.110

■ 61, 3.507, 125.110

■ 71, 3.507, 125.110

■ 81, 3.507, 125.110

■ 91, 3.507, 125.110

■ 21, 3.507, 125.110

■ 21, 3.507, 125.110

■ 21, 7.101, 124.686

■ 21, 0.087, 305.139

■ 20, 10.676,
124.250

■ 22, 3.669, 305.893

■ 20, 14.208,
123.818

■ 22, 7.230, 306.262

■ 20, 17.665,
123.405

■ 23, 10.761,
306.603

■ 20, 21.001,
123.037

■ 23, 14.258,
306.920

■ 19, 24.140,
122.774

■ 23, 17.715,
307.212

■ 19, 26.776,
122.964

■ 24, 21.130,
307.482

■ 19, 29.087,
123.383

■ 24, 24.500,
307.729

■ 19, 31.411,
123.744

■ 25, 27.825,
307.957

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 3.507, 125.110



19, 3.559, 305.906

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 3.507, 125.110



21, 3.507, 175.110



21, 3.507, 305.110



21, 3.507, 355.110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 3.508, 125.115



28, 1.334, 125.407



20, 1.969, 62.980



13, 0.989, 125.386



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 3.508, 125.115



28, 5.351, 124.994



21, 4.008, 141.319



9, 1.974, 125.199



34, 48.619, 123.172



79, 93.496, 124.521

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 3.559, 305.906



25, 5.448, 306.036



20, 4.021, 322.088



8, 2.000, 305.821



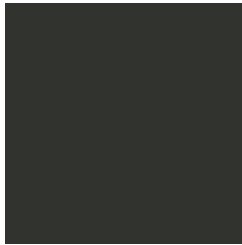
10, 58.732, 310.664



32, 112.865, 309.757

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 21, 3.507, 125.110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

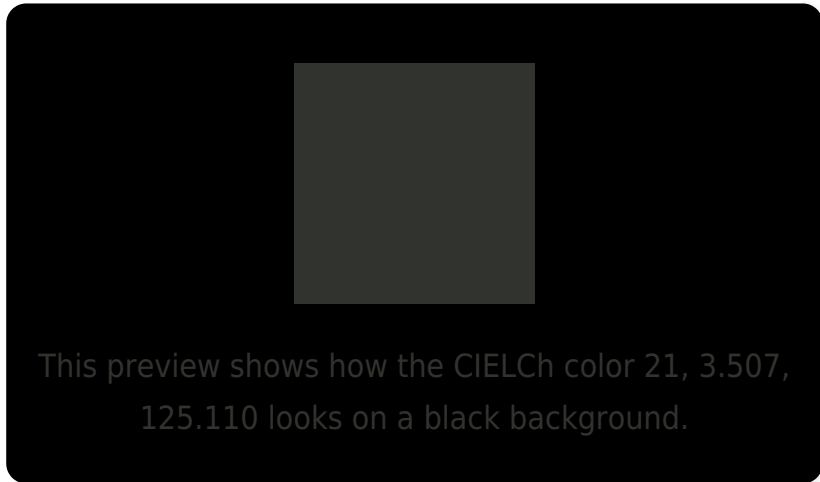
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

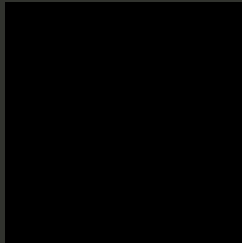
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

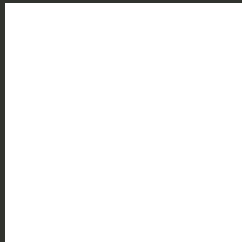
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 21, 3.507, 125.110

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 3.507, 125.110.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 3.507, 125.110.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


21, 3.507, 125.110

Protanopia

21, 2.856, 89.892

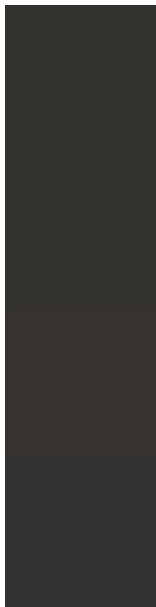
Deuteranopia

21, 4.099, 39.180



Tritanopia
21, 2.709, 290.815

Trichromacy



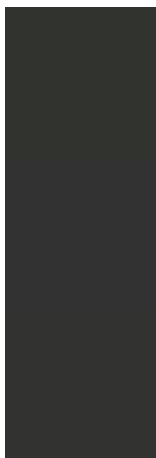
Original Color
21, 3.507, 125.110

Protanomaly
21, 2.736, 99.456

Deuteranomaly
21, 2.781, 66.056

Tritanomaly
21, 0.680, 290.372

Monochromacy



Original Color
21, 3.507, 125.110

Achromatopsia
21, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
21, 0.672, 109.983

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 21, 3.507, 125.110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 51, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 51, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 51, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 51, 46) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 21, 3.507, 125.110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 51, 46) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 51, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 51, 46)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 51, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 51, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 51, 46)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 21, 3.507, 125.110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 51, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 51,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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