

Converting Colors

CIELCh(23, 13.392, 188.392)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(23, 13.392, 188.392)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(23, 13.392, 188.392)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A3C39
RGB	26, 60, 57
RGB Percent	10%, 24%, 22%
CMY	0.8963, 0.7631, 0.7749
CMYK	0.56, 0.00, 0.05, 0.76
HSL	175°, 39%, 17%
HSV	175°, 56%, 24%
XYZ	2.8236, 3.8003, 4.5093
YIQ	49.4920, -19.3010, -8.1410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

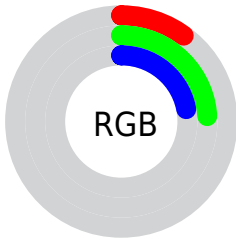
Format	Color
R_YB	26, 44, 60
Decimal	1719353
CIE Lab	23.00, -13.25, -1.95
CIE LCh	23, 13.392, 188.392
Yxy	3.8003, 0.2536, 0.3413
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279909433 (0xFF1A3C39)
YUV	49.4920, 3.7014, -20.6025
Hunter-Lab	19.4944, -8.2610, -0.0685

Details

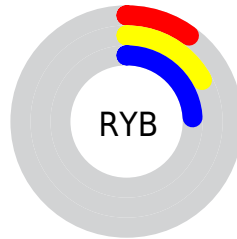
The CIELCh color **23, 13.392, 188.392** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **15, 17.929, 18.376**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43, 13.581, 187.541**, and **4, 5.975, 177.797** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23, 15.097, 187.689**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23, 11.434, 189.073**.

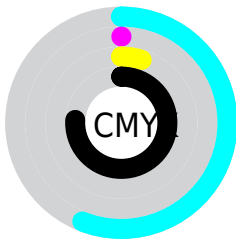
Distribution



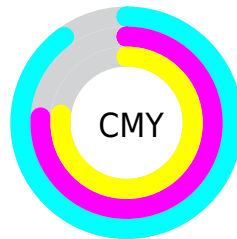
- Red (10%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (76%)





- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (77%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 23, 13.392, 188.392 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 23, 13.392, 188.392 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 23, 13.392,
188.392


 23, 13.392,
188.392

 100, 13.392,
188.392


 13, 13.392,
188.392


 43, 13.392,
188.392


 3, 13.392, 188.392

 53, 13.392,
188.392

 0, 13.392, 188.392

 63, 13.392,
188.392

 73, 13.392,
188.392

 83, 13.392,
188.392

 93, 13.392,

188.392

■ 23, 13.392,
188.392

■ 23, 13.392,
188.392

■ 23, 15.097,
187.689

■ 23, 11.434,
189.073

■ 23, 16.526,
186.962

■ 24, 9.253, 189.744

■ 22, 17.679,
186.202

■ 24, 6.881, 190.411

■ 25, 4.354, 191.084

■ 22, 18.787,
185.493

■ 25, 1.704, 191.816

■ 22, 19.213,
185.247

■ 26, 1.038, 12.103

■ 26, 3.844, 12.908

■ 27, 6.691, 13.571

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23, 13.392, 188.392



15, 17.929, 18.376

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23, 13.392, 188.392



23, 13.392, 238.392



23, 13.392, 8.392



23, 13.392, 58.392

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23, 13.392, 188.390



32, 5.681, 190.979



22, 26.249, 138.391



16, 3.831, 190.942



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23, 13.392, 188.390



30, 18.932, 187.336



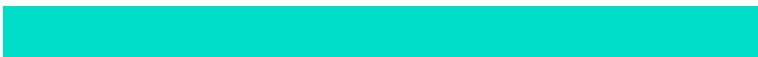
18, 11.713, 252.161



11, 1.524, 191.638



35, 26.102, 184.498



80, 48.980, 183.622

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15, 17.929, 18.376



18, 27.642, 21.657



18, 14.836, 59.161



10, 1.584, 12.576



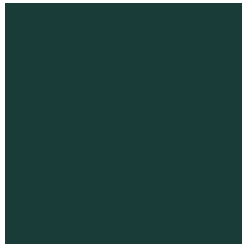
18, 45.572, 31.301



46, 90.416, 36.915

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 23, 13.392, 188.392 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 23, 13.392, 188.392 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

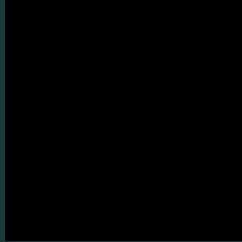
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 23, 13.392, 188.392

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 13.392, 188.392.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 13.392, 188.392.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

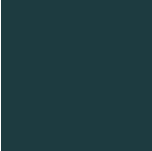
23, 13.392, 188.392

Protanopia

23, 0.803, 74.866

Deuteranopia

23, 4.624, 320.175



Tritanopia
23, 11.589, 214.503

Trichromacy



Original Color
23, 13.392, 188.392

Protanomaly
23, 5.486, 184.291

Deuteranomaly
23, 4.108, 217.842

Tritanomaly
23, 12.130, 203.754

Monochromacy



Original Color
23, 13.392, 188.392

Achromatopsia
21, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
21, 5.758, 191.591

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 23, 13.392, 188.392 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 60, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 60, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 60, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 60, 57) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 23, 13.392, 188.392 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 60, 57) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 60, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 60, 57)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 60, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 60, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 60, 57)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 23, 13.392, 188.392 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 60, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 60,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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