

Converting Colors

CIELCh(23, 19.924, 184.588)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(23, 19.924, 184.588)
contains.

CIELCh(23, 19.882, 184.378)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(23, 19.882, 184.378)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003F39
RGB	0, 63, 57
RGB Percent	0%, 25%, 22%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7545, 0.7780
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.10, 0.75
HSL	174°, 100%, 12%
HSV	174°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.4790, 3.8003, 4.4245
YIQ	43.4790, -35.6220, -15.2220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 33, 63
Decimal	16185
CIELab	23.00, -19.82, -1.52
CIELCh	23, 19.882, 184.378
Yxy	3.8003, 0.2316, 0.3550
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278206265 (0xFF003F39)
YUV	43.4790, 6.6659, -38.1311
Hunter-Lab	19.4944, -11.4166, 0.1896

Details

The CIELCh color **23, 19.882, 184.378** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **9, 32.145, 22.846**, and the grayscale version is **18, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43, 19.878, 184.802**, and **5, 7.306, 171.162** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23, 19.807, 184.345**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23, 18.670, 185.076**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (75%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (78%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 23, 19.882, 184.378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 23, 19.882, 184.378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 23, 19.882,
184.378


 23, 19.882,
184.378

 100, 19.882,
184.378


 13, 19.882,
184.378


 43, 19.882,
184.378


 3, 19.882, 184.378

 53, 19.882,
184.378

 0, 19.882, 184.378

 63, 19.882,
184.378

 73, 19.882,
184.378

 83, 19.882,
184.378

 93, 19.882,

184.378

■ 23, 19.882,
184.378

■ 23, 19.882,
184.378

■ 23, 19.807,
184.345

■ 23, 18.670,
185.076

■ 23, 17.545,
185.881

■ 24, 16.181,
186.665

■ 24, 14.525,
187.412

■ 24, 12.596,
188.133

■ 24, 10.425,
188.835

■ 25, 8.044, 189.527

■ 25, 5.489, 190.216

■ 26, 2.796, 190.925

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23, 19.882, 184.378



9, 32.145, 22.846

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23, 19.882, 184.378



23, 19.882, 234.378



23, 19.882, 4.378



23, 19.882, 54.378

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23, 19.807, 184.345



33, 9.995, 189.435



22, 42.415, 135.490



15, 6.676, 189.334



69, 0.009, 296.813



16, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23, 19.807, 184.345



31, 23.741, 183.852



14, 19.623, 265.103



11, 1.527, 191.048



35, 26.292, 183.620



80, 49.371, 182.686

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9, 32.145, 22.846



14, 40.186, 28.597



14, 26.925, 52.054



10, 1.586, 12.004



18, 45.450, 31.002



46, 90.056, 36.587

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 23, 19.882, 184.378 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

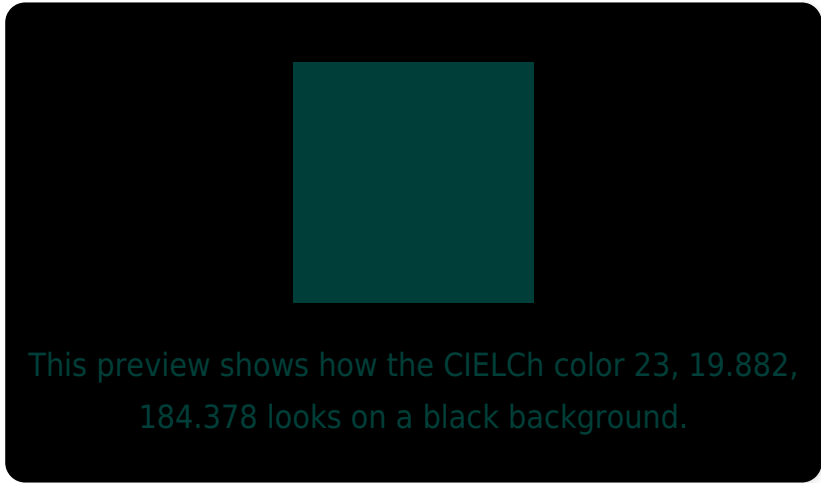
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

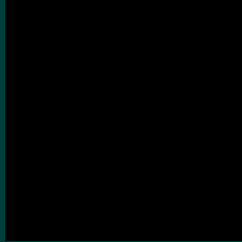
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 23, 19.882, 184.378

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 19.882, 184.378.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 23, 19.882, 184.378.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
23, 19.882, 184.378

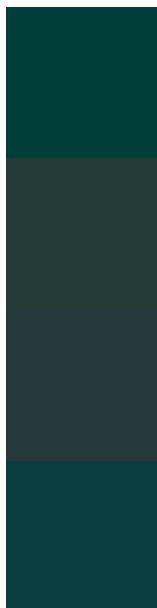
Protanopia
23, 2.195, 84.420

Deuteranopia
23, 4.049, 324.814



Tritanopia
23, 15.092, 209.936

Trichromacy



Original Color
23, 19.882, 184.378

Protanomaly
23, 9.771, 181.666

Deuteranomaly
22, 7.915, 202.915

Tritanomaly
23, 16.605, 198.993

Monochromacy



Original Color
23, 19.882, 184.378

Achromatopsia
18, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
19, 9.759, 189.348

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 23, 19.882, 184.378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 63, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 63, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 63, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 63, 57) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 23, 19.882, 184.378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 63, 57) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 63, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 63, 57)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 63, 57); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 63, 57); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 63, 57) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 23, 19.882, 184.378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 63, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 63,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor