

Converting Colors

CIELCh(22, 21.696, 157.691)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(22, 21.696, 157.691)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(22, 21.602, 157.661)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	133C28
RGB	19, 60, 40
RGB Percent	7%, 24%, 16%
CMY	0.9258, 0.7650, 0.8434
CMYK	0.68, 0.00, 0.33, 0.76
HSL	151°, 52%, 15%
HSV	151°, 68%, 24%
XYZ	2.2616, 3.5154, 2.5614
YIQ	45.4610, -18.0160, -14.9120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

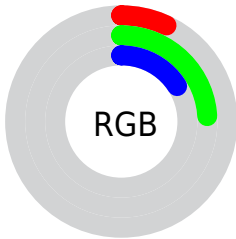
Format	Color
RYB	19, 46, 60
Decimal	1260584
CIELab	22.00, -19.98, 8.21
CIELCh	22, 21.602, 157.661
Yxy	3.5154, 0.2712, 0.4216
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279450664 (0xFF133C28)
YUV	45.4610, -2.6923, -23.2063
Hunter-Lab	18.7494, -11.2804, 5.0247

Details

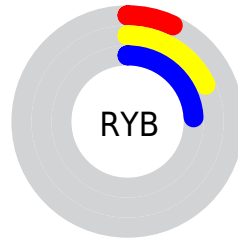
The CIELCh color **22, 21.602, 157.661** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **13, 22.940, 351.328**, and the grayscale version is **19, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42, 21.647, 157.182**, and **3, 7.124, 144.443** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22, 24.161, 156.221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22, 18.814, 158.953**.

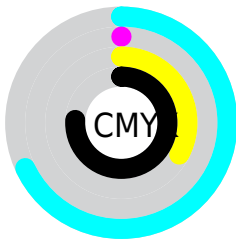
Distribution



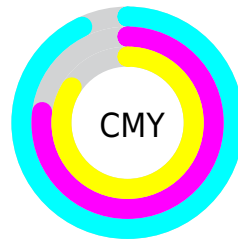
- Red (7%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (76%)





- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (84%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 22, 21.602, 157.661 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 22, 21.602, 157.661 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 22, 21.602,
157.661


 22, 21.602,
157.661

 100, 21.602,
157.661


 12, 21.602,
157.661


 42, 21.602,
157.661


 2, 21.602, 157.661

 52, 21.602,
157.661

 0, 21.602, 157.661

 62, 21.602,
157.661

 72, 21.602,
157.661

 82, 21.602,
157.661

 92, 21.602,

157.661

■ 22, 21.602,
157.661

■ 22, 21.602,
157.661

■ 22, 24.161,
156.221

■ 22, 18.814,
158.953

■ 22, 26.503,
154.690

■ 23, 15.834,
160.113

■ 21, 28.851,
153.414

■ 23, 12.702,
161.157

■ 21, 29.227,
153.237

■ 24, 9.462, 162.101

■ 24, 6.153, 162.964

■ 25, 2.812, 163.777

■ 25, 0.532, 344.100

■ 26, 3.853, 345.046

■ 27, 7.133, 345.681

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22, 21.602, 157.661



13, 22.940, 351.328

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22, 21.602, 157.661



22, 21.602, 207.661



22, 21.602, 337.661



22, 21.602, 27.661

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22, 21.602, 157.661



32, 8.831, 162.662



23, 27.713, 126.456



15, 6.030, 162.581



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22, 21.602, 157.661



29, 31.149, 155.035



23, 14.627, 196.908



11, 1.887, 163.773



35, 41.095, 151.425



78, 79.614, 149.475

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13, 22.940, 351.328



16, 32.594, 354.634



12, 22.665, 26.847



10, 1.908, 344.872



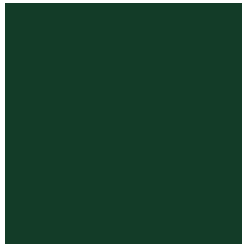
18, 41.105, 0.104



48, 76.104, 3.765

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 22, 21.602, 157.661 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

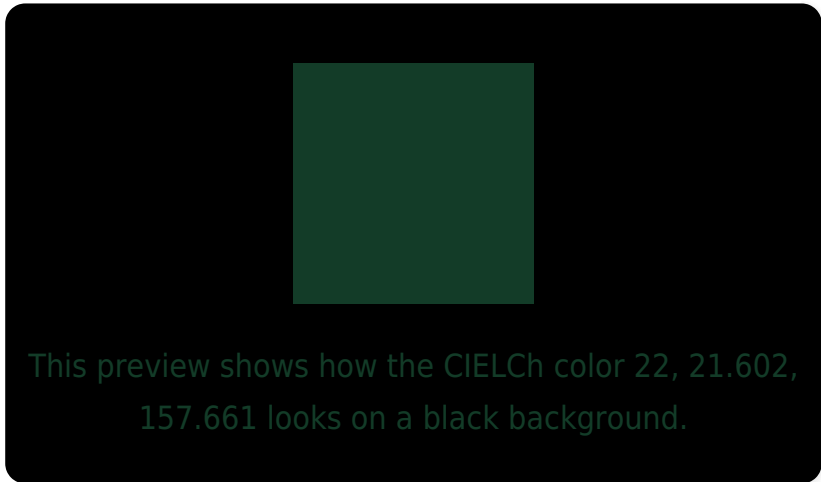
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

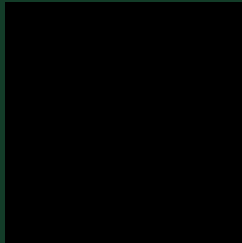
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 22, 21.602, 157.661

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 22, 21.602, 157.661.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 22, 21.602, 157.661.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

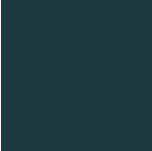
22, 21.602, 157.661

Protanopia

22, 10.829, 96.895

Deuteranopia

22, 7.882, 69.277



Tritanopia
22, 11.571, 214.600

Trichromacy



Original Color
22, 21.602, 157.661

Protanomaly
22, 13.523, 135.118

Deuteranomaly
22, 9.524, 132.099

Tritanomaly
22, 13.616, 185.498

Monochromacy



Original Color
22, 21.602, 157.661

Achromatopsia
18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
19, 8.087, 161.575

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 22, 21.602, 157.661 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(19, 60, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(19, 60, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(19, 60, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(19, 60, 40) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 22, 21.602, 157.661 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(19, 60, 40) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(19, 60, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(19, 60, 40)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(19, 60, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 60, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 60, 40)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 22, 21.602, 157.661 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(19, 60, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(19, 60,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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