

Converting Colors

CIELCh(21, 8.611, 329.845)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(21, 8.611, 329.845) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(21, 8.706, 330.448)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B2F39
RGB	59, 47, 57
RGB Percent	23%, 18%, 22%
CMY	0.7691, 0.8161, 0.7769
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.03, 0.77
HSL	310°, 11%, 21%
HSV	310°, 20%, 23%
XYZ	3.5450, 3.2451, 4.2960
YIQ	51.7280, 3.9420, 5.6540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

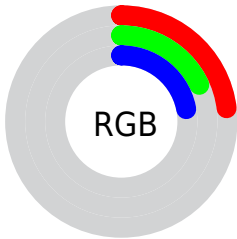
Format	Color
R_YB	59, 47, 57
Decimal	3878713
CIE Lab	21.00, 7.57, -4.29
CIE LCh	21, 8.706, 330.448
Yxy	3.2451, 0.3198, 0.2927
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282068793 (0xFF3B2F39)
YUV	51.7280, 2.5991, 6.3775
Hunter-Lab	18.0142, 3.6019, -1.5294

Details

The CIELCh color **21, 8.706, 330.448** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **23, 8.680, 148.217**, and the grayscale version is **22, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41, 8.592, 329.639**, and **1, 7.815, 331.111** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19, 12.993, 331.000**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23, 4.412, 329.901**.

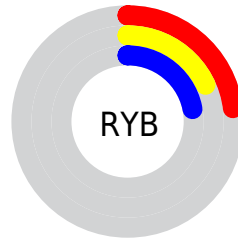
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (18%)

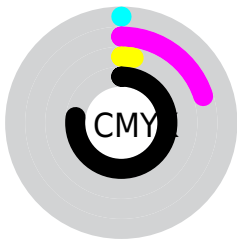
Blue (22%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (22%)

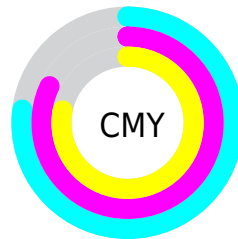


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 21, 8.706, 330.448 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 21, 8.706, 330.448 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21, 8.706, 330.448

■ 21, 8.706, 330.448

■ 100, 8.706,
330.448

■ 11, 8.706, 330.448

■ 41, 8.706, 330.448

■ 1, 8.706, 330.448

■ 51, 8.706, 330.448

■ 0, 8.706, 330.448

■ 61, 8.706, 330.448

■ 71, 8.706, 330.448

■ 81, 8.706, 330.448

■ 91, 8.706, 330.448

■ 21, 8.706, 330.448

■ 21, 8.706, 330.448

■ 19, 12.993,
331.000

■ 23, 4.412, 329.901

■ 18, 17.211,
331.559

■ 25, 0.159, 328.616

■ 27, 4.022, 148.941

■ 16, 21.271,
332.125

■ 29, 8.114, 148.442

■ 14, 25.061,
332.698

■ 31, 12.105,
147.974

■ 13, 28.447,
333.279

■ 33, 15.991,
147.528

■ 12, 31.289,
333.873

■ 35, 19.772,
147.105

■ 11, 33.727,
334.464

■ 37, 23.449,
146.702

■ 10, 36.312,
334.980

■ 39, 27.027,
146.319

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21, 8.706, 330.448



23, 8.680, 148.217

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21, 8.706, 330.448



21, 8.706, 20.448



21, 8.706, 150.448



21, 8.706, 200.448

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21, 8.705, 330.449



31, 3.169, 329.668



20, 8.236, 297.521



14, 2.063, 329.672



68, 0.008, 296.813



15, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21, 8.705, 330.449



27, 12.773, 330.709



21, 6.334, 354.288



10, 2.436, 329.796



20, 49.429, 335.600



51, 91.206, 336.307

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 8.705, 330.449



27, 12.773, 330.709



24, 6.074, 170.970



10, 2.436, 329.796



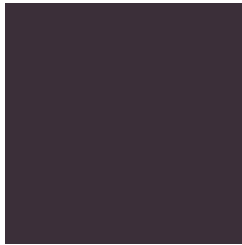
20, 49.429, 335.600



51, 91.206, 336.307

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 21, 8.706, 330.448 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

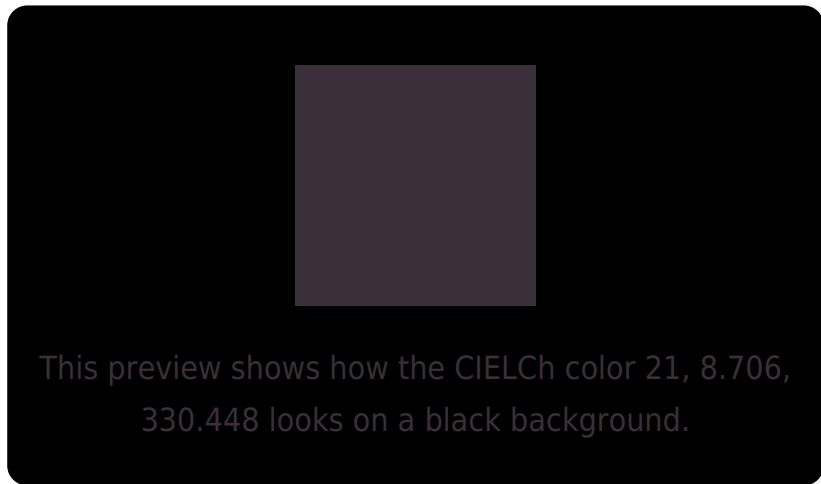
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 21, 8.706, 330.448

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 8.706, 330.448.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 21, 8.706, 330.448.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21, 8.706, 330.448

Protanopia

21, 6.096, 287.496

Deuteranopia

21, 5.096, 311.967



Tritanopia
21, 5.418, 350.769

Trichromacy



Original Color

21, 8.706, 330.448

Protanomaly

21, 6.375, 307.745

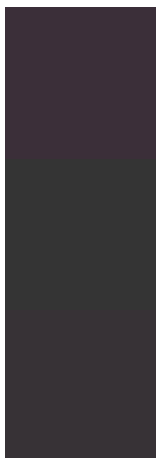
Deuteranomaly

21, 6.310, 321.566

Tritanomaly

21, 6.166, 339.750

Monochromacy



Original Color

21, 8.706, 330.448

Achromatopsia

22, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

21, 3.564, 330.971

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 21, 8.706, 330.448 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 47, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 47, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 47, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 47, 57) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 21, 8.706, 330.448 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 47, 57) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 47, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 47, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 47, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 47, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 47, 57)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 21, 8.706, 330.448 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 47, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 47,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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