

Converting Colors

CIELCh(21, 6.748, 78.730)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(21, 6.748, 78.730) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(21, 6.449, 76.027)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	383129
RGB	56, 49, 41
RGB Percent	22%, 19%, 16%
CMY	0.7788, 0.8063, 0.8377
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.27, 0.78
HSL	32°, 15%, 19%
HSV	32°, 27%, 22%
XYZ	3.1756, 3.2451, 2.5922
YIQ	50.1810, 6.7400, -1.0040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

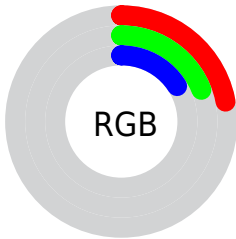
Format	Color
R _{YB}	54, 56, 41
Decimal	3682601
CIE Lab	21.00, 1.56, 6.26
CIE LCh	21, 6.449, 76.027
Yxy	3.2451, 0.3523, 0.3601
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281872681 (0xFF383129)
YUV	50.1810, -4.5262, 5.1033
Hunter-Lab	18.0142, -0.0581, 4.0784

Details

The CIELCh color **21, 6.449, 76.027** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **20, 6.145, 262.338**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41, 6.477, 76.564**, and **1, 2.092, 42.079** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20, 9.030, 74.925**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22, 3.957, 77.122**.

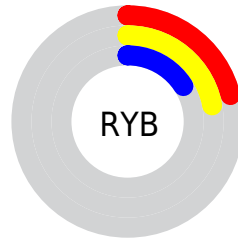
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (19%)

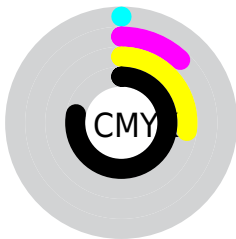
Blue (16%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (16%)

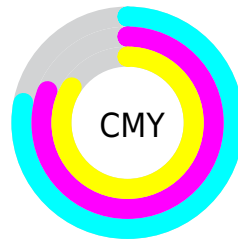


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 21, 6.449, 76.027 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 21, 6.449, 76.027 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21, 6.449, 76.027 ■ 21, 6.449, 76.027

■ 100, 6.449, 76.027 ■ 11, 6.449, 76.027

■ 41, 6.449, 76.027 ■ 1, 6.449, 76.027

■ 51, 6.449, 76.027 ■ 0, 6.449, 76.027

■ 61, 6.449, 76.027

■ 71, 6.449, 76.027

■ 81, 6.449, 76.027

■ 91, 6.449, 76.027

■ 21, 6.449, 76.027 ■ 21, 6.449, 76.027

■ 20, 9.030, 74.925 ■ 22, 3.957, 77.122

■ 19, 11.698, 73.796

■ 23, 1.549, 78.146

■ 18, 14.444, 72.648

■ 24, 0.779, 259.471

■ 17, 17.238, 71.466

■ 25, 3.032, 260.363

■ 16, 19.596, 69.765

■ 26, 5.219, 261.339

■ 15, 21.354, 67.465

■ 27, 7.344, 262.293

■ 15, 23.038, 65.379

■ 28, 9.414, 263.216

■ 14, 23.610, 64.752

■ 29, 11.434,
264.105

■ 30, 13.408,
264.958

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 6.449, 76.027



20, 6.145, 262.338

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 6.449, 76.027



21, 6.449, 126.027



21, 6.449, 256.027



21, 6.449, 306.027

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 6.449, 76.036



30, 2.351, 77.976



19, 8.671, 346.613



15, 1.689, 77.903



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 6.449, 76.036



27, 9.838, 75.266



23, 9.901, 108.696



10, 1.292, 77.984



25, 38.626, 65.546



60, 75.259, 62.952

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 6.145, 262.338



25, 9.242, 263.448



17, 10.442, 293.383



9, 1.277, 259.933



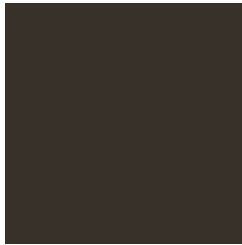
18, 34.082, 283.847



45, 69.636, 287.689

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 21, 6.449, 76.027 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

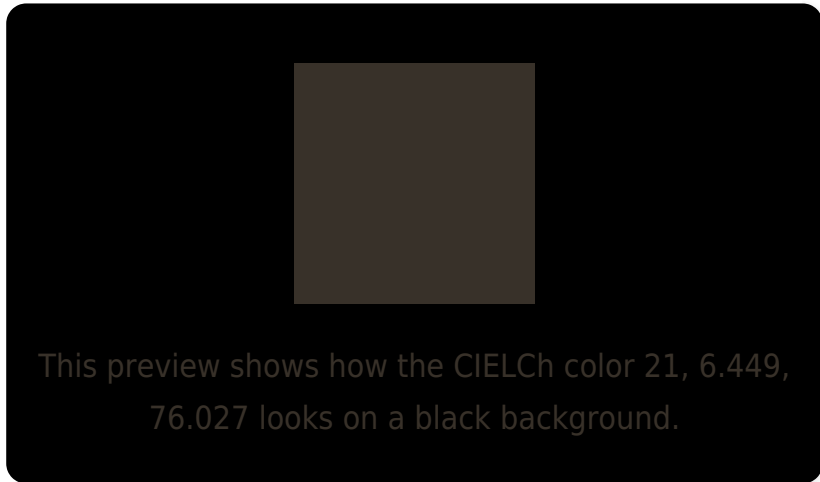
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

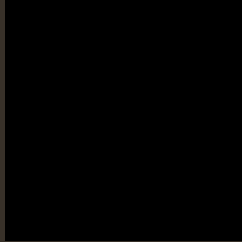
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 21, 6.449, 76.027

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 6.449, 76.027.

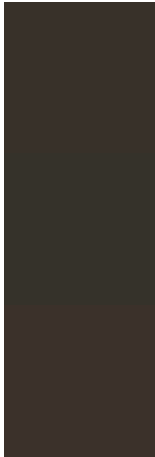


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 6.449, 76.027.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21, 6.449, 76.027

Protanopia

21, 5.584, 93.537

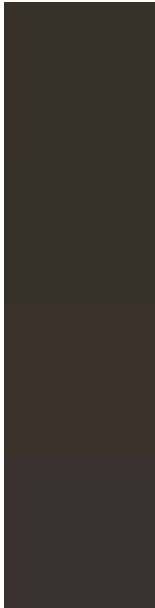
Deuteranopia

21, 6.910, 62.702



Tritanopia
21, 5.418, 350.769

Trichromacy



Original Color

21, 6.449, 76.027

Protanomaly

21, 5.738, 88.739

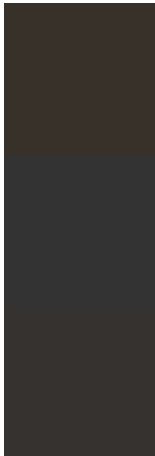
Deuteranomaly

21, 6.543, 65.702

Tritanomaly

21, 3.903, 30.003

Monochromacy



Original Color

21, 6.449, 76.027

Achromatopsia

21, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

21, 1.955, 63.000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 21, 6.449, 76.027 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 49, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 49, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 49, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 49, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 21, 6.449, 76.027 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 49, 41) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 49, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 49, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 49, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 49, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 49, 41)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 21, 6.449, 76.027 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 49, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 49,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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