

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(22, 47.690, 20.401)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(22, 47.690, 20.401) contains.

<b>CIELCh(22, 47.615, 20.341)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

**Color**

**CIELCh(22, 47.615, 20.341)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70001F
RGB	112, 0, 31
RGB Percent	44%, 0%, 12%
CMY	0.5619, 1.0000, 0.8792
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.72, 0.56
HSL	343°, 100%, 22%
HSV	343°, 100%, 44%
XYZ	6.8860, 3.5154, 1.5979
YIQ	37.0220, 56.8010, 33.3850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

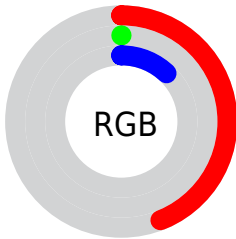
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	112, 0, 31
Decimal	7340063
CIE Lab	22.00, 44.65, 16.55
CIE LCh	22, 47.615, 20.341
Yxy	3.5154, 0.5739, 0.2930
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285530143 (0xFF70001F)
YUV	37.0220, -2.9688, 65.7557
Hunter-Lab	18.7494, 32.7447, 8.0717

# Details

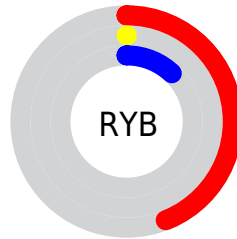
The CIELCh color **22, 47.615, 20.341** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **41, 36.699, 164.886**, and the grayscale version is **15, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42, 47.813, 20.722**, and **8, 30.619, 24.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22, 47.546, 20.420**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23, 44.305, 16.092**.

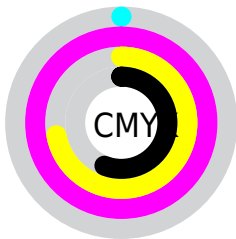
# Distribution



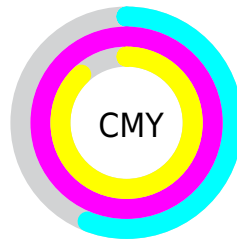
- Red (44%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (88%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 22, 47.615, 20.341 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 22, 47.615, 20.341 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 22, 47.615, 20.341

■ 22, 47.615, 20.341

■ 100, 47.615,  
20.341

■ 12, 47.615, 20.341

■ 42, 47.615, 20.341

■ 2, 47.615, 20.341

■ 52, 47.615, 20.341

■ 0, 47.615, 20.341

■ 62, 47.615, 20.341

■ 72, 47.615, 20.341

■ 82, 47.615, 20.341

■ 92, 47.615, 20.341

■ 22, 47.615, 20.341

■ 22, 47.615, 20.341

22, 47.546, 20.420

23, 44.305, 16.092

24, 40.841, 12.002

26, 36.632, 8.700

28, 31.802, 6.063

31, 26.558, 3.945

34, 21.112, 2.221

37, 15.634, 0.789

40, 10.246,  
359.575

44, 5.023, 358.509

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22, 47.615, 20.341



41, 36.699, 164.886

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22, 47.615, 20.341



22, 47.615, 70.341



22, 47.615, 200.341



22, 47.615, 250.341

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22, 47.546, 20.420



48, 19.423, 0.894



20, 64.822, 318.301



23, 13.416, 1.340



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22, 47.546, 20.420



30, 57.987, 22.074



24, 51.205, 43.554



22, 2.829, 358.407



24, 50.116, 20.900



52, 87.384, 24.413





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22, 47.546, 20.420



30, 57.987, 22.074



34, 24.001, 237.114



22, 2.829, 358.407



24, 50.116, 20.900

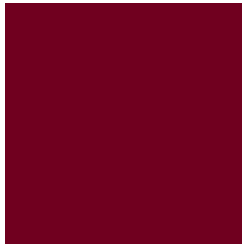


52, 87.384, 24.413



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 22, 47.615, 20.341 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

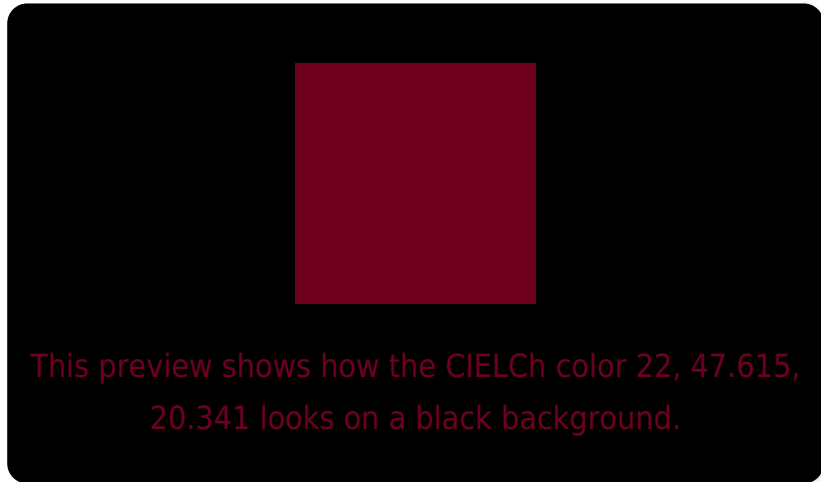
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 22, 47.615, 20.341**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 22, 47.615, 20.341.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 22, 47.615, 20.341.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

22, 47.615, 20.341

### Protanopia

24, 7.395, 97.175

### Deuteranopia

24, 20.934, 81.582



**Tritanopia**  
23, 50.619, 36.617



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
22, 47.615, 20.341

**Protanomaly**  
20, 21.704, 18.170

**Deuteranomaly**  
21, 28.256, 35.112

**Tritanomaly**  
22, 49.385, 31.754

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
22, 47.615, 20.341

**Achromatopsia**  
15, 0.003, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
15, 20.905, 5.587

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 22, 47.615, 20.341 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 0, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 0, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 0, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 0, 31) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 22, 47.615, 20.341 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 0, 31) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 0, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 0, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 0, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 0, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 0, 31)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 22, 47.615, 20.341 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 0, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 0,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor