

Converting Colors

CIELCh(21, 6.052, 29.827)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(21, 6.052, 29.827) contains.

CIELCh(21, 6.040, 33.322)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(21, 6.040, 33.322)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C302E
RGB	60, 48, 46
RGB Percent	24%, 19%, 18%
CMY	0.7656, 0.8126, 0.8205
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.23, 0.77
HSL	9°, 13%, 21%
HSV	9°, 23%, 23%
XYZ	3.3866, 3.2451, 3.0102
YIQ	51.3600, 7.7940, 1.9220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

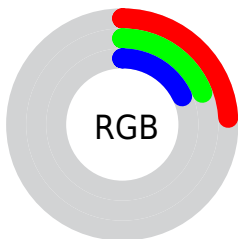
Format	Color
RYB	60, 48, 46
Decimal	3944494
CIELab	21.00, 5.05, 3.32
CIELCh	21, 6.040, 33.322
Yxy	3.2451, 0.3512, 0.3366
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282134574 (0xFF3C302E)
YUV	51.3600, -2.6425, 7.5773
Hunter-Lab	18.0142, 2.0322, 2.7024

Details

The CIELCh color **21, 6.040, 33.322** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **23, 5.266, 213.286**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41, 6.170, 31.375**, and **1, 5.526, 19.405** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 8.938, 33.649**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23, 3.336, 33.116**.

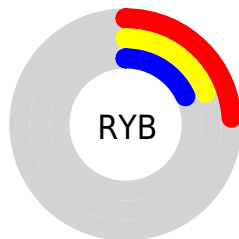
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (19%)

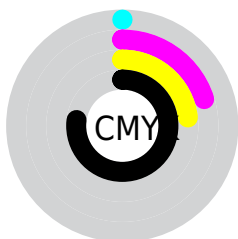
Blue (18%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (18%)

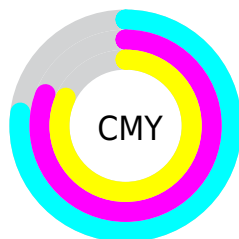


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 21, 6.040, 33.322 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 21, 6.040, 33.322 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21, 6.040, 33.322 ■ 21, 6.040, 33.322

■ 100, 6.040, 33.322 ■ 11, 6.040, 33.322

■ 41, 6.040, 33.322 ■ 1, 6.040, 33.322

■ 51, 6.040, 33.322 ■ 0, 6.040, 33.322

■ 61, 6.040, 33.322

■ 71, 6.040, 33.322

■ 81, 6.040, 33.322

■ 91, 6.040, 33.322

■ 21, 6.040, 33.322 ■ 21, 6.040, 33.322

■ 19, 8.938, 33.649 ■ 23, 3.336, 33.116

18, 12.036, 34.114

25, 0.817, 32.810

16, 15.331, 34.761

26, 1.531, 213.241

14, 18.806, 35.626

28, 3.725, 213.195

13, 22.119, 35.663

30, 5.779, 213.263

12, 24.909, 34.385

32, 7.708, 213.376

11, 27.359, 33.271

34, 9.524, 213.519

10, 28.867, 33.026

36, 11.241,
213.682

38, 12.870,
213.860

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 6.040, 33.322



23, 5.266, 213.286

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 6.040, 33.322



21, 6.040, 83.322



21, 6.040, 213.322



21, 6.040, 263.322

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 6.039, 33.331



31, 2.095, 32.990



21, 10.373, 329.500



14, 1.335, 32.988



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 6.039, 33.331



26, 9.066, 33.501



23, 6.396, 85.766



11, 1.384, 33.019



19, 45.081, 39.333



48, 91.547, 41.779

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 5.266, 213.286



30, 7.609, 213.398



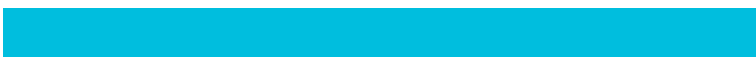
21, 6.315, 271.302



11, 1.322, 213.206



31, 21.153, 221.209



71, 39.278, 223.507

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 21, 6.040, 33.322 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 21, 6.040, 33.322 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

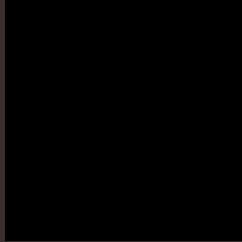
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 21, 6.040, 33.322

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 6.040, 33.322.

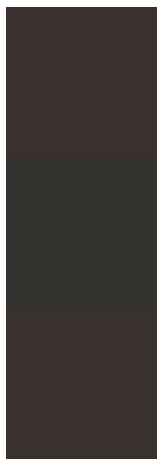


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 6.040, 33.322.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21, 6.040, 33.322

Protanopia

21, 2.229, 84.351

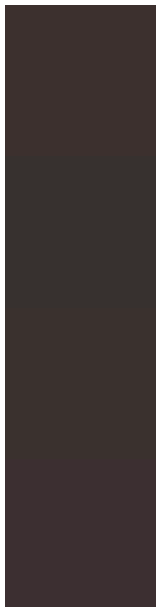
Deuteranopia

21, 4.392, 47.307



Tritanopia
21, 6.718, 357.296

Trichromacy



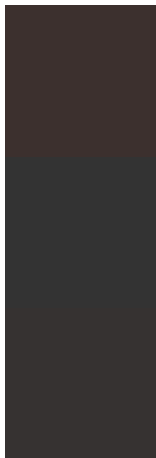
Original Color
21, 6.040, 33.322

Protanomaly
21, 3.185, 44.840

Deuteranomaly
21, 4.841, 44.674

Tritanomaly
21, 6.377, 8.632

Monochromacy



Original Color
21, 6.040, 33.322

Achromatopsia
21, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
21, 2.007, 39.218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 21, 6.040, 33.322 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 48, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 48, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 48, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 48, 46) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 21, 6.040, 33.322 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 48, 46) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 48, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 48, 46)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 48, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 48, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 48, 46)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 21, 6.040, 33.322 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 48, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 48,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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