

Converting Colors

CIELCh(22, 3.314, 231.960)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(22, 3.314, 231.960) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(22, 3.338, 222.732)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2F3638
RGB	47, 54, 56
RGB Percent	18%, 21%, 22%
CMY	0.8161, 0.7886, 0.7808
CMYK	0.16, 0.04, 0.00, 0.78
HSL	193°, 9%, 20%
HSV	193°, 16%, 22%
XYZ	3.1935, 3.5154, 4.2386
YIQ	52.1350, -4.8140, -0.8620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_YB	47, 51, 56
Decimal	3094072
CIE Lab	22.00, -2.45, -2.27
CIE LCh	22, 3.338, 222.732
Yxy	3.5154, 0.2917, 0.3211
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281284152 (0xFF2F3638)
YUV	52.1350, 1.9054, -4.5034
Hunter-Lab	18.7494, -2.4087, -0.2787

Details

The CIELCh color **22, 3.338, 222.732** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21, 3.637, 41.635**, and the grayscale version is **22, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42, 3.422, 219.832**, and **2, 3.053, 224.927** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21, 5.281, 223.222**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23, 1.291, 222.427**.

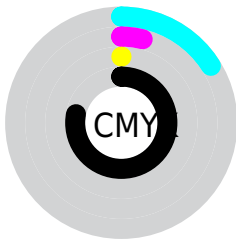
Distribution



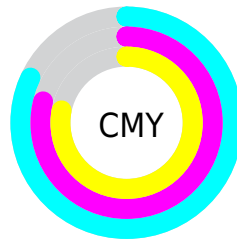
- Red (18%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (78%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 22, 3.338, 222.732 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 22, 3.338, 222.732 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 22, 3.338, 222.732

■ 22, 3.338, 222.732

■ 100, 3.338,
222.732

■ 12, 3.338, 222.732

■ 42, 3.338, 222.732

■ 2, 3.338, 222.732

■ 52, 3.338, 222.732

■ 0, 3.338, 222.732

■ 62, 3.338, 222.732

■ 72, 3.338, 222.732

■ 82, 3.338, 222.732

■ 92, 3.338, 222.732

■ 22, 3.338, 222.732

■ 22, 3.338, 222.732

■ 21, 5.281, 223.222

■ 23, 1.291, 222.427

■ 20, 7.097, 223.897

■ 24, 0.840, 41.705

■ 19, 8.765, 224.774

■ 25, 3.038, 41.688

■ 19, 10.263,
225.891

■ 26, 5.288, 41.580

■ 18, 11.570,
227.296

■ 27, 7.578, 41.509

■ 17, 12.672,
229.042

■ 28, 9.895, 41.474

■ 17, 13.586,
231.121

■ 29, 12.232, 41.472

■ 16, 14.514,
232.978

■ 30, 14.582, 41.494

■ 16, 14.894,
233.610

■ 31, 16.937, 41.537

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22, 3.338, 222.732



21, 3.637, 41.635

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22, 3.338, 222.732



22, 3.338, 272.732



22, 3.338, 42.732



22, 3.338, 92.732

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22, 3.338, 222.719



30, 1.302, 222.426



22, 6.322, 150.206



14, 0.870, 222.426



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22, 3.338, 222.719



28, 4.793, 222.889



21, 4.492, 276.736



10, 1.171, 222.461



28, 20.911, 237.157



65, 39.841, 240.893

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 6.321, 332.169



26, 9.171, 332.386



22, 4.469, 93.235



9, 2.172, 331.722



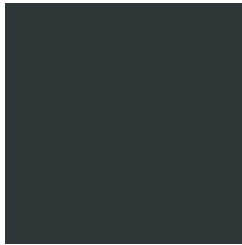
19, 46.661, 338.605



50, 86.729, 339.693

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 22, 3.338, 222.732 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

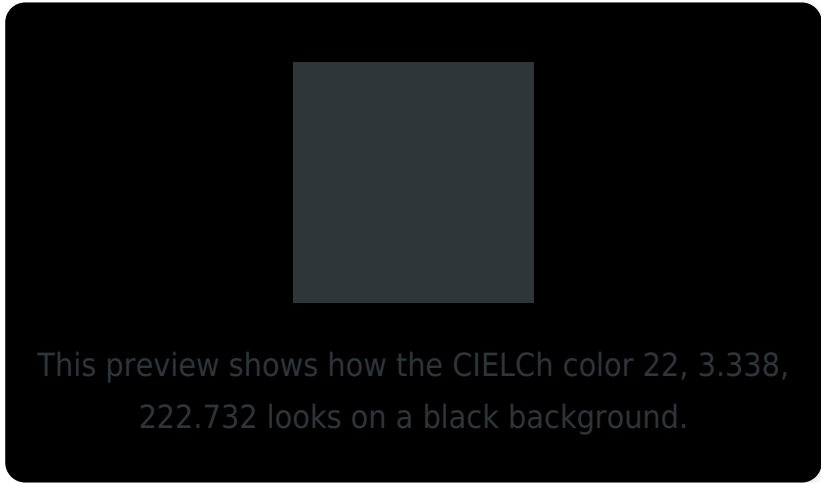
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

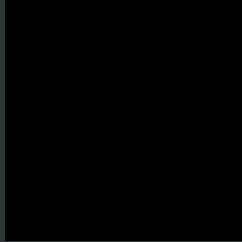
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

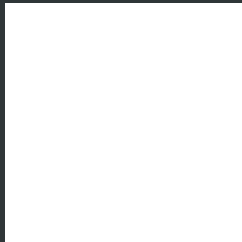
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 22, 3.338, 222.732

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 22, 3.338, 222.732.

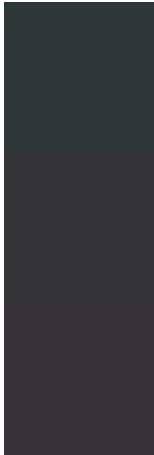


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 22, 3.338, 222.732.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

22, 3.338, 222.732

Protanopia

22, 2.076, 303.288

Deuteranopia

22, 4.084, 324.832



Tritanopia
22, 4.005, 241.250

Trichromacy



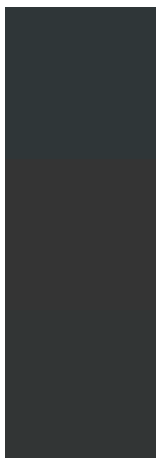
Original Color
22, 3.338, 222.732

Protanomaly
22, 1.606, 256.291

Deuteranomaly
22, 2.736, 300.291

Tritanomaly
22, 3.626, 232.825

Monochromacy



Original Color
22, 3.338, 222.732

Achromatopsia
22, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
22, 1.367, 199.301

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 22, 3.338, 222.732 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 54, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 54, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 54, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 54, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 22, 3.338, 222.732 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 54, 56) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 54, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 54, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 54, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 54, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 54, 56)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 22, 3.338, 222.732 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 54, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 54,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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