

Converting Colors

CIELCh(22, 63.778, 353.362)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(22, 63.778, 353.362)
contains.

CIELCh(26, 50.592, 359.058)	3
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Color

CIELCh(26, 50.592, 359.058)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D0041
RGB	125, 0, 65
RGB Percent	49%, 0%, 25%
CMY	0.5082, 1.0000, 0.7469
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.49, 0.51
HSL	329°, 100%, 25%
HSV	329°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	9.4483, 4.7465, 5.3483
YIQ	44.7850, 53.6350, 46.7150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

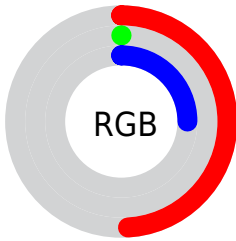
Format	Color
RYB	125, 0, 65
Decimal	8192065
CIELab	26.00, 50.59, -0.83
CIELCh	26, 50.592, 359.058
Yxy	4.7465, 0.4835, 0.2429
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286382145 (0xFF7D0041)
YUV	44.7850, 9.9660, 70.3486
Hunter-Lab	21.7865, 39.2852, 0.6957

Details

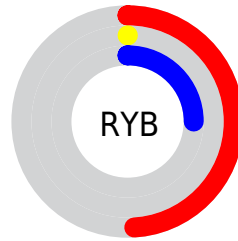
The CIELCh color **26, 50.592, 359.058** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **46, 52.525, 149.249**, and the grayscale version is **18, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 50.272, 358.410**, and **12, 33.440, 11.838** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 50.409, 359.158**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27, 48.794, 356.021**.

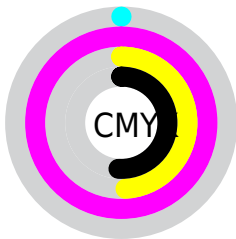
Distribution



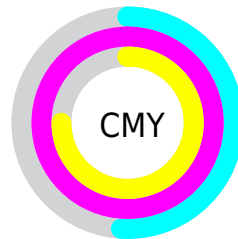
- Red (49%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (51%)





- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (75%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 26, 50.592, 359.058 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 26, 50.592, 359.058 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 26, 50.592,
359.058


 26, 50.592,
359.058

 100, 50.592,
359.058


 16, 50.592,
359.058


 46, 50.592,
359.058


 6, 50.592, 359.058

 56, 50.592,
359.058

 0, 50.592, 359.058

 66, 50.592,
359.058

 76, 50.592,
359.058

 86, 50.592,
359.058

 96, 50.592,

359.058

■ 26, 50.592,
359.058

■ 26, 50.592,
359.058

■ 26, 50.409,
359.158

■ 27, 48.794,
356.021

■ 28, 46.359,
353.283

■ 30, 42.598,
351.093

■ 33, 37.723,
349.314

■ 35, 32.036,
347.837

■ 39, 25.838,
346.581

■ 42, 19.378,
345.486

■ 45, 12.843,
344.513

■ 49, 6.359, 343.622

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26, 50.592, 359.058



46, 52.525, 149.249

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26, 50.592, 359.058



26, 50.592, 49.058



26, 50.592, 179.058



26, 50.592, 229.058

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26, 50.409, 359.158



54, 24.041, 345.560



18, 73.762, 311.898



26, 16.329, 345.924



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26, 50.409, 359.158



35, 60.908, 0.203



25, 59.779, 37.552



25, 3.629, 343.545



27, 51.001, 359.230



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 50.409, 359.158



35, 60.908, 0.203



47, 29.984, 193.941



25, 3.629, 343.545



27, 51.001, 359.230



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 26, 50.592, 359.058 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

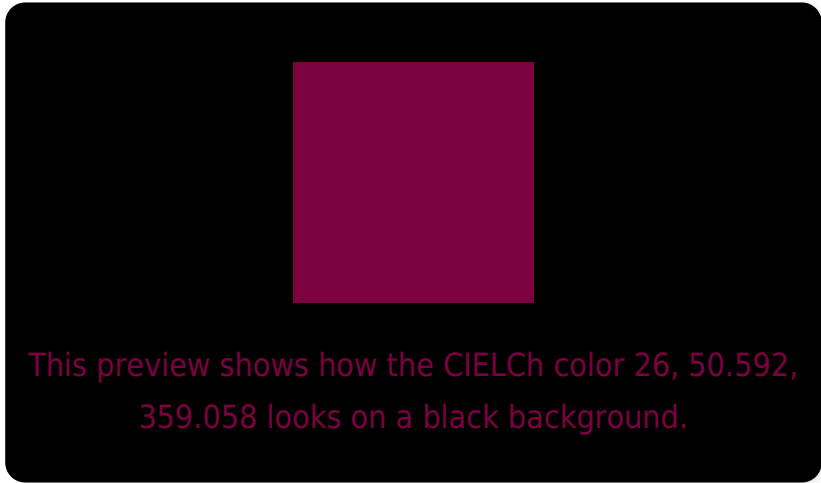
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

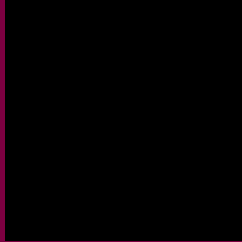
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 26, 50.592, 359.058

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 50.592, 359.058.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 26, 50.592, 359.058.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26, 50.361, 358.653

Protanopia

28, 18.936, 284.999

Deuteranopia

28, 5.787, 46.547



Tritanopia
27, 49.016, 32.423

Trichromacy



Original Color
26, 50.361, 358.653

Protanomaly
24, 31.367, 325.444

Deuteranomaly
24, 26.860, 356.332

Tritanomaly
26, 48.048, 20.170

Monochromacy



Original Color
26, 50.361, 358.653

Achromatopsia
18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
18, 24.871, 349.032

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 26, 50.592, 359.058 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 0, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 0, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 0, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 0, 65) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 26, 50.592, 359.058 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 0, 65) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 0, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 0, 65)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 0, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 0, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 0, 65)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 26, 50.592, 359.058 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 0, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125, 0,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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