

Converting Colors

CIELCh(21, 6.247, 355.445)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(21, 6.247, 355.445) contains.

CIELCh(21, 6.281, 355.402)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(21, 6.281, 355.402)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B2F33
RGB	59, 47, 51
RGB Percent	23%, 18%, 20%
CMY	0.7672, 0.8143, 0.7986
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.13, 0.77
HSL	340°, 11%, 21%
HSV	340°, 20%, 23%
XYZ	3.4621, 3.2451, 3.6177
YIQ	51.0440, 5.8680, 3.7880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

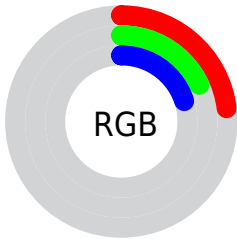
Format	Color
RYB	59, 47, 51
Decimal	3878707
CIELab	21.00, 6.26, -0.50
CIELCh	21, 6.281, 355.402
Yxy	3.2451, 0.3353, 0.3143
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282068787 (0xFF3B2F33)
YUV	51.0440, -0.0217, 6.9774
Hunter-Lab	18.0142, 2.7804, 0.7030

Details

The CIELCh color **21, 6.281, 355.402** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **24, 6.007, 172.089**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41, 6.017, 356.492**, and **1, 5.528, 358.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 9.509, 356.445**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23, 3.127, 354.469**.

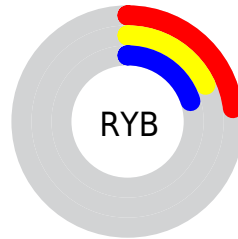
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (18%)

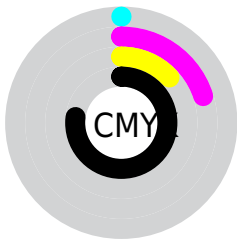
Blue (20%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (20%)

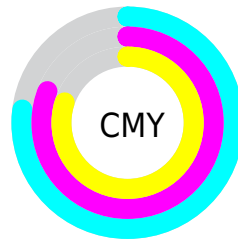


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 21, 6.281, 355.402 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 21, 6.281, 355.402 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21, 6.281, 355.402

■ 21, 6.281, 355.402

■ 100, 6.281,
355.402

■ 11, 6.281, 355.402

■ 41, 6.281, 355.402

■ 1, 6.281, 355.402

■ 51, 6.281, 355.402

■ 0, 6.281, 355.402

■ 61, 6.281, 355.402

■ 71, 6.281, 355.402

■ 81, 6.281, 355.402

■ 91, 6.281, 355.402

■ 21, 6.281, 355.402

■ 21, 6.281, 355.402

■ 19, 9.509, 356.445

■ 23, 3.127, 354.469

■ 17, 12.776,
357.632

■ 25, 0.072, 350.973

■ 15, 16.025,
359.017

■ 27, 2.875, 173.065

■ 29, 5.711, 172.369

■ 14, 19.173, 0.660

■ 31, 8.437, 171.752

■ 12, 22.119, 2.641

■ 33, 11.059,
171.190

■ 11, 24.746, 5.062

■ 35, 13.583,
170.672

■ 10, 27.170, 7.719

■ 9, 29.871, 9.220

■ 37, 16.015,
170.191

■ 39, 18.362,
169.745

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 6.281, 355.402



24, 6.007, 172.089

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 6.281, 355.402



21, 6.281, 45.402



21, 6.281, 175.402



21, 6.281, 225.402

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 6.280, 355.406



31, 2.251, 354.097



21, 8.923, 315.399



14, 1.466, 354.103



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 6.280, 355.406



27, 9.267, 355.893



21, 5.046, 35.659



10, 1.735, 354.307



18, 41.197, 14.049



47, 78.050, 18.803

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 6.280, 355.406



27, 9.267, 355.893



23, 4.494, 216.045



10, 1.735, 354.307



18, 41.197, 14.049



47, 78.050, 18.803

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 21, 6.281, 355.402 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

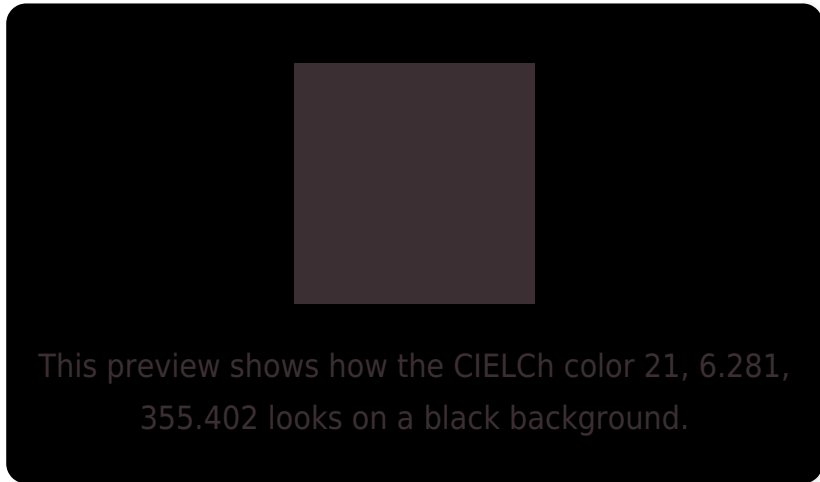
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

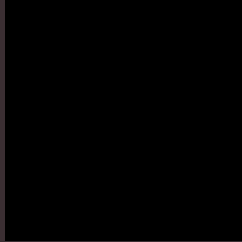
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 21, 6.281, 355.402

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 6.281, 355.402.

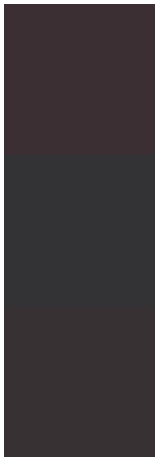


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 6.281, 355.402.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21, 6.281, 355.402

Protanopia

21, 2.089, 303.296

Deuteranopia

21, 3.130, 354.504



Tritanopia
21, 6.281, 355.402

Trichromacy



Original Color

21, 6.281, 355.402

Protanomaly

21, 3.099, 339.173

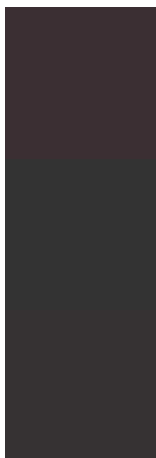
Deuteranomaly

21, 4.704, 354.958

Tritanomaly

21, 6.281, 355.402

Monochromacy



Original Color

21, 6.281, 355.402

Achromatopsia

21, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

21, 1.995, 0.004

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 21, 6.281, 355.402 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 47, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 47, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 47, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 47, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 21, 6.281, 355.402 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 47, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 47, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 47, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 47, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 47, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 47, 51)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 21, 6.281, 355.402 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 47, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 47,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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