

Converting Colors

CIELCh(22, 1.630, 199.597)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(22, 1.630, 199.597) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(22, 1.367, 199.301)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	323535
RGB	50, 53, 53
RGB Percent	20%, 21%, 21%
CMY	0.8029, 0.7911, 0.7911
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	180°, 3%, 20%
HSV	180°, 6%, 21%
XYZ	3.2630, 3.5154, 3.9074
YIQ	52.1030, -1.7880, -0.6360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	50, 52, 53
Decimal	3290421
CIE _{Lab}	22.00, -1.29, -0.45
CIE _{LCh}	22, 1.367, 199.301
Yxy	3.5154, 0.3054, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281480501 (0xFF323535)
YUV	52.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443
Hunter-Lab	18.7494, -1.7472, 0.7684

Details

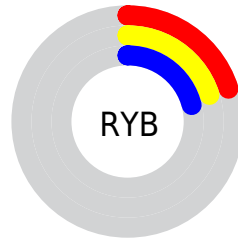
The CIELCh color **22, 1.367, 199.301** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21, 1.409, 19.510**, and the grayscale version is **22, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42, 1.236, 199.516**, and **2, 1.386, 199.432** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22, 3.713, 198.724**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23, 1.078, 19.382**.

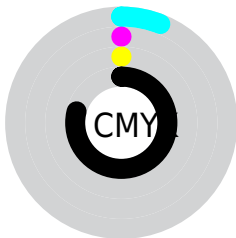
Distribution



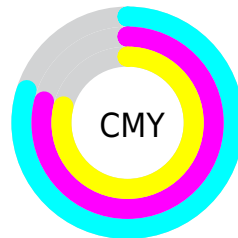
- Red (20%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (79%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 22, 1.367, 199.301 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 22, 1.367, 199.301 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 22, 1.367, 199.301 ■ 22, 1.367, 199.301

■ 100, 1.367, 199.301 ■ 12, 1.367, 199.301

■ 42, 1.367, 199.301 ■ 2, 1.367, 199.301

■ 52, 1.367, 199.301 ■ 0, 1.367, 199.301

■ 62, 1.367, 199.301

■ 72, 1.367, 199.301

■ 82, 1.367, 199.301

■ 92, 1.367, 199.301

■ 22, 1.367, 199.301 ■ 22, 1.367, 199.301

■ 22, 3.713, 198.724

■ 23, 1.078, 19.382

■ 21, 5.934, 198.283

■ 23, 3.598, 20.016

■ 21, 8.001, 197.890

■ 24, 6.173, 20.549

■ 20, 9.885, 197.538

■ 24, 8.784, 21.079

■ 20, 11.562,
197.231

■ 25, 11.415, 21.610

■ 20, 13.007,
196.969

■ 26, 14.056, 22.143

■ 26, 16.695, 22.676

■ 20, 14.203,
196.755

■ 27, 19.325, 23.205

■ 20, 15.169,
196.582

■ 28, 21.941, 23.728

■ 19, 16.120,
196.414

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22, 1.367, 199.301



21, 1.409, 19.510

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22, 1.367, 199.301



22, 1.367, 249.301



22, 1.367, 19.301



22, 1.367, 69.301

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22, 1.367, 199.272



29, 0.605, 199.704



22, 2.448, 143.777



14, 0.348, 199.784



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22, 1.367, 199.272



29, 2.098, 199.157



22, 1.198, 254.301



9, 1.031, 199.210



34, 23.304, 196.336



79, 44.340, 196.331

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 1.409, 19.510



28, 2.181, 19.639



22, 1.209, 72.903



8, 1.068, 19.582



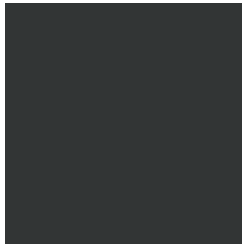
16, 44.924, 34.000



45, 92.485, 39.988

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 22, 1.367, 199.301 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

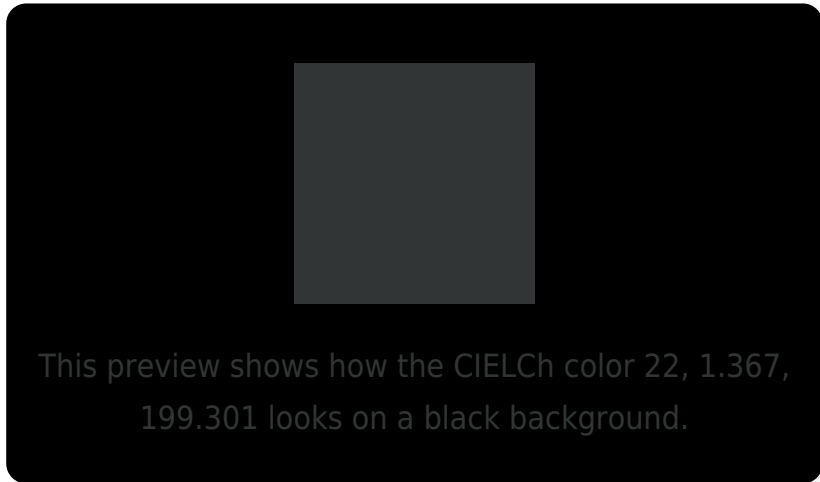
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

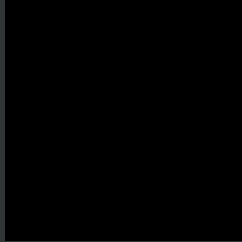
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

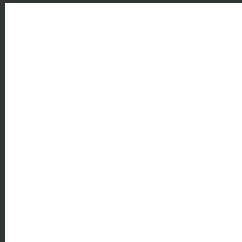
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 22, 1.367, 199.301

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 22, 1.367, 199.301.

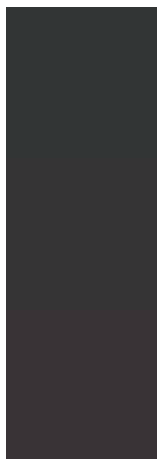


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 22, 1.367, 199.301.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

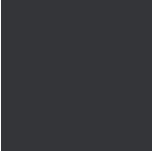
22, 1.367, 199.301

Protanopia

22, 0.823, 324.405

Deuteranopia

22, 3.445, 344.353



Tritanopia
22, 2.813, 272.331

Trichromacy



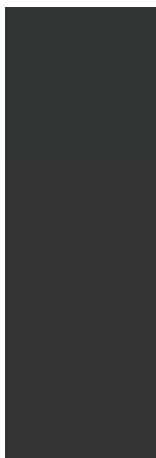
Original Color
22, 1.367, 199.301

Protanomaly
22, 0.676, 290.369

Deuteranomaly
22, 1.939, 335.915

Tritanomaly
22, 2.190, 266.473

Monochromacy



Original Color
22, 1.367, 199.301

Achromatopsia
22, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
22, 0.460, 199.784

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 22, 1.367, 199.301 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 53, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 53, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 53, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 53, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 22, 1.367, 199.301 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 53, 53) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 53, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 53, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 53, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 53, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 53, 53)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 22, 1.367, 199.301 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 53, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 53,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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