

Converting Colors

CIELCh(22, 4.399, 143.960)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(22, 4.399, 143.960) contains.

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Color

CIE LCh(22, 4.101, 144.012)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 313631 |
| RGB | 49, 54, 49 |
| RGB Percent | 19%, 21%, 19% |
| CMY | 0.8078, 0.7882, 0.8078 |
| CMYK | 0.09, 0.00, 0.09, 0.79 |
| HSL | 120°, 5%, 20% |
| HSV | 120°, 9%, 21% |
| XYZ | 3.1423, 3.5154, 3.4207 |
| YIQ | 51.9350, -1.3750, -2.6150 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

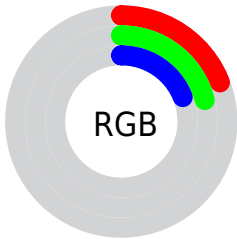
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| RYB | 49, 54, 54 |
| Decimal | 3225137 |
| CIELab | 22.00, -3.32, 2.41 |
| CIElCh | 22, 4.101, 144.012 |
| Yxy | 3.5154, 0.3118, 0.3488 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4281415217 (0xFF313631) |
| YUV | 51.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740 |
| Hunter-Lab | 18.7494, -2.8958, 2.3077 |

Details

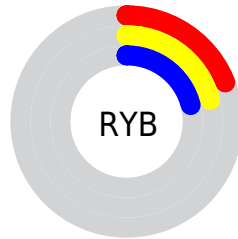
The CIELCh color **22, 4.101, 144.012** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **21, 4.109, 324.846**, and the grayscale version is **22, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42, 4.421, 144.161**, and **2, 4.431, 144.444** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21, 8.573, 143.437**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23, 0.330, 324.163**.

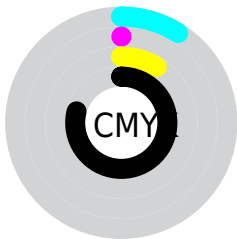
Distribution



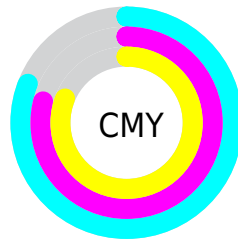
- Red (19%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (79%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 22, 4.101, 144.012 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 22, 4.101, 144.012 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 22, 4.101, 144.012

■ 22, 4.101, 144.012

■ 100, 4.101,
144.012

■ 12, 4.101, 144.012

■ 42, 4.101, 144.012

■ 2, 4.101, 144.012

■ 52, 4.101, 144.012

■ 0, 4.101, 144.012

■ 62, 4.101, 144.012

■ 72, 4.101, 144.012

■ 82, 4.101, 144.012

■ 92, 4.101, 144.012

■ 22, 4.101, 144.012

■ 22, 4.101, 144.012

21, 8.573, 143.437

23, 0.330, 324.163

21, 13.044,
142.789

23, 4.691, 324.877

20, 17.459,
142.055

24, 8.960, 325.254

20, 21.750,
141.235

25, 13.125,
325.576

20, 25.833,
140.335

26, 17.175,
325.855

19, 29.607,
139.382

27, 21.108,
326.096

19, 32.816,
138.693

28, 24.924,
326.307

19, 35.522,
138.355

29, 28.624,
326.492

19, 38.296,
138.189

30, 32.211,
326.654

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22, 4.101, 144.012



21, 4.109, 324.846

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22, 4.101, 144.012



22, 4.101, 194.012



22, 4.101, 324.012



22, 4.101, 14.012

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22, 4.102, 144.012



30, 1.669, 144.367



22, 3.333, 109.420



14, 1.241, 144.336



67, 0.008, 296.813



14, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22, 4.102, 144.012



29, 6.163, 143.884



22, 2.861, 163.058



10, 2.531, 144.060



33, 56.782, 136.016



77, 106.884, 136.016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 4.109, 324.846



28, 6.172, 324.958



21, 2.893, 344.245



9, 2.536, 324.803



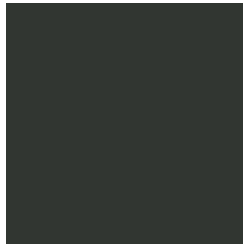
20, 54.786, 328.233



52, 103.125, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 22, 4.101, 144.012 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

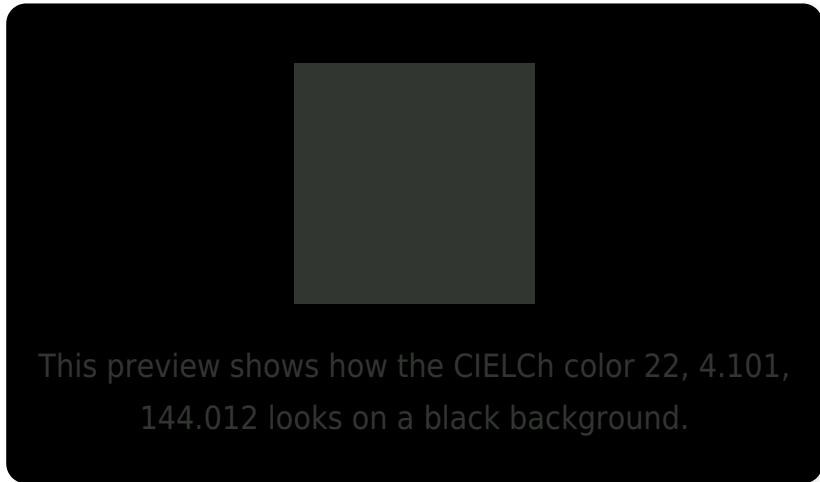
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

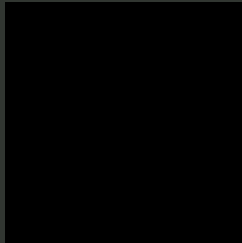
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

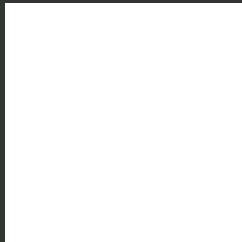
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 22, 4.101, 144.012

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 22, 4.101, 144.012.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 22, 4.101, 144.012.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

22, 4.101, 144.012

Protanopia

22, 3.032, 81.329

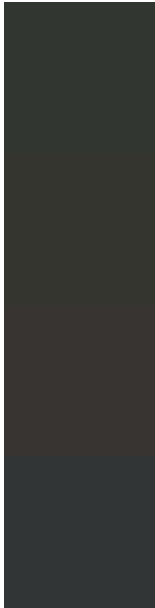
Deuteranopia

22, 3.876, 29.989



Tritanopia
22, 2.973, 264.197

Trichromacy



Original Color

22, 4.101, 144.012

Protanomaly

22, 3.342, 109.408

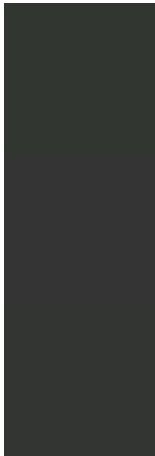
Deuteranomaly

22, 1.942, 63.020

Tritanomaly

22, 1.505, 225.867

Monochromacy



Original Color

22, 4.101, 144.012

Achromatopsia

22, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly

22, 1.637, 144.326

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 22, 4.101, 144.012 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 54, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 54, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 54, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 54, 49) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 22, 4.101, 144.012 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 54, 49) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 54, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 54, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 54, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 54, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 54, 49)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 22, 4.101, 144.012 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 54, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 54,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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