

Converting Colors

CIELCh(23, 18.496, 80.550)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(23, 18.496, 80.550) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(23, 18.442, 80.643)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	44351C
RGB	68, 53, 28
RGB Percent	27%, 21%, 11%
CMY	0.7352, 0.7939, 0.8918
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.59, 0.74
HSL	38°, 42%, 19%
HSV	38°, 59%, 26%
XYZ	3.8088, 3.8003, 1.6056
YIQ	54.6350, 16.9650, -4.5950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

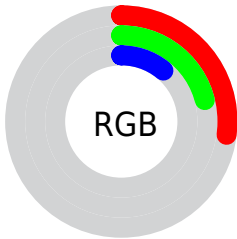
Format	Color
RYB	52, 68, 28
Decimal	4470044
CIELab	23.00, 3.00, 18.20
CIELCh	23, 18.442, 80.643
Yxy	3.8003, 0.4133, 0.4124
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282660124 (0xFF44351C)
YUV	54.6350, -13.1311, 11.7211
Hunter-Lab	19.4944, 0.7603, 8.7627

Details

The CIELCh color **23, 18.442, 80.643** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **17, 17.807, 277.652**, and the grayscale version is **23, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43, 18.510, 79.311**, and **3, 6.005, 56.579** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22, 21.652, 79.332**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24, 15.203, 81.914**.

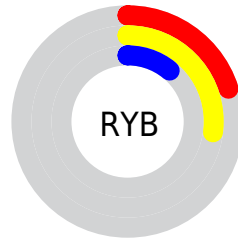
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (21%)

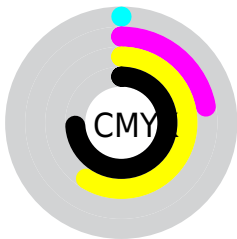
Blue (11%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (11%)

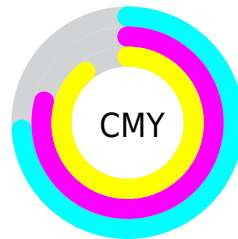


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (59%)

Black (74%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (89%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 23, 18.442, 80.643 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 23, 18.442, 80.643 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 23, 18.442, 80.643

 23, 18.442, 80.643

 100, 18.442,
80.643

 13, 18.442, 80.643

 43, 18.442, 80.643

 3, 18.442, 80.643

 53, 18.442, 80.643

 0, 18.442, 80.643

 63, 18.442, 80.643

 73, 18.442, 80.643

 83, 18.442, 80.643

 93, 18.442, 80.643

 23, 18.442, 80.643

 23, 18.442, 80.643

■ 22, 21.652, 79.332

■ 24, 15.203, 81.914

■ 21, 24.696, 77.915

■ 25, 11.988, 83.144

■ 20, 26.979, 76.135

■ 26, 8.825, 84.344

■ 20, 29.092, 74.483

■ 27, 5.729, 85.509

■ 20, 29.273, 74.353

■ 28, 2.702, 86.625

■ 29, 0.254, 268.270

■ 30, 3.143, 268.887

■ 31, 5.969, 269.897

■ 32, 8.737, 270.880

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23, 18.442, 80.643



17, 17.807, 277.652

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23, 18.442, 80.643



23, 18.442, 130.643



23, 18.442, 260.643



23, 18.442, 310.643

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23, 18.442, 80.647



35, 6.626, 85.558



16, 21.288, 357.121



16, 4.539, 85.402



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23, 18.442, 80.647



29, 27.367, 78.693



27, 24.874, 110.750



12, 1.617, 86.696



29, 40.426, 73.801



66, 74.993, 71.317

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 17.807, 277.652



20, 26.539, 281.591



13, 28.650, 300.815



12, 1.613, 268.712



16, 42.082, 291.544



41, 84.080, 294.626

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 23, 18.442, 80.643 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 23, 18.442, 80.643 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

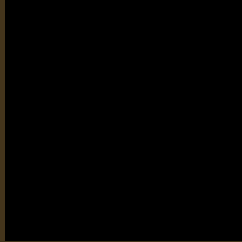
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 23, 18.442, 80.643

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 18.442, 80.643.

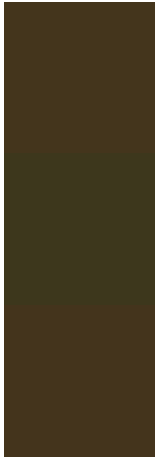


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 18.442, 80.643.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

23, 18.442, 80.643

Protanopia

23, 17.902, 95.999

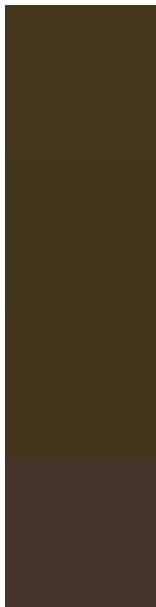
Deuteranopia

23, 18.188, 78.410



Tritanopia
23, 9.735, 9.754

Trichromacy



Original Color
23, 18.442, 80.643

Protanomaly
23, 17.730, 90.660

Deuteranomaly
23, 18.188, 78.410

Tritanomaly
23, 10.270, 47.522

Monochromacy



Original Color
23, 18.442, 80.643

Achromatopsia
23, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
23, 6.700, 82.578

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 23, 18.442, 80.643 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 53, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 53, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 53, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 53, 28) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 23, 18.442, 80.643 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 53, 28) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 53, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 53, 28)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 53, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 53, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 53, 28)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 23, 18.442, 80.643 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 53, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 53,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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