

Converting Colors

CIELCh(21, 42.369, 137.083)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(21, 42.369, 137.083)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(21, 41.830, 137.211)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003C00
RGB	0, 60, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 24%, 0%
CMY	0.9996, 0.7642, 0.9994
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.76
HSL	120°, 100%, 12%
HSV	120°, 100%, 24%
XYZ	1.6242, 3.2451, 0.5447
YIQ	35.2200, -16.5000, -31.3800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 60, 60
Decimal	15360
CIELab	21.00, -30.70, 28.42
CIELCh	21, 41.830, 137.211
Yxy	3.2451, 0.3000, 0.5994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278205440 (0xFF003C00)
YUV	35.2200, -17.3635, -30.8879
Hunter-Lab	18.0142, -15.4314, 10.8170

Details

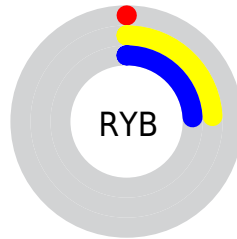
The CIELCh color **21, 41.830, 137.211** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **11, 41.145, 328.248**, and the grayscale version is **14, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41, 41.782, 136.928**, and **1, 2.954, 144.443** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21, 41.882, 137.206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21, 38.911, 137.628**.

Distribution



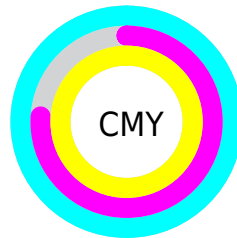
- Red (0%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (76%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 21, 41.830, 137.211 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 21, 41.830, 137.211 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 21, 41.830,
137.211


 21, 41.830,
137.211

 100, 41.830,
137.211


 11, 41.830,
137.211


 41, 41.830,
137.211


 1, 41.830, 137.211

 51, 41.830,
137.211

 0, 41.830, 137.211

 61, 41.830,
137.211

 71, 41.830,
137.211

 81, 41.830,
137.211

 91, 41.830,

137.211

■ 21, 41.830,
137.211

■ 21, 41.830,
137.211

■ 21, 41.882,
137.206

■ 21, 38.911,
137.628

■ 21, 36.009,
138.243

■ 22, 32.479,
139.196

■ 22, 28.432,
140.176

■ 22, 24.017,
141.107

■ 23, 19.353,
141.959

■ 23, 14.538,
142.720

■ 24, 9.653, 143.391

■ 25, 4.761, 143.984

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 41.830, 137.211



11, 41.145, 328.248

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 41.830, 137.211



21, 41.830, 187.211



21, 41.830, 317.211



21, 41.830, 7.211

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 41.830, 137.211



31, 18.371, 142.604



24, 33.837, 103.122



15, 12.645, 142.485



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 41.830, 137.211



28, 51.222, 136.032



21, 29.608, 152.609



11, 2.728, 144.061



34, 57.860, 136.026



77, 107.808, 136.020

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11, 41.145, 328.248



17, 49.419, 328.253



9, 30.675, 356.060



10, 2.733, 324.830



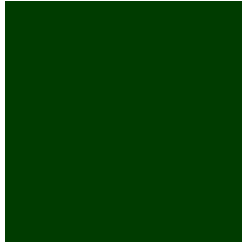
21, 55.817, 328.254



53, 103.980, 328.255

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 21, 41.830, 137.211 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

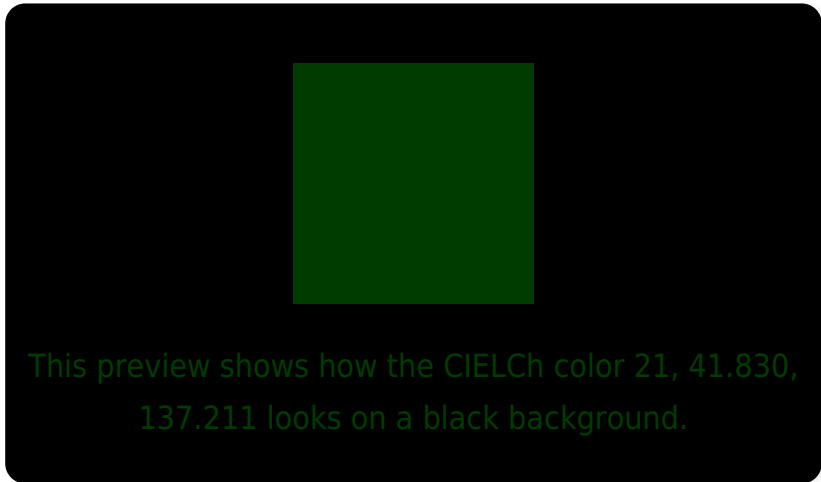
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

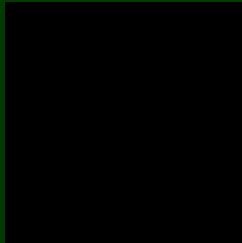
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 21, 41.830, 137.211

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 41.830, 137.211.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 41.830, 137.211.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

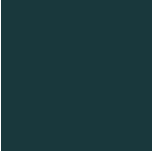
21, 41.830, 137.211

Protanopia

21, 29.700, 95.971

Deuteranopia

21, 24.871, 83.592



Tritanopia
21, 11.781, 210.807

Trichromacy



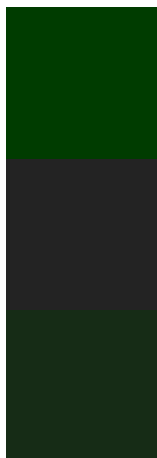
Original Color
21, 41.830, 137.211

Protanomaly
20, 32.230, 119.772

Deuteranomaly
20, 27.922, 117.279

Tritanomaly
21, 21.163, 158.564

Monochromacy



Original Color
21, 41.830, 137.211

Achromatopsia
14, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
16, 18.591, 141.363

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 21, 41.830, 137.211 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 60, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 60, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 60, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 60, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 21, 41.830, 137.211 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 60, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 60, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 60, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 60, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 60, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 60, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 21, 41.830, 137.211 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 60, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 60,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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