

Converting Colors

CIELCh(21, 7.356, 214.566)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(21, 7.356, 214.566) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(21, 7.298, 214.442)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	243538
RGB	36, 53, 56
RGB Percent	14%, 21%, 22%
CMY	0.8576, 0.7909, 0.7791
CMYK	0.36, 0.05, 0.00, 0.78
HSL	189°, 22%, 18%
HSV	189°, 36%, 22%
XYZ	2.7482, 3.2451, 4.2646
YIQ	48.2590, -11.0950, -2.6710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

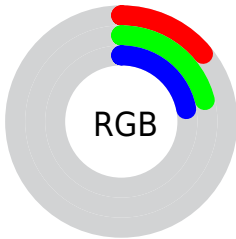
Format	Color
RYB	36, 45, 56
Decimal	2372920
CIELab	21.00, -6.02, -4.13
CIELCh	21, 7.298, 214.442
Yxy	3.2451, 0.2679, 0.3164
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280563000 (0xFF243538)
YUV	48.2590, 3.8163, -10.7511
Hunter-Lab	18.0142, -4.2934, -1.4260

Details

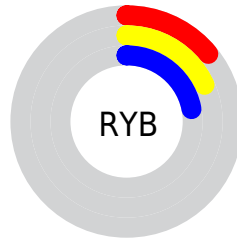
The CIELCh color **21, 7.298, 214.442** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18, 9.052, 34.376**, and the grayscale version is **20, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41, 7.592, 212.513**, and **1, 3.348, 260.389** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20, 9.020, 214.860**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22, 5.408, 214.159**.

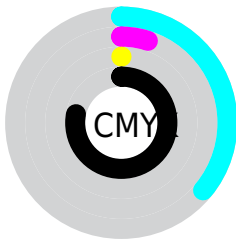
Distribution



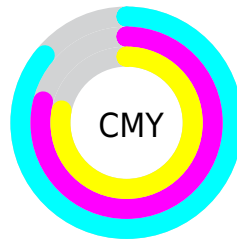
- Red (14%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (78%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 21, 7.298, 214.442 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 21, 7.298, 214.442 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21, 7.298, 214.442

■ 21, 7.298, 214.442

■ 100, 7.298,
214.442

■ 11, 7.298, 214.442

■ 41, 7.298, 214.442

■ 1, 7.298, 214.442

■ 51, 7.298, 214.442

■ 0, 7.298, 214.442

■ 61, 7.298, 214.442

■ 71, 7.298, 214.442

■ 81, 7.298, 214.442

■ 91, 7.298, 214.442

■ 21, 7.298, 214.442

■ 21, 7.298, 214.442

■ 20, 9.020, 214.860

■ 22, 5.408, 214.159

■ 20, 10.549,
215.453

■ 22, 3.377, 214.009

■ 19, 11.861,
216.249

■ 23, 1.228, 214.044

■ 24, 1.014, 33.628

■ 19, 12.936,
217.285

■ 25, 3.330, 33.835

■ 18, 13.782,
218.572

■ 26, 5.702, 33.962

■ 27, 8.117, 34.110

■ 18, 14.611,
219.757

■ 28, 10.560, 34.280

■ 17, 14.999,
220.221

■ 28, 13.024, 34.470

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 7.298, 214.442



18, 9.052, 34.376

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 7.298, 214.442



21, 7.298, 264.442



21, 7.298, 34.442



21, 7.298, 84.442

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 7.298, 214.438



30, 3.032, 213.988



22, 14.761, 146.593



15, 2.055, 213.989



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 7.298, 214.438



27, 10.713, 214.841



18, 9.358, 274.509



10, 1.220, 213.997



30, 20.711, 222.513



70, 38.884, 225.026

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 14.794, 330.690



22, 22.351, 331.212



21, 9.482, 85.837



9, 2.286, 329.230



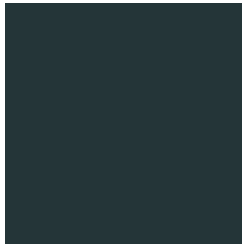
19, 49.100, 334.721



50, 91.595, 335.357

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 21, 7.298, 214.442 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 21, 7.298, 214.442 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

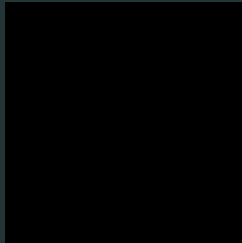
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

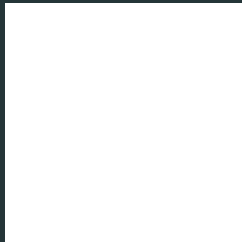
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 21, 7.298, 214.442

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 7.298, 214.442.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 7.298, 214.442.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21, 7.298, 214.442

Protanopia

21, 2.709, 290.815

Deuteranopia

21, 5.605, 305.223



Tritanopia
21, 7.091, 220.870

Trichromacy



Original Color

21, 7.298, 214.442

Protanomaly

21, 3.731, 245.767

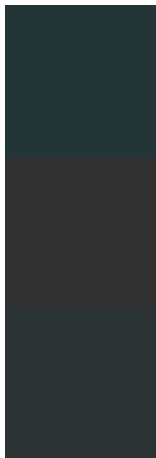
Deuteranomaly

21, 4.553, 262.537

Tritanomaly

21, 7.091, 220.870

Monochromacy



Original Color

21, 7.298, 214.442

Achromatopsia

20, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

21, 3.190, 211.182

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 21, 7.298, 214.442 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 53, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 53, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 53, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 53, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 21, 7.298, 214.442 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 53, 56) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 53, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 53, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 53, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 53, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 53, 56)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 21, 7.298, 214.442 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 53, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 53,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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